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NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL Monterey, California





THESIS

COMPUTER
BASED
SATELLITE
DESIGN
by

David L. Lashbrook

June, 1992

Thesis Advisor:

Brij N. Agrawal

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Computer Based
Satellite
Design

by

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Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

MASTER OF SCIENCE IN ASTRONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

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ABSTRACT

A computer program to design geosynchronous spacecraft has been developed. The program consists of four separate but interrelated executable computer programs. The programs are compiled to run on an dos based personnel computer. The source computer code is written in DoD mandated Ada programming language.

The thesis presents the design technique and design equations used in the program. Detailed analysis is performed in the following areas for both dual-spin and three axis stabilized spacecraft configurations:

- Mass Propellent Budget and Mass Summary
- Battery Cell and Solar Cell Requirements for a Payload Power Requirement
- Passive Thermal Control Requirements

Thesis includes a users manual Appendix A, and the source code for the computer programs as Appendix B.

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I. INTRODUCTION

A. PURPOSE

The purpose of this thesis was to design an executable computer program capable of determining the numbers required to design specified aspects of a geostationary communications satellite, that could be run on a standard home personal computer (PC) The program is based on Professor Brij N. Agrawal's book "Design of Geosynchronous Spacecraft". The book describes all the steps necessary to design a geosynchronous communications satellite. Because of time limitations, it was decided that the following areas of a Geostationary Communications Satellite would be completed on this portion of the project:

- Mass and Propellent Budget
- Electric Power
- Thermal Control

Both Three-Axis and Dual Spin Stabilized satellite configurations are included in the program and provide design reports that can be printed at the user's discretion.

Appendix A is a short user's manual of the computer program and Appendix B contains the different executable computer programs' source code.

B. BACKGROUND / CONCEPT

The program came about through discussions with Professor Brij N. Agrawal and space system students enrolled in his satellite design classes. The basis for the computer program is to aid the user in quickly determining useful and accurate numbers for a geostationary spacecraft design. Although not a tutorial, the program sequentially walks the user through the necessary steps to develop a 'ass Propellent Budget, Photovoltaic Electric Power System, and Thermal Control System for either a three-axis or dual-spin stabilized geostationary communications satellite. The four executable programs will, with a small amount of preparation, allow the average user to develop the described areas of a geosynchronous satellite design in minutes.

Where as by using a hand calculator, the same variable numbers and final results would take days or weeks to arrive at the same results.

C. OPERATIONAL DESIGN PARAMETERS

All parameters for the executable program used to design a spacecraft in this thesis are based on an orbiting geostationary communications satellite. Some velocity components for propellent usage and therefore mass budget are related to the transfer and parking orbits as well as orbit injection angles and delta velocities necessary to achieve and maintain geostationary orbits. The equations or components used are specifically applicable to a geostationary satellite and might be useful for others as well. The two most common satellite design types, three axis stabilized and dual-spin stabilized, are used as a basis for program engineering and concept.

1. Dual Spin Stabilization

The dual spin configuration used for executable program design is a cylindrical shell with spacecraft power provided by solar cells surface mounted around the outer cylindrical area. The interior of the shell of the cylinder houses spacecraft electronics and propulsion devices.

2. Three Axis Stabilization

Three axis stabilized spacecraft will be based on a rectangular box shape. Power will be provided by sun tracking flat panel array(s). During parking orbit and operational orbit insertion, spin stabilization will be used.

II. MASS SUMMARY AND PROPELLENT BUDGET

This chapter will step through the process of determining a equipment mass summary and a propellent weight budget.

A. TRANSFER ORBIT

For a satellite to be useful it first must achieve its operational orbit. The spacecraft will progress through a series of different orbits before achieving its "final" working orbit. The sequence begins with the launch of the spacecraft from any of a variety of locations depending on payload type, mass, desired orbit inclination, including mission or launch window constraints. The satellite is released from the launch vehicle into a Low Earth Orbit (LEO) parking orbit where system checks are performed. The next phase is to put the satellite into an elliptical transfer orbit in preparation for final insertion into operational orbit.

There are a variety of "transfer" orbits that can be used for final insertion into operational orbit. The most common in-plane and fuel efficient transfer orbit for a geostationary spacecraft is a Hohman Transfer Orbit (HTO). The programs in Appendix B use HTO for velocity change requirements for the transfer orbit. After release from the launch vehicle the spacecraft enters a parking orbit where satellite systems are checked out in preparation for insertion into the final operational orbit.

The first phase of a Hohman transfer is to fire the perigee kick motor (PKM).

This places the spacecraft in an elliptical transfer orbit. After four or five transfer orbits

the satellite completes system checkout, attitude determinations are finalized, and the apogee kick motor (AKM) fires. Geostationary orbit (GSO) is achieved by inserting the satellite into a circular orbit at a radius of approximately 42,160 kilometers and at a desired inclination (i) of zero degrees (equatorial orbit) for our design purposes. The spacecraft will then go through a series of re-orientations to finalize its operational orbit and mission altitude. (Wertz, 1991, p. 130)

B. VELOCITY

Velocity determination and certain delta velocities required to achieve the operational orbit are vital to building propellent summaries. Other factors taken into consideration are the type of fuel used (relating to L_{sp}) and the efficiencies of the separate orbit insertion and orbit maintenance activities. The efficiencies of the apogee kick motor AKM, PKM, station keeping, and de-orbit functions of the spacecraft must be known so that sufficient propellent, and propellent weight, is incorporated into spacecraft design. Margins for the propellent budget are also assimilated into the propellent budget as a safety factor even though the delta velocity equations provide very accurate figures with little error. All values determined are for a geostationary communication satellite.

1. Geostationary Orbit

In a perfect geostationary orbit the satellite will move around the earth's equator synchronized with the rotation of the earth about the earth's axis. The period (P) is equal to one sidereal day (23 hours, 56 minutes, 4.09 seconds), or from the rising of a star to the rising of the same star vice 24 hours or sunrise to sunrise.

The radius for a geostationary orbit is determined via Keplar's Law using a P of 86,164.09 seconds corresponding to one sidereal day and is given by

$$a = (\frac{\mu_e * P^2}{4 * \pi^2})^{1/3}$$
 EQ 2.1

where μ_e = gravitational constant 398,601.2 km³/(kg/s²)

a = semi-major axis

 P^2 = period of the orbit in seconds

The resulting orbital radius is 42,164.2 kilometers and is a pure circular orbit with zero eccentricity.

2. Satellite Drift

Any deviation from the above ideal parameters will cause perturbations in the orbit. The gravitational forces of the sun and moon also act on the satellite to cause drift. Table 2.1 lists the average drift rate imposed on the satellite by the sun and moon.

Table 2.1 SECULAR RATES FROM SUN AND MOON

	Effect of Moon	Effect of Sun
Ω	-0.00076	-0.00034
ω ddot	≈0.0	≈0.0

a. East - West Drift

For a radius greater than (>) 42,164.2 kilometers the spacecraft's orbital period is greater than 24 hours giving it the appearance of drifting westward with respect to the surface of the earth. Conversely, for an orbital radius of less than 42,164.2 kilometers, the spacecraft's orbital period is less than 24 hours, thus giving it the appearance of drifting eastward with respect to the surface of the earth. The incremental drift rate of the longitudinal drift with respect to an ideal geostationary orbit is: (Agrawal, pg 68, 1986)

$$\Delta n = -\frac{3}{2} * \frac{h_s}{a_s} * \Delta a = -\frac{3}{2} * \frac{360^{\circ}/day}{42,164.2km} = \frac{-0.013^{\circ}/day}{42,164.2km}$$
 EQ 2.2

The east - west motion for an inclined circular orbit is usually very small. This longitudinal drift for a small i and λ is:

$$\lambda = -\frac{i^2}{4} * \sin(2nt)$$
 EQ 2.3

So for small inclinations, latitude oscillation is predominate. This can be easily seen in Figure 2.1. The effects of the sun and moon can be seen in Table 2.1. For an elliptic equatorial orbit with inclination (i=0) the amplitude is

$$\Delta\lambda = 2 * e$$
 EQ 2.4

Therefore, east - west oscillation predominates.

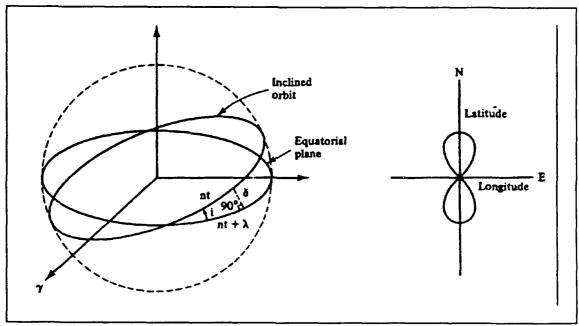


Figure 2.1 Geosynchronous Orbit $(i \neq 0)$

b. North South Drift

An inclined geostationary orbit with correct radius will tend to oscillate mainly in latitude with respect to the surface of the earth. The amount of oscillation depends on the inclination and the drift rate. The motion or path of the drift resembles a figure eight (8). See figure 2.1. (Agrawal, p. 88, 1986)

c. Gravitational Effects of Sun and Moon

The gravitational forces of the sun and moon cause secular variations in the orbital elements of a geostationary satellite. These variations have the largest effect on right ascension of the ascending node and the argument of perigee. For nearly circular orbits (one aspect of an ideal geostationary orbit) $e \approx 0$ and the

resulting error is on the order of e². So the equations for the rates of change from the sun and moon are (Wertz, p. 125, 1991):

$$\hat{\Omega}_{moon} = -0.00138 * \frac{\cos{(i)}}{n}$$
 EQ 2.5

$$\Omega_{sun} = -0.00154 * \frac{\cos{(i)}}{n}$$
 EQ 2.6

$$\dot{\omega}_{moon} = -0.00169 * (4-5*\sin^2(i))$$
 EQ 2.7

$$\dot{\omega}_{sun} = 0.00077 * \frac{(4-5*\sin^2(i))}{n}$$
 EQ 2.8

where, i = inclination

n = orbit revolutions per day

For a geostationary orbit, the total longitudinal drift acceleration λ is obtained by averaging the drift acceleration over the orbital period. Since the sun for our purposes is an inertially fixed reference point it contributes less than one degree of drift per day. So for a circular orbit the velocity remains constant. Therefore the main contributor to longitudinal perturbations is not the sun or moon but the earth's slightly elliptical shape. This ellipticity caused by what is known as the equatorial bulge changes the earths gravitational force preventing it from acting purely radial. This phenomenon creates two stable longitudes called S1 and S2 (75°E and 255°E) and two unstable longitudes US1 and US2 where the gravitational forces are radial and the longitudinal drift acceleration is zero. Drift will occur whenever the satellite is not at one of these points. For example, if a satellite longitude is between S1 and US1, the

lateral force component is along the velocity and this results in a negative longitude acceleration as shown in EQ 2.9. So whenever is near US1 or US2 it will migrate towards the stable longitudes S1 or S2 whichever is closest. (Agrawal, p. 83, 1986)

$$\lambda = -0.0168 * \sin^2(\lambda - \lambda_{stable}) \frac{degrees}{day^2}$$
 EQ 2.9

Taking into account only second order gravity effects the longitudinal drift acceleration is:

where

 $\ddot{\lambda}$ = longitudinal drift acceleration in degrees \ day²

 λ = longitude of the satellite in degrees

 λ_{stable} = stable longitude of 75°E or 255°E

C. VELOCITY DETERMINATION

Variables from the program strategy that will begin our design are based on a geostationary orbit. First we will assume that some launch vehicle has inserted our spacecraft into a desired parking orbit. For a final GSO, a good parking orbit might be around 6600 kilometers. A parking orbit is a LEO orbit where satellite system checks are performed prior to the other phases of insertion into the final operational orbit (GSO operational orbit $\approx 42,160$ kilometers).

1. Orbit Insertion Velocities

For the design calculations and for the executable program in appendix B the following equations are used for velocity determination. First, to find the orbit radius

the program requests the values for radius at apogee (r_A) and then the value for radius at perigee (r_P) to find the semi-major axis (a).

$$a = \frac{(r_A + r_P)}{2}$$
 EQ 2.10

The equations for transfer orbit velocity at apogee (V_u) and velocity transfer orbit velocity at perigee (V_p) are:

$$V_{parking} = \sqrt{\frac{\mu_e}{a}}$$
 EQ 2.11

$$V_{tp} = \sqrt{\frac{2 * \mu_e * r_A}{r_A + r_P}}$$
 EQ 2.12

$$V_{ta} = V_{tp} * \left(\frac{r_p}{r_A}\right)$$
 EQ 2.13

The in-plane velocity change required to transition from parking orbit to transfer orbit is:

$$\Delta V_{transfer} = V_{tp} - V_{Parking}$$
 EQ 2.14

and the mean velocity is given by:

$$v_m = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{a}}$$
 EQ 2.15

The transfer orbit period is:

$$T_t = 2 * \pi * \frac{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\mu^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 2 * \pi * \sqrt{\frac{(\frac{r_A + r_P}{2})^3}{\mu_e}}$$
 EQ 2.16

And ultimately the desired synchronous orbit velocity is:

$$V_{\rm g} = \sqrt{\frac{\mu_e}{a}}$$
 EQ 2.17

a. Delta Velocity for Apogee Motor Firing

To find the velocity change and insertion angle required to transition from a parking orbit to the final geostationary equatorial orbit used in the program, the orientation of the plane of orbit or inclination must be changed. Figure 2.2 depicts this change. The components of the velocity necessary to achieve equatorial geostationary orbit can be found using the law of cosines. The insertion angle using this law is:

$$\alpha = \arctan \frac{V_{ta} * \sin(i)}{V_{c} - V_{ta} * \cos(i)}$$
 EQ 2.18

A Hohman Transfer Orbit (HTO) is utilized by the program to determine variable values. The HTO uses a two burn method for insertion into Geostationary orbit. This method is the most fuel efficient and is therefore highly

desirable to increase spacecraft life. Using HTO the Δ Velocity for insertion into operational orbit (Δ V_{gl}) is: (Agrawal, p. 95, 1986)

$$\Delta V_{gt} = \sqrt{(V_{ta} * \sin(i))^2 + (V_s - V_{ta} * \cos(i))^2}$$
 EQ 2.19

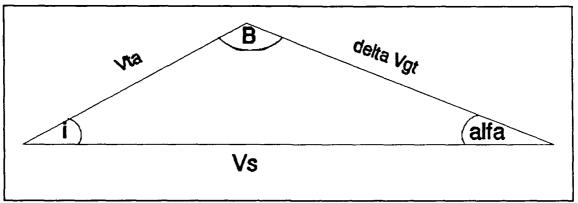


Figure 2.2 Velocity Vector Diagram at Apogee Burn

1. Delta Velocity Station Keeping

The perturbing actions of the sun, moon, and earth's equatorial bulge cause the orbit of a satellite to deviate from the ideal. Table 2.2 lists the different inclination drift rates. Orbital limits are kept within mission parameters by a process called station keeping.

As discussed earlier, for inclination other than zero, drift will be primarily in latitude. Corrections used to keep the spacecraft within the proper operational latitudes is called north-south station keeping. Conversely a change in the ideal geostationary radius will cause a drift in longitude. Station keeping used to maintain the

Table 2.2 INCLINATION DRIFT RATES

Date January 1	Ω _{moon} (Deg)	i, (Deg)	Ω _{total} (Deg)	i _{dot} moon (Deg)	i _{dot} Total (Deg)
1993	260.526	23.135	-13.023	0.565	0.834
2000	125.177	20.888	11.875	0.523	0.792

longitude within operational parameters is called longitudinal or east-west station keeping. geostationary radius will cause a drift in longitude. Station keeping used to maintain the longitude within operational parameters is called longitudinal or east-west station keeping.

a. North-South Station Keeping

For a geostationary orbit finding the average inclination drift rate per year (ADPY), including the gravitational effects of the sun, moon, and inclination of the orbit parameters, is found by adding the published yearly drift rates (Table 2.2) during the satellites proposed life and dividing by the spacecraft life. The average time between north-south station keeping is:

$$T_{ns} = \frac{2*i_{tol}}{ADPY} *365.25 days$$
 EQ 2.20

where i_{tol} = inclination tolerance

 T_{NS} = time spent in north-south station-keeping

The total number of maneuvers ($N_{maneauvers}$) for a given inclination tolerance (i_{TOL})

during the spacecraft life (SL) in years is:

$$N_{maneauvers} = \frac{ADPY*SL}{2*i_{tol}}$$
 EQ 2.21

North-south station keeping is necessary whenever the latitude or inclination drift exceed mission limits. (Wertz, p. 139, 1991)

For north-south drift, the worst case ΔV is

$$\Delta V=6.148*\sin(i_{tol})(\frac{kilometers}{second})$$
 EQ 2.22

The contribution of the sun and moon to yearly drift are

$$\Delta V_{moon} = 102.67 * \cos(\alpha) * \sin(\alpha)$$
 EQ 2.23A

$$\Delta V_{SUN}$$
=40.17*cos(γ)*sin(γ) EQ 2.23B

where α = angle between the orbital satellite plane and the moons orbital plane γ = angle between the satellite orbital plane and plane of the eclipticg 20

b. North-South Drift

Table 2.3 (Agrawal, 1986, p. 88) gives the average ΔV required for a north south station keeping maneuver, and the time interval between maneuvers for several inclination limits. (Agrawal, 1986, p. 87)

Table 2.3 INCLINATION STATION KEEPING

Inclinations Limit (degrees)	Δ V per Maneuver (m/s)	Average Time Between Maneuvers (days)
0.1	10.7	86.14
0.5	53.65	430.7
1.0	107.30	861.4
2.0	214.56	1722.8
3.0	321.76	2584.2

c. Longitudinal Station Keeping

It is realistic to consider only second order effects of the sun and moon on satellite perturbations. In relation to the earth's equatorial bulge, higher order effects are negligible. Table 2.4 lists some ΔV 's for different longitudinal tolerances. The longitudinal drift caused by the earth's equatorial bulge is added to these effects giving the longitudinal drift rate. Figure 2.3 illustrates these longitudinal drift oscillations.

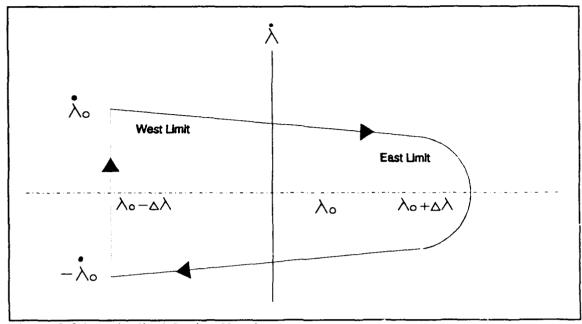


Figure 2.3 Longitudinal Station Keeping

The satellite drift rate is given by

$$\lambda_0 = 2 * (\lambda * \Delta \lambda)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$
 EQ 2.24

Where $\Delta\lambda$ = allowable longitudinal deviation

 λ_o = drift rate when correction is applied (see Figure 2.3)

 λ = longitudinal drift acceleration

The time interval between east-west maneuvers is

$$T_{EW} = 4 * (\frac{\Delta \lambda}{\lambda})^{\frac{1}{2}}$$
 EQ 2.25

where T_{EW} = time spent in east-west station keeping

Table 2.4 LONGITUDE STATION KEEPING

Longitude Tolerance	$\Delta V_{ m maximum}$	Minimum Time Interval Between Maneuvers (days)
0.1	0.15	31
0.2	0.21	43
0.5	0.33	69
1.0	0.46	97
2.0	0.66	138
3.0	0.80	169

The velocity change required per year is

$$\Delta V_{year} = 5.66 * \lambda_o * \frac{365}{T} \frac{ms^{-1}}{year} = 1.74 * \sin(2 * (\lambda - \lambda_{stable}))$$
 EQ 2.26

where $T = \text{time interval between } \dot{\lambda}_o \text{ and } - \dot{\lambda}_o$ See Figure 2.3.

Drift acceleration due to the moon is periodic with an approximately 13.6 day cycle. So for all but small longitude tolerances its effects can be neglected. Table 2.4 gives some example ΔV 's for different longitude tolerances. (Agrawal, 1986, pp. 89-90)

d. Station Repositioning

At times a satellite may need to move from one station to another this maneuver is called station repositioning. This maneuver is accomplished via two separate velocity changes. The first maneuver uses a velocity change to impart motion

in the desired direction, this puts the spacecraft into a slightly elliptic transfer orbit. When the spacecraft nears the desired longitude another velocity change maneuver of equal magnitude but in the opposite direction acts to put the satellite back into a circular synchronous orbit at the new operating longitude. The velocity change (and therefore the fuel required) depends on the amount of time allowed to complete the station change maneuver.

$$\Delta \lambda = \frac{\Delta \lambda}{n}$$
 EQ 2.27

where $\Delta \dot{\lambda}$ = required drift rate

 $\Delta \lambda$ = longitudinal degrees to be moved

n = numbers of days allowed for movement

The first velocity change required for station repositioning is:

$$\Delta V = 2.83 * \Delta \lambda = 2.83 * \frac{\Delta \lambda}{n}$$
 EQ 2.28

So the total velocity change (ΔV_{TOTAL}) for starting and stopping the station change is:

$$\Delta V_{TOTAL} = 2 * \Delta V = 5.66 * \frac{\Delta \lambda}{n}$$
 EQ 2.29

e. De-Orbit

After a geostationary satellite has finished its useful life it should be "deorbited" or boosted into a benign orbit to prevent collisions with future active payloads. Boosting a geostationary satellite into a benign orbit is the most economically feasible method of disposal. The program in appendix B uses a mass ratio based on a reference satellite to determine the approximate fuel required to de-orbit the satellite.

D. MASS PROPELLENT BUDGET

Now that all velocities have been determined and knowing the spacecraft weight and power requirements the weight of the satellite propellent, structural, operational and power systems can be estimated. The propellent budget is made up of four categories:

- 1) Velocity Control Propellent
- 2) Attitude Control Propellent
- 3) Propellent Margin
- 4) Residual

Attitude control propellent is used for attitude control during ΔV thrusting, spin stabilization, maneuvering while spinning, counter disturbance torques, attitude maneuvering and limit cycling (or oscillation). Propellent margin is a percentage of the propellent requirement and residual is what fuel is left that cannot be used.

(Wertz, 1991, p. 262)

1. Propellent Mass

Assuming the mass of the spacecraft is known the satellite propellent mass is: (Agrawal, 1986, p. 45)

$$M_p = M_i * (1 - \exp^{\frac{-\Delta V}{I \cdot g}})$$
 EQ 2.30

where $M_P = Mass$ of the Propellent in Kilograms

M_i = Initial Mass of the Spacecraft

 ΔV = Required Velocity Change to get in operational orbit - m/s

I = Specific Impulse of the Fuel

 $g = gravity 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$

NOTE: The higher the specific impulse (I_{ap}) the lower the amount of fuel necessary to complete satellite mission requirements.

2. Design References

For initial determination of the total fuel requirements, this program develops a mass propellent budget by referencing a known communications satellite with a similar design. The design satellite mass is divided by the reference satellite mass to give a mass ratio (MR), which is used for subsequent calculations.

$$MR = \frac{Design_{SpacecraftMass}}{Reference_{SpacecraftMass}}$$
 EQ 2.31

The next step is to look up the adaptor mass for the launch vehicle our design satellite is using in the applicable launch vehicle users manual. The adaptor mass is then subtracted from the initial spacecraft mass $(M_{i+adaptor})$ to find mass of the

spacecraft before apogee burn (M_i), Equation 2.34, this is used to determine the propellent mass for the different mission control events.

$$M_i = M_{i+adaptor} - Mass_{Adaptor}$$
 EQ 2.32

The final variables required by the program are the efficiencies for north-south and east-west station keeping, station repositioning, de-orbit, and apogee injection plus orbit insertion. It is assumed in the executable program that apogee injection and orbit injection efficiencies are the same.

E. MASS DETERMINATION

The pre-amf mass (mass before apogee motor firing) programmed mass is initialized at seven kilograms and is multiplied by the MR (mass ratio) to find the pre-amf MASS for the design.

$$M_{Pre-Amf} = MR * Pre-AMF_{Reference}$$
 EQ 2.33

where

 $M_{Pre-AMF}$

= Mass of spacecraft before apogee motor firing

 $Pre-AMF_{Reference} = Pre - AMF reference Mass$

The apogee motor firing mass (M_{AMF}) required to insert the spacecraft into its operational orbit is:

$$M_{AMF} = M_i * (1 - \exp^{\frac{\Delta V_{GT}}{I_{AI} * g}})$$
 EQ 2.34

where I_{Al} = fuel impulse for the apogee injection motor

 ΔV_{GT} = Delta velocity required for geostationary orbit transfer

The Post-amf mass is the mass of fuel required for final despin and stabilization into an operational orbit. For this design, the program initializes the Post-AMF mass at 29.9 kilograms.

$$M_{Post-Amf} = MR * Post-AMF_{Reference}$$
 EQ 2.35

where $M_{Post-AMF}$ = Spacecraft mass after apogee motor firing

AMF_{Reference} = Reference spacecraft post apogee firing mass

Final propellent mass requirements for the proposed design are determined by the level of perceived importance of the individual maneuvers during the spacecraft design life. For this design, the hierarchy is north-south then east-west station keeping, station repolitioning, and finally de-orbit.

a. Propellent Mass Station Keeping

The propellant mass required for north-south station keeping during the spacecraft life is given by:

$$M_{NS} = (M_i - M_{AMF} - M_{Pro-AMF}) * (1 - \exp^{\frac{\Delta V_{NS}}{I_{SR} * g * EFF}_{NS}})$$
 EQ 2.36

where M_{NS} = north south station keeping mass

 ΔV_{NS} = ΔV required for NS station keeping

 EFF_{N_0} = efficiency

 I_{sk} = station keeping specific impulse

The propellant mass required for east-west station keeping during the spacecraft life is given by:

$$M_{EW} = (M_i - M_{AMF} - M_{Pre-AMF} - M_{NS}) * (1 - \exp^{\frac{\Delta V_{EW}}{I_{SK} * g * EFF_{EW}}})$$
 EQ 2.37

where M_{EW} = east west station keeping mass

 EFF_{EW} = efficiency

b. Propellent Mass Station Repositioning (M_{SR})

The propellant mass required for station repositioning during the spacecraft life is given by:

$$M_{SR} = (M_1 - M_{AMF} - M_{Pre-AMF} - M_{NS} - M_{EW}) * (1 - \exp^{\frac{\Delta V_{SR}}{I_{SR} * g * EFF_{SR}}})$$
 EQ 2.38

where ΔV_{SR} = velocity changed required to reposition the spacecraft

 I_{SR} = Specific impulse of the fuel used to reposition the satellite

 EFF_{SR} = efficiency of the repositioning maneuver

c. Propellent Mass De-orbit Control (MDE)

The propellant mass required for de-orbit for the spacecraft is:

$$M_{DE} = (M_i - M_{AMF} - M_{Pre-AMF} - M_{NS} - M_{EW} - M_{SR}) * (1 - \exp^{\frac{\Delta V_{DE}}{I_{DE} * g * EFF_{DE}}})$$
 EQ 2.39

where ΔV_{DE} = velocity changed required to de-orbit the spacecraft

 I_{DE} = Specific impulse of the fuel used to de-orbit the satellite

 EFF_{DE} = efficiency of the deorbit maneuver

d. Pressurant Mass (MPR)

The pressurant mass is calculated as the MR multiplied by the reference satellite pressurant mass.

$$M_{PR} = MR * M_{PR-REF}$$
 EQ 2.40

where M_{PR-REF} = mass of the pressurant in the reference satellite

e. Mass Margin (M_M)

The propellent mass margin (M_M) is the one to two percent safety margin is 10% of the spacecraft dry mass.

$$M_{M} = (M_{Pre-AMP} + M_{POSt-AMF} + M_{NS} + M_{EW} + M_{DE} + M_{PR} + M_{SR}) *0.02$$
 EQ 2.41

f. Total Propellent Expenditure (M_{PT})

The total mass of propellent expenditure (M_{PT}) including apogee injection requirements, with a 2% safety margin is:

$$M_{PT} = M_M * 51.0 + M_{AMF}$$
 EQ 2.42

The dry mass of the unified bi-propellant propulsion M_{UB} which combines the functions of apogee injection, attitude control, and station keeping is: (Agrawal, 1986, p.46)

$$M_{UB} = C_{UB} * M_{PT}$$
 EQ 2.43

where $C_{UB} = 0.084$ for three axis stabilized

= 0.054 for dual-spin stabilized

To find the total propulsion system mass add M_{PR} and M_{UB} together

F. MASS REQUIREMENTS FOR SATELLITE COMPONENTS

1. Structural Mass (M_{ST})

The mass of the spacecraft structure can only be determined accurately after the final spacecraft configuration and preliminary structural design are completed. However this is usually late in the design process. For a good estimation based on our reference satellite use: (Agrawal, 1986, p. 48)

$$M_{ST} = C_{ST} * M_i$$
 EQ 2.44

where M_{ST} = Structural mass in kilograms

 C_{ST} = 0.087 for three axis stabilized

= 0.097 for dual-spin stabilized

2. Thermal Control Equipment Mass (M_{TH})

For the program the initial thermal dissipation requirement is unknown.

To estimate thermal control mass first we determine the spacecraft beginning of life mass (M_{SBOL}) which is: (Agrawal, 1986, p. 48)

$$M_{SBOL} = M_i - M_{Pre-AMF} - M_{AMF} - M_{Post-AMF} - M_{ADAPTOR}$$
 EQ 2.45

Once M_{SBOL} is found, we can use the following equation to find M_{TH} :

$$M_{TH} = C_{TH} * M_{SBOL}$$
 EQ 2.46

where $C_{TH} = 0.032$ for three axis stabilized

= 0.027 for dual-spin stabilized (Agrawal, 1986, pp. 48-52)

3. Attitude Control System Mass (MAC)

The mass for a spacecraft attitude control system depends on many variables. These variables are attitude control, attitude accuracy, amount of

redundant safety features, and the size and mass of the spacecraft. For initial estimation purposes for a three axis stabilized system the program uses:

(Agrawal, 1986, p. 49)

$$M_{AC} = 65 + 0.022 * (M_{SBCL} - 700)$$

EQ 2.47

and for a dual spin stabilized system initial estimate is:

$$M_{AC}$$
=31+0.027*(M_{SBOL} -700)

EQ 2.48

4. Electrical (M_E) and Mechanical System Mass (M_M)

The program in appendix B uses the following electrical and mechanical extrapolations from Agrawal's book "Design of Geosynchronous Spacecraft".

M_E is given by: (Agrawal, 1986, p. 52)

$$M_E$$
=0.039* M_{SBOL}

EQ 2.49

and M_M is given by:

$$M_{M} = 0.014 * M_{SBOL}$$

EQ 2.50

5. Mass Margin (M_{Margin})

The mass margin is 10% of the spacecraft dry mass (M_{UB} for a unified bi -propellent system).

$$M_{DRY} = M_i - M_{adaptor} - M_{PR}$$
 EQ 2.51

$$M_{Margin} = M_{DRY} * 0.10$$
 EQ 2.52

6. Propellent Pressurant Mass (M_{PP})

That portion of the propellent tank that pressurizes the fuel tank to maintain fuel flow on demand is: (Agrawal, 1986, p. 53)

$$M_{PP} = M_{PR} - M_{AMF}$$
 EQ 2.53

7. Electric Power System Mass (M_{EL})

The program in appendix B determines the mass of the electric power system based on a reference satellite and design spacecraft power requirements. For the purposes of this design we will assume:

- 1) 10% margin for the solar array
- 2) 5% margin for the equipment
- 3) NiH₂ batteries with spacecraft fully operational during eclipse.

Also the program and design will use the Mass Ratio and the housekeeping power of the reference satellite P_{HK-REF} to find satellite housekeeping power (P_{hk}) .

a. Housekeeping Power (PHK)

$$P_{HK} = MR * P_{HK-REF}$$
 EQ 2.54

Using P_{HK} and the required payload power the battery power load (P_{BL}) with 5% equipment margin is:

$$P_{BL} = (P_{PAYLOAD} + P_{HK}) *1.05$$
 EQ 2.55

and the solar array load (Ps1) with 10% margin is:

$$P_{SL} = (P_{PAYLOAD} + P_{HK}) *1.1$$
 EQ 2.56

where $P_{PAYLOAD}$ = Satellite payload power needed in watts

The electrical power system mass is dependent on the power system design. The weights for solar array, charge array, shunt, charge control, battery, and discharge regulator vary between a partially regulated DC bus and a fully regulated DC bus with the later being slightly larger and therefore heavier overall. The total electrical subsystem mass is also greater for higher power requirements and for dual-spin stabilized spacecraft. (Agrawal, 1986, p. 373)

Therefore depending on the spacecraft power requirements and stabilization methods the total mass of the electrical power subsystem is:

$$M_{EL}$$
 = (1.05 * ($P_{Payload}$ + P_{HK})

*
$$(1.1*M_{SA}+1.1*M_{CA}+M_S+M_{CC}-M_{BAT}-M_{DR}))*0.001$$
 EQ 2.57

where $P_{Payload}$ = Payload power

 M_{SA} = Solar Array Mass

 P_{SL} = Solar Array Power

 M_{CA} = Charge Array Mass

 M_s = Shunt Mass

 M_{CC} = Charge Control Mass

 M_{BAT} = Battery Mass

 M_{DR} = Discharge Regulator Mass

8. Communications Package Mass (M_{CP})

The communications package is basically the initial spacecraft mass (M_i) minus all the other initial design masses and is given by:

$$M_{CP} = M_i - M_{adaptor} - M_S - M_{TH} - M_{PR}$$

$$-M_{AC}-M_{E}-M_{M}-M_{EL}-M_{Margin}-\Delta M_{Post-AMF}-M_{PP}$$
 EQ 2.58

9. Tracking Telemetry Reference (M_{TT})

The mass of tracking telemetry reference is based on MR and is given by:

$$M_{TT}$$
= $MR*M_{TT-REF}$

EQ 2.59

III. ELECTRIC POWER

A. INTRODUCTION

The electric power system provides power to the spacecraft during all phases of its life from liftoff to de-orbit. For this phase of the satellite design use a geostationary communications satellite using traveling wave tubes (TWT's) or radio frequency (RF) amplifiers for power transmission of RF energy. Normally, over 80% of the total satellite system power is used by the communications payload. The power remaining is required for spacecraft housekeeping duties.

B. POWER SYSTEM DESIGN

For this design the primary power for spacecraft systems is derived from solar cells. During non-eclipse periods power is provided by solar arrays which convert solar energy via photovoltaic conversion to electric power. A non-eclipse period is when the suns light is shining on the solar cells, an eclipse period is when the sun's rays are not available, for example when a satellite is behind the earth. For eclipse periods, a maximum of 1.2 hours for GSO, power is provided via batteries. The batteries for a standard GSO communications satellite normally are required to provide only partial power during eclipse periods.

The electric power system consists of three parts, the solar array, batteries, and power control electronics. This design and the program in Appendix B concentrates on the solar array development and battery requirements. The program in Appendix B will determine the solar cell and battery cell needs for any input load for a geostationary three axis or dual-spin stabilized satellite.

1. Design Life Considerations

Power system design begins with the electrical power loads for mission design at beginning of life (BOL) and end of life (EOL). Sometimes EOL power demands are reduced but still allow reduced operational capabilities. For our design and the executable program in Appendix B, we will assume that the satellite mission requires full operational capability for the design life of the spacecraft, or until satellite EOL. Power control electronics and solar panel design will control the smooth operation of the power supply to the payload throughout the life of the spacecraft.

2. Design Spectrum

The program and this design will support the total communications payload and whatever load reduced or full, required during eclipse. Sometimes, load requirements for a broadcasting communications payload during eclipse are lower than full power; however, for military payloads and commercial satellites near continuous full power operation may be a design element. Our design will account for both

spectrums of payload power criteria. The required power during eclipse will be a percentage (percent_partial_power) of full bus power. Power control electronics will regulate the spacecraft bus voltage and charge rates but will not be addressed in any detail in this design.

C. BATTERIES

Battery requirements are based on payload power criteria. The design standards for the solar array will hinge on the battery depth of discharge (DOD) and ampere hour (AH) needs during eclipse loading. Also during the launch cycle batteries provide the power for housekeeping functions until the spacecraft is in an operational configuration. The solar arrays during the transfer orbit and while in the parking orbit will supply only intermittent power to the satellite, hence the batteries must make up any difference in load requirements.

1. Energy Storage

All spacecraft that use solar cells for power need some system for energy storage to use during eclipse and peak power demands. Although there are many designs for energy storage, like fuel cells and flywheels, batteries will be used in this design because they are reliable, economical, and a proven technology. Batteries tend to provide stable power for the different operating conditions of a spacecraft's life.

(Agrawal, 1986, p. 356) Nickel Hydrogen batteries will be used in the design and for the executable program in Appendix B.

2. Battery Charging

After the batteries have been used to supply the payload requirements during the parking orbit, transfer orbit, satellite configuration finalization, or eclipse the batteries must be re-charged. This is accomplished through a charge array located on the spacecraft solar panels. The design of the charge array depends on the needed loading during the satellite eclipse period. The batteries normally have more than enough time to recharge before the next eclipse cycle.

3. Battery Requirements

a. Known Variables

Table 3.1 contains the required variables and initialized values for the following calculations. In determining the satellite payload and housekeeping power requirements from calculations in Chapter II, we have the criteria needed to find the battery cell standards.

b. Number of Buses

Normally spacecraft have two buses, each supplying half the total power to the spacecraft loads. This design provides for additional reliability and prevents a single point fault from shutting down the spacecraft and thus allows for

some graceful degradation in case of a fault in one of the buses. The program in Appendix B allows for single to multiple bus designs, but favors dual bus configurations.

Table 3.1 VARIABLE NAMES AND SYMBOLS

	3 Axis	Dual-Spin	Variable Name
Minimum Discharge Bus Voltage	28.0	35.0	V _{DB}
Design Satellite Bus Voltage	42.0	50.0	V_{BUS}
Bypass Diode Voltage Drop	1.1	1.1	V_{DD}
EOL Battery Discharge Voltage			V _{EOLBAT}
Eclipse Time	1.2	1.2	T _{ECL}
Depth of Discharge	0.65	0.65	DOD
Maximum Battery Charge Voltage	1.5	1.5	V _{MBC}
Maximum Charge Voltage			V _{BC}
Number Series Connected Diodes	3	3	N _{sd}
Battery Charger Voltage Drop	1.75	1.75	V _{CD}
Charge Discharge Voltage Drop	1.1	1.1	V _D
Charge Discharge Efficiency Battery	0.9	0.9	n _{CD}

c. mber of Battery Cells

The number of battery cells (N) needed to maintain a stated minimum discharge bus voltage (V_{DB}) is determined via manipulation of equation 3.1.

The power, voltage times current, required by the bus will be all or part of the total power, for example if the total power required is 1000 watts and the spacecraft has two buses then each bus requires 500 watts of power. Therefore batteries for each bus must provide this power for the maximum eclipse time of 1.2 hours for a GSO orbit.

$$V_{DB} = (N-1) * V_D - V_{DD}$$
 EQ 3.1

therefore N is

$$N = \frac{V_{DB} + V_{DD}}{V_D} + 1$$
 EQ 3.2

then round N up to the next higher integer and using this new value find the new minimum discharge bus voltage V_{DB} .

d. Minimum Discharge Bus Voltage (VDB)

For electrical equipment to operate correctly a minimum voltage V_{DB} must be available and is given by:

$$V_{DB} = (N-1) * V_D - V_{DD}$$
 EQ 3.3

e. Battery Cell Ampere Hours

The battery cell ampere hour (CELL_{AH}) requirement is the number of ampere hours needed to supply the satellite during eclipse and is determined from the following equation:

$$CELL_{AH} = \frac{\frac{P_{BL}}{N_{BUSES}} * T_{ECL}}{V_{DB} * DOD}$$
 EQ 3.4

where N_{BUSES} = number of buses

 T_{ECL} = maximum time in eclipse

 P_{BUS} = power in watts per bus

DOD = depth of discharge

and the bus power (PBUS) requirements are:

$$P_{BUS} = \frac{P_{TOTAL}}{N_{BUSES}}$$
 EQ 3.5

f. Maximum Battery Charge Voltage

The maximum battery charge voltage (V_{BC}) assuming an open circuit failure of one battery cell is:

$$V_{BC} = V_{MBC} * (N-1) + N_{SD} * V_{SD}$$
 EQ 3.6

where V_{MBC} = allowable battery charge voltage

 N_{SD} = number of series connected diodes

 V_{SD} = voltage drop across each series connected diode

g. Bus Voltage Allowable Deviation

Usually the bus voltage V_{BUS} is allowed to vary within prescribed limits of $\approx \pm 0.5$ volts. This value is called the bus voltage allowable deviation (V_{DEV}) and it allows us to calculate (V_{BUSLL}) the lower limit of bus voltage which is:

$$V_{BUSLL} = V_{BUS} - V_{DEV}$$
 EQ 3.7

h. Voltage Charge Array

The required boost voltage needed by the charge array (V_{CA}) is given by:

$$V_{CA} = V_{BC} - V_{BUS} + V_{CD}$$
 EQ 3.8

i. Seasonal Currents

Design parameters for the program in Appendix B provides for a charge current to be applied to each bus as a percentage of the number of buses. For one bus it would be a 100% duty cycle. For two buses, the charge current would be applied to each bus on a 50% duty cycle.

The charge rate current for autumnal equinox I_{EQUINOX} is given by:

$$I_{EQUINOX} = \frac{CELL_{AH}}{15}$$
 EQ 3.9

and for the summer solstice current I_{SOLSTICE} it is:

$$I_{SOLSTICE} = \frac{CELL_{AH}}{45}$$
 EQ 3.10

Battery cells, in this design, charge at a high rate to return the energy depleted during eclipse to each battery.

j. Battery Recharge Power

The power needed to recharge the batteries at equinox (P_{EC}) is:

$$P_{EC} = V_{BC} * I_{EQUINOX}$$
 EQ 3.11

and the power needed to recharge at solstice (Psc) is

$$P_{SC} = V_{BC} * I_{SOLSTICE}$$
 EQ 3.12

k. Longest Battery Recharge Time

The time to fully recharge the batteries (T_{RECHARGE}) is:

$$T_{RECHARGE} = \frac{\frac{P_{BL}}{N_{BUSES}} * T_{ECL}}{P_{EC} * n_{CD}}$$
 EQ 3.13

The batteries will remain on trickle charge for the remainder of the non-eclipse period.

D. SOLAR ARRAY DESIGN LOAD

The solar array design load is the summation of the equipment load and the power required for charging the batteries. Taking the 10% design margin into account the solar array design load at equinox (P_{SALEOU}) is:

$$P_{SALEOU} = (P_{BUS} + P_{EC}) *1.1$$
 EQ 3.14

and the solar array design load at solstice (P_{SALSOL}) is:

$$P_{SALSOL} = (P_{BUS} + P_{SC}) *1.1$$
 EQ 3.15

This design process and the program in Appendix B will split the loads among the buses if there is more than one. The solar arrays are assumed to operate at the maximum power point of the solar cell "IV" curve at the spacecraft EOL.

E. SOLAR CELLS

The total load on the solar array will be the summation of the equipment load and the power required for charging the batteries. Generally, and for this design and the program in Appendix B, a 10% design margin is used to take into account the uncertainty in the degradation due to radiation and other design factors of the solar array. Equations 3.14 and 3.15 account for this design margin. The next step is to

determine the total number of solar cells needed to meet all of the mission requirements including all previous assumptions.

1. Cell Variables

The following variables listed in Table 3.2 and Table 3.3 variables for the particular solar cell used need to be known to begin solar array power system design.

Table 3.2 SOLAR CELL VARIABLES FOR I AND CELL DIMENSIONS

VARIABLE	SYMBOL			
Cell Width	C _w			
Cell Length	C_{L}			
Cell Thickness	C_{τ}			
CURRENT				
Solar Intensity	S			
Assembly Losses Current	K¹,			
Environmental Degradation in Current	K¹ _D			
Solar Intensity Factor including Incidence Angle	K _s			
Temperature Coefficient for Current	α_1			
Solar Maximum Power Point EOL Summer Solstice	I			
Solar Cell Current BOL	I _{.np}			

Table 3.3 SOLAR CELL VARIABLES VOLTAGE AND ILLUMINATION

Voltage				
VARIABLE	SYMBOL			
Panel Wiring Loss per Cell	ΔV			
Solar Cell Voltage at Maximum Power Point, BOL	$lpha_{ extsf{v}}$			
Radiation Degradation Factor for Voltage	K ^ν _E			
Solar Cell Voltage at EOL	V			
Solar Cell Voltage at Maximum Power Point, BOL	V_{mp}			
Operating Temperature	Т			
Test Temperature	T_{T}			
EFFECTIVE ILLUMINATION				
Sun Tracking Flat Panel	1			
Dual Spin Surface Mounted	$1/\pi$			

2. Parallel Solar Cells (N_P)

Using the variable values from Tables 3.2 and 3.3 and taking the design factors into account, the solar cell current (I) at EOL summer Solstice ($T \approx 39^{\circ}C$) is:

$$I = (I_{mp} + \alpha_I * (T - T_T)) * K_A^T * K_D^T * K_S$$
 EQ 3.16

The total current (I_T) per bus or wing is:

$$I_T = \frac{P_{BUS}}{V_{BUS}}$$
 EQ 3.17

This gives us the total number of solar cells needed in parallel (N_P) for each wing which is:

$$N_p = \frac{I_T}{I}$$
 EQ 3.18

The number for N_P is then raised to the next higher integer number value. For example, 51.135 would be raised to 52 for future calculations using N_P , to give the total N_P for that array or bus. Obviously, the more parallel strings of solar cells the more current is supplied to the satellite bus.

3. Series Solar Cells (N_s)

To find the number of solar cells in series necessary to supply the required bus voltage (V_{BUS}) we first determine the solar cell voltage (V) at EOL summer solstice, which is given by:

$$V = ((V_{mp} - \Delta V + \alpha_V * (T - T_T)) * K_E^V$$
 EQ 3.19

The number of solar cells in series (N_S) needed to supply this voltage, taking into account the voltage drop in the bus $(V_{BUS-DROP})$, and the voltage drops in the spacecraft wiring harness (V_{WH}) and slip rings (V_{SR}) , is:

$$N_{S} = \frac{V_{BUS} + V_{BUS - DROP} + V_{DROP - WH} + V_{DROP - SR}}{V}$$
 EQ 3.20

Like $N_{\text{\tiny P}}$, $\ N_{\text{\tiny S}}$ is raised to the next higher integer value.

4. Solar Cell Current and Voltage EOL Equinox

At EOL autumnal equinox the solar cell current I_{EQ} and voltage V_{EQ} are given by equations 3.16 and 3.19 respectively, except with T = temperature at equinox (\approx 49°C).

F. CHARGE ARRAY DESIGN

The charge array supplies the boost voltage necessary to recharge the spacecraft batteries after eclipse.

1. Series Solar Cells Charge Array (N_c)

The number of series solar cells $(N_{\rm c})$ required to supply the needed boost voltage is

$$N_C = \frac{V_{CA}}{V}$$
 EQ 3.21

where the voltage (V) is the voltage at solstice.

2. Parallel Solar Cells Charge Array Solstice (N_{SSC})

The number of solar cells needed in parallel for the charge array during summer solstice (N_{ssc}) is

$$N_{SSC} = \frac{CELL_{AH}}{I_{SOLSTICE}}$$
 EQ 3.22

and for equinox the solar cells required in parallel (N_{EOC}) is

$$N_{EQC} = \frac{CELL_{AH}}{I_{EQUINOX}}$$
 EQ 3.23

So the charge array would require N_C solar cells in series and N_{SSC} cells in parallel for summer solstice battery charging, and N_C solar cells in series and N_{EQC} cells in

parallel for autumnal equinox battery charging. For a spin stabilized spacecraft the solar cell requirements would have to be multiplied by a factor of π to account for the lower illumination factor.

IV. THERMAL CONTROL

A. BACKGROUND

Spacecraft in all orbits must dissipate heat. Heat can be absorbed from sunlight, reflected sunlight, and planet emitted radiation. (Agrawal, 1986, p. 280) Heat is also generated within the satellite by communication transmitters, batteries, control elements in the power system, the payload, and when apogee kick motors or engines are fired, heat is radiated from their components. (Wertz, 1991, p. 370)

A thermal control system must maintain equipment within an allowable temperature range for optimum operational capability while maintaining an economical design. Spacecraft electronics usually have temperature limits between 0°C and 40°C, while batteries will have limits between 0°C and 20°C. Silicon solar cells operate between +100°C and -100°C, but operate most efficiently at the lower end of this range. (Wertz, 1991, p. 370)

The thermal control system acts upon and is acted upon by almost every other spacecraft system while maintaining the spacecraft systems within their operational temperature parameters. This is especially true of the spacecraft power system because the thermal control system must dissipate all its excess energy and radiate this energy to space.

Though there are many types of thermal control systems from passive and semi-passive to active; this design will use passive techniques. Passive systems have no moving parts or heaters and rely on paints, second surface mirrors, multi-layer insulation, phase changing devices, and radiation or conduction to space radiators like optical solar reflectors (OSR). In addition, passive thermal control designs are usually lighter, cost less, and use less power than active control systems.

(Wertz, 1991, p. 371)

B. THERMAL RADIATOR SIZING

1. Variable Definitions

Table 4.1 lists variable definitions and applicable numerical values.

Table 4.1 VARIABLE DEFINITIONS AND VALUES

VARIABLE DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL \ NUMERICAL VALUE
Thermal Dissipation [W]	Р
Emittance of Radiator	ϵ
Radiator Temperature	T \ (≈ 310°K)
Equilibrium Temperature	T_{EQUIL}
Solar Array Diameter	D _{SA}
Radiator Height	H_{RAD}
Solar Absorbtance EOL	$\alpha_{ extsf{S}}$
Solar Intensity Winter Solstice	S \ 1397 [W/m²]
Solar Intensity Summer Solstice	S \ 1311 [W/m ²]
Solar Intensity Vernal Equinox	S \ 1362 [W/m²]
Solar Intensity Autumnal Equinox	S \ 1345 [W/m ²]
Solar Aspect at Winter Solstice	θ \ 23.5°
Solar Aspect at Autumnal Equinox	θ / 0°
Stefan Boltzmann	σ \ 5.67*10 ⁻⁸ [W/(m ² *K ⁴]
Efficiency	n

2. Thermal Dissipation (P)

Thermal radiators are used to dissipate excess heat, the more heat that must be dissipated the greater the thermal radiator area required. For this design we will assume that the radiator is isothermal and will be sized for the greatest thermal dissipation required. The hottest time is at vernal equinox when the solar intensity is 1362 W/m² with a solar aspect of 0°. The thermal dissipation (P) required of the thermal radiator(s) is based on the percentage of the payload power (P_{PP}) and the percentage of housekeeping power (P_{PH}) required to be dissipated as heat. The thermal dissipation is given by:

$$P = \frac{1}{N_{RADIATING-FACES}} * (P_{PAYLOAD} * P_{PP} + P_{HK} * P_{PH})$$
 EQ 4.1

Where

 P_{HK} = housekeeping power

 $P_{PAYLOAD}$ = payload power

 $N_{RADIATING-FACES}$ = number of thermal radiating faces

3. Radiator Area

Radiator area (A) for a three axis stabilized spacecraft. is given by

$$A = \frac{P}{\epsilon * \sigma * T^4 * n - \alpha_s * S * \sin(\Theta)}$$
 EQ 4.2

For a dual spin stabilized spacecraft we find the radiator height (H_{RAD}) and multiply it by the circumference of its cylindrical shell structure. The height of the radiator is

$$H_{RAD} = \frac{P}{(D_{SA} * (\pi * \sigma * \epsilon * T^4 * n) - (\alpha_S * S * \cos(\Theta)))}$$
 EQ 4.3

C. EQUINOX TEMPERATURE

1. Non Eclipse

For design purposes and the program in Appendix B the temperature at equinox ($T_{EQUINOX}$) is needed for both full and partial power requirements during equinox. Temperature after equinox in °K for a three axis stabilized spacecraft is:

$$T_{EQUINOX} = \left(\frac{P}{\epsilon * \sigma * n * A}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$$
 EQ 4.4

Temperature after equinox in °K for a dual spin stabilized satellite is:

$$T_{EQUINOX} = \left(\frac{P}{D_{SA} * H_{RAD} * \pi * \epsilon * \sigma * n * A}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$$
 EQ 4.5

To determine the temperature in °C subtract 273.15° from the values in equations 4.4 and 4.5. As stated earlier, the temperature range of the spacecraft

components (other than solar cells) should be kept between 0°-40°C. If a condition arises where this is not possible to keep the temperature within operational ranges passively, then auxiliary heaters will be required to prevent damage to the spacecraft components.

If batteries are providing full power during eclipse, the radiator temperature will remain approximately the same during eclipse as during the non-eclipse period of equinox. (Agrawal, 1986, p. 284)

2. Eclipse

When batteries provide partial power (a variable is known as percent partial power (PCT_{PP})), heat dissipation is a percentage of thermal dissipation (P) and the equilibrium temperature during equinox (T_{EOUII}) is

$$T_{EQUIL} = \left(\frac{PCT_{PP} * P}{\epsilon * \sigma * A}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$$
 EQ 4.6

and the time constant (τ) for a three axis stabilized spacecraft is

$$\tau = \frac{m * C_P}{4 * \epsilon * \sigma * A * T_{EQUIL}^3}$$
 EQ 4.7

where m = mass of the radiator plus mounted equipment.

For a dual spin stabilized spacecraft, the time constant (τ) is:

$$\tau = \frac{m * C_P}{4 * \epsilon * \sigma * \Pi * D_{SA} * H_{RAD} * T_{EQUIL}^3}$$
 EQ 4.8

D. RADIATOR TEMPERATURE AT END OF ECLIPSE

To find the radiator temperature at the end of eclipse this design uses an iterative process. Knowing the maximum time for eclipse we can iterate repetitively through equation 4.9, which is known as the radiative cooling equation, guessing different temperatures until we get a time very close to our maximum eclipse time (T_{EC}) of 1.2 hours (4320 seconds). We then bracket the maximum eclipse time of 72 minutes, with a value close enough to 72 minutes to make the results accurate, (1.2 hours or 4320 seconds) and interpolate to find the minimum temperature during eclipse.

$$\frac{T_{EC}}{\tau} + C = 2 * \left(\coth^{-1} \left(\frac{T_{EQUINOX}}{T_{EOUIL}} \right) - \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{T_{EQUINOX}}{T_{EOUIL}} \right) \right)$$
 EQ 4.9

First we must find the constant "C" assuming t=0, where "C" is some constant.

$$C=2*(\coth^{-1}(\frac{T_{EQUINOX}}{T_{EQUIL}})-\cot^{-1}(\frac{T_{EQUINOX}}{T_{EQUIL}}))$$
 EQ 4.10

E. RADIATOR MINIMUM OPERATING TEMPERATURE

Now it is desirable to determine the time needed for the radiator to reach it's minimum operating temperature. First find we must the constant "C" for equation 4.11, known as the radiative heating equation, by assuming T_{BC} =0, and substituting it into Equation 4.11.

$$\frac{T_{EC}}{\tau} + C = 2 * \left(\tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{T_{EQUINOX}}{T_{EQUIL}} \right) - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{T_{EQUINOX}}{T_{EQUIL}} \right) \right)$$
 EQ 4.11

this gives us:

$$C=2*(\tanh^{-1}(\frac{T_{EQUINOX}}{T_{EQUIL}})-\tan^{-1}(\frac{T_{EQUINOX}}{T_{EQUIL}}))$$
 EQ 4.12

where $T_{EQUINOX}$ = lowest temperature during equinox as iterated via eq. 4.10

 T_{EQUIL} = Equilibrium for the thermal dissipation (P) desired eclipse

To find the time needed to reach a desired radiator operating temperature (T_{RAD}) we substitute the new after equinox temperature values and the time to reach T_{RAD} is now given by

$$t = (2 * (\tanh^{-1}(\frac{T_{EQUINOX}}{T_{EQUIL}}) - \tan^{-1}(\frac{T_{EQUINOX}}{T_{EQUIL}})) - C) *\tau \qquad EQ 4.13$$

where t = time to reach specified radiator operating temperature

F. SOLAR ARRAY TEMPERATURE

1. Variable Names and Definitions

Table 4.2 lists the required variables and their symbolic representations for determining the solar array operating temperature.

2. Solar Array Operating Temperature

In a solar array only a fraction of the solar flux is converted into electric power by the solar cells thus reducing the heat of the array. This reduction in the solar absorbtance is called the effective solar absorbtance and it is a function of the average solar cell array absorptance, the packing factor, and the cell efficiency. The solar array operating temperature (T_{OP}) is calculated by first determining the effective solar absorbtance (α_{SE}) which is: (Agrawal, 1986, p. 285)

$$\alpha_{SE} = \alpha_S - F_P * \hat{\eta}$$
 EQ 4.14

Then the operating temperature for any season can be determined by substituting the appropriate solar intensity (S) and solar flux incidence angle (θ)

Table 4.2 VARIABLE NAMES AND DEFINITIONS

VARIABLE / CONSTANTS	SYMBOL	
Effective Solar Absorbtance	$lpha_{SE}$	
Average Solar Cell Absorbtance	$lpha_{ extsf{S}}$	
Solar Cell Packing Factor	$F_{\scriptscriptstyle p}$	
Solar Cell Operating Efficiency	η	
Array Front Side Area	${f A}_{ m F}$	
Array Back Side Area	$A_\mathtt{B}$	
Emittance of the Array Front Side	$\epsilon_{ extsf{F}}$	
Emittance of the Array Back Side	ϵ_{B}	
Solar Intensity	S	
Stefan Boltzmann	σ	
Angle of Incidence of Sunlight	θ	

V. CONCLUSION

The executable programs and technical documentation devised by this thesis allow for the accurate and timely calculation of spacecraft design requirements. In addition, it enables the average user to have the time to explore the different phases of design in more detail. The programs in Appendix B expeditiously calculate the spacecraft mass propellent budget, spacecraft mass summary, solar power system design, and passive thermal control design for a geostationary communications satellite. The results are compiled in an ascii based text file that can be printed and available for user study.

The Ada programming language was used due to its unique ability to write source code in plain english. The programs are written so that future developers with limited programming experience can understand the progress of the program and use it as a starting point for future research.

Future research and development is needed for computer based design in the following geosynchronous areas:

- Spacecraft Attitude Control Systems
- Spacecraft Structural Design

For low earth orbits (LEO) development is desired in:

- Spacecraft Mass Propellent Budgets
- Spacecraft Electric Power System Design
- Spacecraft Attitude Control
- Spacecraft Thermal Control Systems

LIST OF REFERENCES

- 1. Agrawal, Brij N., Design of Geosynchronous Spacecraft, Prentice Hall, Inc., 1986
- 2. Wertz, James R., Larson, Wiley J., Space Mission Analysis and Design, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 1991

APPENDIX A

COMPUTER BASED SATELLITE DESIGN USERS MANUAL

A. THERMAL

- 1) To start the program type "THERMAL" at the dos prompt.
- 2) The program will ask "Is your spacecraft spin stabilized". If it is answer with a character 'Y' if not answer with a character 'N'
 - 3) Program will state design chosen
 - a) "Spacecraft is Spin Stabilized" or
 - b) "Spacecraft is Three Axis Stabilized"
 - 4) Program asks "What is your Spacecraft Mass"
 - a) Enter Spacecraft Mass including the Adaptor Mass in kilograms.

Example: "3000.0"

5) Program asks "Enter the POWER requirements of the Spacecraft in watts.

Example: "2000.0"

- 6) Next the program asks you to chose a reference satellite from those listed
 - '1' Intelsat V
 - '2' Intelsat VI
 - '3' Intelsat VII
 - '4' or to insert your own values.
- 7) The program lists the calculated housekeeping power and asks if you want to change this value for future calculations. If you want to change it enter a character 'Y' if not, depress a character 'N'.

Program then lists the values for Payload Power and Housekeeping Power

- 8) Program lists some default values for:
 - $\hat{\eta}$ efficiency
 - α solar aspect coefficient
 - S solar intensity solstice
 - S solar intensity equinox
 - $T_{RADIATOR}$ radiator temperature
 - $\epsilon_{\text{RADIATOR}}$ radiator emissivity
 - T_{ABSOLUTE} absolute zero
 - T_{ECLIPSE} eclipse time
 - $N_{\text{THERMAL EMITTING FACES}}$ number of thermal emitting faces
 - $M_{\text{RADIATOR PLUS EQUIPMENT}}$ mass of radiator plus equipment
 - P_{PP} Percent partial power (percent of payload dissipated as heat)
 - $C_{\mbox{\tiny P}}$ specific heat

To change any of the listed values enter a character 'Y' and then enter the number of

the value you wish to change.

- 9) Next an informational screen is displayed that lists the different passive thermal control materials and there typical application.
- 10) Program displays a screen that lets you pick the type of material to use for thermal control. Simply enter the integer of the material desired or enter "10" to enter your own values. Chosen values are then displayed.
- 11) Program asks user to enter "Percent Payload Power that must be dissipated as heat"

and to enter "Percent Housekeeping Power that must be dissipated as heat"

Example: 33.4% would be entered as "0.334"

Total required power dissipation is then displayed.

- 12) Program asks user to enter "Solar Array Diameter in meters" if satellite is Dual Spin Stabilized Example "3.456"
 - 13) Program lists "Radiator Height" if satellite is Dual Spin Stabilized.
 - 14) Program asks user to enter a value for "Radiator Efficiency".

The only reason this is in the program is that some users expressed a desire to change the efficiency on the run.

15) Program lists values for:

Temperature at Equinox

Equilibrium Temperature (based on partial power needed during eclipse)

Time Constant in seconds and minutes

16) Program then determines the constant for radiative cooling based on the temperature at equinox and equilibrium temperature. The next step is finding the "After Equinox Temperature" via the radiative cooling equation. The program goes through a series of questions to aid the user in finding the "After Equinox Temperature".

The program outputs your input temperature in °K and the "Eclipse Time" in minutes. Since we know for a geosynchronous orbit the longest eclipse time is 72 minutes we will bracket this time (one value above and one value below 72 minutes). When a temperature yields a value sufficiently close to 72 minutes (around 10 minutes either side) we accept that value by answering with a character 'Y' and that value is saved to bracket one side of 72. Next the program lists the saved "After Equinox Temperature" and its associated time. Then the program then goes the same process again to bracket the other side of 72 minutes. The program will not allow the user to accept a second on the same side of 72 minutes as the first. Once 72 minutes has

been successfully bracketed the program interpolates to determine the "Temperature After Equinox" for a time of 72 minutes.

17) The program then moves on to radiative heating portion, the listed default desired operating temperature is listed and the user is asked if he wishes to change the value for either the "Radiator Heat Dissipation" or the "Specified Operating Temperature".

The following values are listed based on user input:

Equilibrium Temperature

Constant "C"

Time constant - radiative heating

Temperature After Equinox

Equilibrium Temperature

Operating Temperature

18) Finally the names of the data files are listed

B. MASS PROPELLENT BUDGET AND MASS SUMMARY

- 1) To start the program type "MASSPRO" at the dos prompt.
- 2) The program will ask "Is your spacecraft spin stabilized". If it is answer with a character 'Y' if not answer with a character 'N'
 - 3) Program will state design chosen
 - a) "Spacecraft is Spin Stabilized" or
 - b) "Spacecraft is Three Axis Stabilized"
 - 4) Program asks "What is your Spacecraft Mass"
 - a) Enter Spacecraft Mass including the Adaptor Mass in kilograms.

Example: "3000.0"

5) Program asks "Please enter the radius at Apogee"

Example "42353.0"

6) Program asks "Please enter the radius at Perigee"

Example "6565.0"

Program lists the values for:

r_P - Radius at Apogee

 r_{ORBIT} - Radius of Transfer Orbit

 V_{TP} - Velocity at perigee for the transfer orbit

V_{TA} - Velocity at apogee for the transfer orbit

V_s - Velocity of a Geosynchronous Orbit

5) Program asks "Please enter the launch inclination in degrees" Example "25.2"

Program lists: i_{DEGREES} - inclination in degrees

i_{RADIAN} - inclination in radian

Geosynchronous Orbit insertion angle

 ΔV_{GT} - velocity to enter a geosynchronous equatorial orbit

- 6) Next program asks "Please enter the allowable inclination tolerance"

 Example "0.2"
- 7) Next the program asks "Enter the spacecraft first year in orbit. Any year between 1991 and 2003" Example " 1994 "
 - 8) Next program asks "Enter last year of spacecraft life" Example " 2001 "
- 9) Drift rates for the selected range of years is displayed and the program lists:

Average drift rate per year

 T_{NS} - time between north south station keeping maneuvers

N_{NS} - number of north south station keeping maneuvers

 ΔV_{NS} - delta velocity north south

10) Next program asks "Please enter the spacecraft operating longitude in degrees"

Example "312.3" then program lists:

 $\lambda_{double dot}$ - longitudinal drift acceleration

T_{EW} - Time between east west station keeping maneuvers

 ΔV_{EW} - delta velocity over spacecraft life for E-W station keeping

Next program states "the efficiency of the station keeping motors"

EFF_{NS} - Propulsion efficiency north south

EFF_{EW} - Propulsion efficiency east west

to change default values enter a '1' otherwise a '2'

- 11) Next program asks "Please enter the number of days allowed for station repositioning" Example "29.0" and then the program asks "Please enter the number of degrees to reposition. Example "125.9".
 - 12) Program asks "What is your Spacecraft Mass"
 - a) Enter Spacecraft Mass including the Adaptor Mass in kilograms.

Example: "3000.0"

13) Next program asks "Please enter the I_{SP} for Apogee Injection Example "285.0"

14) Next program asks "Please enter the efficiency of the motor for station repositioning"

Example "0.97"

15) Next program asks "Please enter the efficiency of the motor for satellite deorbit"

Example "0.98"

The program then lists the following values:

Pre AMF Fuel Mass

AMF Fuel Mass

Post AMF Fuel Mass

Mass change Post AMF

16) Next program asks "Please enter the I_{SP} for orbit maintenance" Example

"285.0" Then the screen displays the following I_{SP}

 ΔM_{NS}

 ΔM_{EW}

 ΔM_{SR}

 $\Delta M_{ORBIT\;CONTROL}$

MPRESSURANT

M_{MARGIN}

 $\Delta M_{PROPELLENT}$

M _{STRUCTURE}
M _{SPACECRAFT} BEGINNING OF LIFE
M _{THERMAL CONTROL}
M _{ATTITUDE} CONTROL
M _{MECHANICAL SYSTEM}
M _{PROPELLENT}
M _{PROPELLENT} PRESSURANT
$M_{DRYMASS}$
M _{MASS MARGIN}
M _{COMMUNICATIONS} PACKAGE
17) Program asks "Enter the POWER requirements of the Spacecraft in watts.
Example: "2000.0"
18) Next the program asks you to chose a reference satellite from those listed
'1' Intelsat V
'2' Intelsat VI
'3' Intelsat VII
'4' or to insert your own values.
Screen displays values for:
P _{HOUSEKEEPING}
P _{BATTERY LOAD}
P _{SOLAR ARRAY LOAD}

Power Factor

M_{ELECTRICAL} POWER SUBSYSTEM

M_{PAYLOAD}

MTRACKING AND TELEMETRY

and finally lists the data files for the design run.

C. ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEM

- 1) To start the program type "THERMAL" at the dos prompt.
- 2) The program will ask "Is your spacecraft spin stabilized". If it is answer with a character 'Y' if not answer with a character 'N'
 - 3) Program will state design chosen
 - a) "Spacecraft is Spin Stabilized" or
 - b) "Spacecraft is Three Axis Stabilized"
 - 4) Program asks "What is your Spacecraft Mass"
 - a) Enter Spacecraft Mass including the Adaptor Mass in kilograms.

Example: "3000.0"

5) Program asks "Enter the POWER req. rements of the Spacecraft in watts.

Example: "2000.0"

6) Next the program asks you to chose a reference satellite from those listed

- '1' Intelsat V
- '2' Intelsat VI
- '3' Intelsat VII
- '4' or to insert your own values.
- 7) The program lists the calculated housekeeping power and asks if you want to change this value for future calculations. If you want to change it enter a character 'Y' if not, depress a character 'N'.

Program then lists the values for Payload Power and Housekeeping Power

- 8) Program asks "Enter the spacecraft life in years" Example "10.0"
- 9) Program lists some default values for:

Minimum discharge bus voltage V_{DB}

Design satellite bus voltageV_{BUS}

Bypass diode voltage dropV_{DD}

EOL battery discharge voltageV_{MBC}

Satellite eclipse timeT_{EC}

Battery depth of dischargeDOD

Maximum battery discharge voltageV

Series connected diode voltage dropV

Number of series connected diodes N_{scp}

Battery charger voltage drop V_{BC}

Charge discharge voltage dropV_D

To change any of the listed values enter a character 'Y' and then enter the number of the value you wish to change. After all desired changes have been made enter a character 'N'

and your final values will display on the screen

Example: if the user wants to change first the user enters a 'Y' then enters a "6" and the Program asks "Please enter the Depth of Discharge used for the batteries"

- 10) Program asks "Enter the number of electrical buses used in your satellite"

 Example "2"
- 11) Program asks "Please enter the Solar Cell Test Temperature" Example "28.0"
- 12) Program states some nice to know information.
- 13) Program states some calculated environmental design values and asks if you want to use them. To use calculated values enter a '1' to input your values enter a '2'.
- 14) Program displays some standard solar cell parameters and asks if the user wants to select one of these cells or enter their own values. User enters an integer number for the desired choice. Screen then displays selected or input parameters for user concurrence.
- 15) Screen display.

N_s - Number of solar cells in series

V_{DB} - Minimum discharge bus voltage

CELL_{AH} - Battery cell ampere hours

P_{BUS} - Bus power

V_{MBC} - Maximum battery charge voltage

V_{BC} - Battery charger voltage drop

Boost Voltage

I_{EQUINOX} - Equinox current

I_{SOLSTICE} - Solstice current

P_{EC} - Power equinox charge

P_{SC} - Power solstice charge

T_{RECHARGE} - Time to recharge the batteries

P_{SALEQU} - Solar array design load equinox

P_{SALSOL} - Solar array design load solstice

I_{MP} - Solar cell current at max power point EOL solstice

 I_{MP} - Solar cell current at max power point EOL equinox

I_{SOLSTICE} - Required current solstice per bus

I_{EQUINOX} - Required current equinox per bus

V_{BUS} - Bus voltage

N_P - Number of solar cells in parallel for each bus

 $V_{EOL\ SOLSTICE}$ - Solar cell voltage at EOL summer solstice

V_{EOL EOUINOX} - Solar cell voltage at EOL autumnal equinox

N_s - Number of solar cells in series for each bus

I_{BUS} - Current per bus or wing

 V_{BUS} - Voltage per bus or wing

P_{TOTAL} - Total power

N_C - Number of series cells for charge array solstice

 $N_{\mbox{\scriptsize CSS}}$ - Number of parallel cells for charge array solstice

 $N_{\text{\scriptsize CEQ}}$ - Number of parallel cells for charge array equinox

Finally the data file names appear for this design run.

SAMPLE DATA SHEET

SPACECRAFT MASS SUMMARY

Subsystem	Mass (kg)	
Structure	278.4	
Thermal	52.7	
Propulsion	132.5	
Attitude Contro	164.8	
Electric Integration	76.1	
Mechanical Integration	27.3	
Mass Margin	162.3	
Dry Spacecraft Mass	1622.8	
Propellent Pressurant	384.3	
Apogee Motor Expendable	1192.9	
Spacecraft Mass at Seperation	3200.0	
Communications	175.1	
Antenna Reference Mass	309.0	
Electric Power	351.6	
Telemetry and Command	24.2	

APPENDIX B

A. MASS PROPELLENT BUDGET AND SYSTEM MASS SUMMARY

```
-- Title
           : Velocity Determination
-- Author
            : David Lashbrook
-- Date
           : 09 October 1991
-- Revised
            : 05 May 1992
-- Compiler
            : OPENADA EXT
-- Description : This procedure determines the delta velocity for insertion
               into geosynchronous orbit.
with TEXT_IO, MATH LIB, GETDATA, VIDEO;
use TEXT IO, MATH LIB, GETDATA;
procedure MASSPRO is
 package FLOAT_INOUT is new FLOAT_IO(FLOAT);
       FLOAT_INOUT;
 package INTEGER_INOUT is new INTEGER_IO(INTEGER);
      INTEGER INOUT;
 package BOOLEAN INOUT is new ENUMERATION_IO(BOOLEAN);
       BOOLEAN_INOUT;
 INCLINATION RADIANS,
 DELTA_VELOCITY_NORTH_SOUTH,
 DELTA_VELOCITY_EAST_WEST,
 DELTA_VELOCITY STATION REPOSITIONING,
 DELTA VELOCITY,
            : FLOAT;
 EFF NS
              : FLOAT := 0.91;
 EFF EW
               : FLOAT := 0.99;
 I
                         : INTEGER;
 MASS_BEFORE_APOGEE_BURN,
 SPACECRAFT_MASS_BEFORE_APOGEE_BURN,
 COMM_PACKAGE MASS,
 SPACECRAFT_MASS
                                 : FLOAT;
 DRUM_SPINNER
                                : BOOLEAN: = FALSE;
 OUTM
                            :FILE TYPE;
```

```
procedure GET_DATA(X : out FLOAT) is
   begin
    loop
       begin
        NEW LINE(2);
        SET COL(10);
        PUT LINE("Enter the value as a real number with a
decimal point");
        SET_COL(15);
        PUT LINE("(Depress CTRL^C to exit the program.)");
        SET COL(10);
        GET(X);
        SKIP LINE;
        exit;
       exception
        when DATA_ERROR = >
        SKIP LINE;
        NEW LINE;
        SET COL(10);
        PUT LINE("Error.. You must enter the value as a
real");
        SET COL(10);
        PUT LINE("number with a decimal point. ie 123.4");
        SET COL(10);
        PUT_LINE("Try again.");
        NEW LINE;
       end:
    end loop;
   end GET_DATA;
-- Reads an integer input from the keyboard
   procedure GET_INTEGER(I : out INTEGER) is
   begin
    loop
       begin
        NEW LINE(2);
        SET COL(10);
         PUT LINE("Enter the value as an integer"):
        PUT_LINE("(Depress CTRL^C to exit the program.)");
         SET_COL(10);
         GET(I);
         SKIP LINE(1);
         exit;
       exception
         when DATA_ERROR = >
        SKIP LINE;
        NEW_LINE;
        SET COL(10);
        PUT LINE("Error.. You must enter the value as a
INTEGER");
        SET COL(10);
```

```
PUT_LINE(" NO! decimal point. ie 123 ");
       SET_COL(10);
       PUT_LINE(" Please try again.");
      NEW LINE;
      end;
   end loop;
  end GET_INTEGER;
procedure GET_CHARACTER(CHAR: out CHARACTER) is
   loop
      begin
       NEW_LINE(2);
       SET_COL(10);
       PUT_LINE("Enter 'Y' for YES or ");
       NEW_LINE(1);
       SET COL(10);
                       'N' for NO");
       PUT LINE("
       SET_COL(15);
       PUT LINE("(Depress CTRL^C to exit the program.)");
       SET_COL(10);
       GET(CHAR);
       SKIP_LINE;
       exit;
      exception
       when DATA ERROR =>
       SKIP LINE;
       NEW_LINE;
       SET_COL(10);
       PUT_LINE("Error.. You must enter character");
       SET COL(10);
       PUT_LINE("Try again.");
       NEW LINE;
      end;
   end loop;
  end GET_CHARACTER;
  procedure DUAL SPIN (DRUM_SPINNER: in out BOOLEAN) is
 у,
 Y,
 n,
 N,
 CHAR
                                CHARACTER;
begin
  VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
 SET COL(10);
 PUT_LINE("Is your spacecraft Spin Stabilized ");
 SET_COL(15):
 GET_CHARACTER(char);
 if CHAR = 'Y' or CHAR = 'y' then
    DRUM_SPINNER: = TRUE;
```

```
if DRUM SPINNER = TRUE then
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
  NEW LINE(2);
**********);
  NEW LINE(2):
  SET COL(10);
  PUT_LINE("Satellite is Spin Stabilized");
  NEW LINE(2);
**********);
  NEW LINE(2);
  end if;
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
  NEW_LINE(2);
NEW LINE(2);
  SET COL(10);
  PUT LINE("Satellite is Three Axis Stabilized");
  NEW LINE(2);
**********
  NEW_LINE(2);
 end if;
end DUAL_SPIN;
 procedure PRINT HEADER is
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
  NEW LINE(2);
  SET_COL(10);
  PUT LINE("This program walks through a basic design of a");
  SET COL(10);
  PUT LINE("geosynchronous satellite.");
  NEW LINE;
  end PRINT_HEADER;
procedure VELOCITY (INCLINATION_RADIANS : in out FLOAT;
      DELTA VELOCITY : in out FLOAT) is
 RADIUS_EARTH : FLOAT := 7378.0;
kilometers
 UE
              : constant FLOAT: = 3.986E + 05: --
```

```
km**3/seconds**2
 GEOSYNCHRONOUS_ORBIT_RADIUS: constant FLOAT: =4.2164E+04; -- km
 APOGEE_VELOCITY,
 PERIGEE_VELOCITY,
 SYNCHRONOUS_ORBIT_VELOCITY_CALCULATED,
 ANGULAR VELOCITY,
 RADIUS_APOGEE,
 RADIUS PERIGEE,
 APOGEE_ALTITUDE,
 PERIGEE ALTITUDE,
 INCLINATION,
 ORBIT RADIUS
                    : FLOAT := 0.0;
kilometers
 SYNCHRONOUS_ORBIT_VELOCITY: constant FLOAT: =3.075; --
kilometers/second
 W.
 X,
 Y,
 Z
                 : FLOAT:=0.0;
 BETA,
 ALFA DEGREES,
 ALFA
                   : FLOAT:=0.0;
radians
 I,
 N
                 : INTEGER;
 begin
  -- Read apogee radius from keyboard
  -- GET APOGEE RADIUS
   SET COL(10);
   NEW_LINE(2);
**********);
   NEW LINE;
   PUT_LINE (" Please enter radius at apogee ");
   NEW_LINE(2);
   SET COL(15);
   GET_DATA(RADIUS_APOGEE);
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   NEW_LINE(2);
   SET_COL(10);
   PUT("Radius at apogee is ");
   SET COL(60);
```

```
PUT(RADIUS APOGEE, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
   PUT(" km");
 -- GET PERIGEE RADIUS is
   NEW LINE(2);
************);
   NEW_LINE;
   SET COL(10);
   PUT_LINE("Please enter radius at Perigee");
   GET_DATA(RADIUS PERIGEE);
   NEW LINE(2);
   SET COL(10);
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   PUT("Radius at perigee is ");
   SET COL(60);
   PUT(RADIUS PERIGEE, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
   PUT(" km");
-- VELOCITIES
   ORBIT RADIUS:=(RADIUS APOGEE+RADIUS PERIGEE)/2.0;
   NEW LINE(2);
   SET_COL(10);
   PUT("Orbit radius is ");
   SET COL(60);
   PUT(ORBIT RADIUS, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
   PUT(" km");
PERIGEE VELOCITY:=SQRT((2.0*UE*RADIUS APOGEE)/((RADIUS APOGEE+RAD
IUS PERIGEE)*RADIUS PERIGEE));
   NEW LINE(2);
   SET COL(10);
   PUT("Perigee velocity is ");
   SET COL(60);
   PUT(PERIGEE VELOCITY, FORE \approx > 6, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
   PUT(" km/sec");
APOGEE_VELOCITY:=PERIGEE_VELOCITY*(RADIUS_PERIGEE/RADIUS_APOGEE);
   NEW LINE(2);
   SET COL(10);
   PUT("Apogee velocity is ");
   SET COL(60);
    PUT(APOGEE VELOCITY, FORE => 6, AFT => 4, EXP => 0);
   PUT(" km/sec");
    ANGULAR VELOCITY: = RADIUS APOGEE*APOGEE VELOCITY;
    NEW LINE(2):
    SET COL(10);
```

```
PUT("Angular (h) velocity is ");
   SET COL(60);
    PUT(ANGULAR\_VELOCITY, FORE => 6, AFT => 4, EXP => 0);
   SYNCHRONOUS ORBIT VELOCITY CALCULATED:= SQRT
               (UE/GEOSYNCHRONOUS_ORBIT_RADIUS);
   NEW LINE(2);
   SET COL(10);
   PUT("Geosynchronous orbit velocity is ");
   SET COL(60);
   PUT(SYNCHRONOUS_ORBIT_VELOCITY_CALCULATED,FORE = >6,AFT
=>4,EXP=>0);
   PUT(" km/sec"); NEW_LINE(2);
-- FIND ANGLES
   NEW LINE(2);
**********);
   NEW LINE(2);
   SET COL(10);
   PUT_LINE("Please enter the inclination the launch");
   SET COL(10);
   PUT_LINE("vehicle will insert the spacecraft.");
   NEW LINE(2);
   GET DATA(INCLINATION);
   INCLINATION RADIANS:=INCLINATION*PI/180.0;
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   NEW_LINE(2);
   SET COL(10);
   PUT("Inclination in degrees is ");
   SET_COL(60);
   PUT(INCLINATION, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
   NEW LINE(2);
   SET COL(10);
   PUT("Inclination in radians is ");
   SET COL(60);
   PUT(INCLINATION RADIANS, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 5, EXP = > 0);
   ALFA: = ATAN((APOGEE VELOCITY*SIN(INCLINATION RADIANS))
/(SYNCHRONOUS_ORBIT_VELOCITY-APOGEE_VELOCITY*COS(INCLINATION_RADI
ANS)));
    ALFA_DEGREES: = ABS(ALFA*180.0/PI);
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET COL(10);
    PUT("Insertion angle in degrees (ALFA) is ");
```

```
SET COL(60);
    PUT(ALFA_DEGREES, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
  -- BETA: = ABS(180.0-(INCLINATION + ALFA DEGREES));
  -- NEW LINE(2);
  -- SET COL(10);
  -- PUT("Triangular angle (BETA) is ");
  -- PUT(BETA, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
 -- DELTA_VEL
DELTA_VELOCITY:=SQRT(((APOGEE VELOCITY*SIN(INCLINATION RADIANS))*
    +((SYNCHRONOUS ORBIT VELOCITY
    -APOGEE VELOCITY*COS(INCLINATION RADIANS))**2));
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET COL(10);
    PUT("Delta velocity for insertion into geo is ");
    PUT(DELTA VELOCITY, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
    PUT(" km/sec");
    NEW LINE(2);
***********);
    NEW_LINE(2);
end VELOCITY:
procedure STATION_KEEPING_REPOSITIONING
   (DELTA_VELOCITY NORTH SOUTH
                                       : in out FLOAT;
    DELTA_VELOCITY EAST WEST
                                      : in out FLOAT;
    DELTA VELOCITY STATION REPOSITIONING: in out FLOAT;
    EFF NS
                            : in out FLOAT;
    EFF_EW
                             : in out FLOAT) is
   AVERAGE_INCLINATION_DRIFT_YEAR,
   AVERAGE DRIFT PER YEAR,
   AVERAGE DRIFT YEAR,
   ADPY,
   LAMDA_DOT_DOT,
   LAMDA,
   DELTA_LAMDA,
   OPERATING LONGITUDE,
   LONGITUDINAL DRIFT ACCELERATION,
   TOLERANCE.
   TOLERANCE RADIANS,
```

```
INCLINATION DRIFT YEAR : FLOAT := 0.0;
   NORTH SOUTH MANEUVERS,
  NORTH SOUTH MANEUVERS INTEGER,
   TIME NS,
   FUEL MASS_NS,
   TIME EW,
   ISP FUEL,
   EAST WEST MANEUVERS,
   FUEL MASS EW,
   DELTA VELOCITY TOTAL, -- delta velocity required for both
east west
           -- and north south station keeping
   --EFF NS, -- thruster efficiency north south station
   -- EFF EW, -- thruster efficiency east west station
keeping
   Χ,
   EFF DOR, -- thruster efficiency de-orbit
   EFF SR, -- thruster efficiency station repositioning
   STABLE_LONGITUDE,
   DAYS TO REPOSITION,
   DEGREES TO REPOSITION,
   DELTA FUEL STATION REPOSITIONING,
   EFF STATION REPOSITION :
                                     FLOAT;
   WORST_LONGITUDINAL_DRIFT_ACCELERATION: constant FLOAT:=
-0.00168:
   STABLE LONGITUDE EAST: constant: = 75.0;
   STABLE_LONGITUDE_WEST : constant := 255.0;
                     : constant := 9.81; --m/s
   GRAVITY
   FIRST YEAR: INTEGER
                                := 1991;
   LAST YEAR : INTEGER
                                := 2003;
   N,
   I,
   CHOICE,
                                            INTEGER;
   SPACECRAFT_LIFE:
   type DRIFT_PER_YEAR is array (FIRST_YEAR..LAST_YEAR) of
FLOAT:
   DRIFT: DRIFT PER YEAR
   :=(0.897,0.867,0.834,0.802,0.775,0.756,0.748,0.752,
   0.767,0.792,0.823,0.856,0.888);
-- 1991 through 2003
begin
  NEW_LINE(2);
```

```
NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT LINE("Enter the tolerance of spacecraft LATITUDE as real
number.");
 GET DATA(TOLERANCE);
 VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
 PUT("Tolerance is ").
 set col(60);
 PUT(TOLERANCE, FORE = >6, AFT = >2, EXP = >0); PUT(" deg");
 TOLERANCE RADIANS:=TOLERANCE*PI/180.0;
 SET COL(10);
<<YEAR>>
 NEW_LINE(2);
NEW LINE;
 PUT LINE("Please enter the beginning year as an integer");
 SET COL(5);
 GET INTEGER (FIRST YEAR);
 VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
 if FIRST YEAR < 1991 then
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   PUT LINE("ERROR ..... First Year is lower tinn 1991");
   PUT LINE("Please Try Again.");
   NEW LINE(3):
   goto year;
 end if;
 SET COL(10);
 NEW LINE(2):
 PUT("First year of lifetime is");
 NEW LINE(2);
NEW_LINE(2);
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(FIRST YEAR, WIDTH = > 5);
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET_COL(5);
<<YEARA>>
 PUT LINE("Please enter the ending year as an integer");
 SET COL(5);
 GET INTEGER (LAST YEAR);
 VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
 NEW_LINE(2);
```

```
**********);
 NEW LINE;
 if LAST YEAR < FIRST YEAR then
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   PUT_LINE("ERROR .... :Last Year is lower than First
Year");
   PUT_LINE("Please Try Again.");
   NEW LINE(3);
   goto YEAR;
 elsif LAST_YEAR > 2003 then
   VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
   PUT LINE("ERROR ..... Last Year is greater than 2003");
   PUT LINE("Please Try Again.");
   NEW LINE(3);
   goto YEARA;
 end if;
 SET COL(5);
 PUT("Last year of expected lifetime is");
 SET_COL(60);
 PUT(LAST YEAR, WIDTH = > 5);
 NEW LINE(2);
***********);
 NEW_LINE(2);
 SPACECRAFT LIFE: = LAST YEAR-FIRST YEAR+1; -- Total years
includes ending year
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(5);
 PUT("Spacecraft life is ");
 PUT(SPACECRAFT LIFE, width = > 3);
 PUT(" years");
 PUT(" (launch year counts as one year)");
 NEW LINE(2);
***********);
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10); PUT("TO CONTINUE ENTER ANY INTEGER");
GET INTEGER(I);
 VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
**********);
```

```
NEW_LINE;
 SET_COL(5);
 PUT("Drift per year ");
 while FIRST_YEAR <= LAST_YEAR loop
INCLINATION_DRIFT_YEAR:=INCLINATION_DRIFT_YEAR+DRIFT(FIRST_YEAR);
   SET COL(5);
   PUT(FIRST_YEAR, WIDTH = > 5);
   SET_COL(20);
   PUT(DRIFT(FIRST YEAR), FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
   FIRST_YEAR:=FIRST_YEAR+1;
 end loop;
 NEW LINE(2);
***********);
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10); PUT("TO CONTINUE ENTER ANY INTEGER");
GET INTEGER(I);
AVERAGE_DRIFT_PER_YEAR: = INCLINATION_DRIFT_YEAR/FLOAT(SPACECRAFT_L
IFE);
 NEW LINE(2);
 ADPY:=AVERAGE_DRIFT_PER_YEAR;
 SET COL(5);
 NEW_LINE(2);
***********);
 NEW_LINE(2);
 VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
 SET_COL(5);
 PUT(" Average drift rate per year is ");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(ADPY, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" degrees");
 TIME NS: =(2.0*TOLERANCE/ADPY)*365.25;
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(5);
 PUT(" Time spent in north south station keeping is ");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(TIME NS, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" days");
```

```
NORTH SOUTH MANEUVERS: = (FLOAT(SPACECRAFT LIFE)*ADPY)/(2.0*TOLERAN
CE);
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(5);
 PUT(" Number of north south maneuvers is (REAL)");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(NORTH SOUTH MANEUVERS, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
 N:=INTEGER(NORTH SOUTH MANEUVERS);
 NORTH SOUTH MANEUVERS INTEGER:=FLOAT(N);
  --NEW LINE(2):
  --SET COL(5);
  --PUT(" N");
  --PUT(NORTH SOUTH MANEUVERS, FORE = >4, AFT = >4, EXP = >0);
  if NORTH SOUTH MANEUVERS INTEGER < NORTH SOUTH MANEUVERS then
NORTH_SOUTH_MANEUVERS_INTEGER:=NORTH_SOUTH_MANEUVERS_INTEGER+1.0;
  end if;
  NORTH SOUTH MANEUVERS:=NORTH SOUTH MANEUVERS INTEGER;
  NEW_LINE(1);
  SET COL(5);
  PUT(" Number of north south maneuvers is (ROUND UP)");
  SET COL(60):
  PUT(NORTH SOUTH MANEUVERS, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
  DELTA VELOCITY NORTH SOUTH: =
  NORTH SOUTH MANEUVERS C. 148*SIN(TOLERANCE RADIANS)*1000.0;
  NEW LINE(2);
  SET COL(5);
  PUT(" Delta velocity north south is"):
  SET COL(60):
  PUT(DELTA VELOCITY NORTH SOUTH, FORE => 4, AFT => 4, EXP =>
  PUT(" m/sec");
  NEW LINE(2);
**********);
  NEW_LINE(2);
  SET COL(10); PUT("TO CONTINUE ENTER ANY INTEGER");
GET INTEGER(I);
  -- East West station keeping
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
```

```
NEW LINE(2);
********
 NEW_LINE(2);
 SET COL(5);
 PUT_LINE("Enter the spacecraft OPERATING LONGITUDE");
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET_COL(5);
 GET_DATA(OPERATING_LONGITUDE);
 VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET_COL(10);
 PUT("Operating Longitude is ");
 PUT(OPERATING LONGITUDE, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" degrees longitude");
 NEW_LINE(2);
**********);
 NEW_LINE(2);
 SET_COL(5);
 if OPERATING LONGITUDE > 345.0000
   and OPERATING LONGITUDE <= 360.0 then
   DELTA LAMDA: = SIN(2.0*PI/180.0*
   (360.0-OPERATING_LONGITUDE+STABLE LONGITUDE EAST));
   STABLE LONGITUDE: = STABLE LONGITUDE EAST;
 elsif OPERATING LONGITUDE > = 0.0
   and OPERATING_LONGITUDE < 165.0 and OPERATING_LONGITUDE /=
75.0 then
   DELTA LAMDA: = SIN(2.0*PI/180.0*
   (OPERATING_LONGITUDE-STABLE_LONGITUDE_EAST));
   STABLE_LONGITUDE: = STABLE_LONGITUDE_EAST;
 elsif OPERATING LONGITUDE > 165.0
   and OPERATING_LONGITUDE <345.0 and OPERATING_LONGITUDE /=
255.0 then
   DELTA LAMDA: = SIN(2.0*PI/180.0*
   (OPERATING_LONGITUDE-STABLE_LONGITUDE_WEST));
   STABLE LONGITUDE: = STABLE LONGITUDE WEST;
  elsif OPERATING LONGITUDE = 165.0 or OPERATING LONGITUDE =
345.0 then
   DELTA_LAMDA: = WORST_LONGITUDINAL_DRIFT_ACCELERATION;
   SET_COL(5);
   PUT("Delta Lamda is ");
   PUT(DELTA\ LAMDA, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
   PUT(" degrees");
```

```
elsif OPERATING LONGITUDE = 255.0 or OPERATING LONGITUDE =
75.0 then
    SET COL(5);
    PUT(" Stable longitude so time between east-west is");
    SET_COL(5);PUT("essentially infinite");
    TIME EW:=0.0;
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET COL(5);
    PUT(" Time between east west keeping is ");
    PUT(TIME_EW, FORE => 4, AFT => 4, EXP => 0);
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET COL(5);
    LAMDA DOT DOT:=0.0;
    SET COL(5);
    PUT("Delta Lamda DOUBLE DOT is ");
    PUT(LAMDA DOT DOT, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 7, EXP = > 0);
    PUT(" degrees/day^2");
  end if;
  if OPERATING LONGITUDE /= 75.0 then
    if OPERATING LONGITUDE /= 255.0 then
LAMDA_DOT_DOT:=ABS((WORST_LONGITUDINAL_DRIFT_ACCELERATION)*(DELTA
LAMDA));
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET COL(5);
    PUT("Delta Lamda DOUBLE DOT is ");
    SET COL(50);
    PUT(LAMDA\_DOT\_DOT,FORE = > 1,AFT = > 7,EXP = > 0);
    PUT(" degrees/day^2");
   -- Average time interval between east-west station keeping
days
    TIME EW: = 4.0*SQRT((TOLERANCE/LAMDA DOT DOT));
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET COL(5);
    PUT(" Time between east west keeping is ");
    SET COL(50);
    PUT(TIME_EW, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
    PUT(" days");
    end if;
  end if:
```

```
*(OPERATING LONGITUDE-STABLE LONGITUDE))*FLOAT(SPACECRAFT LIFE));
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(5);
 PUT(" Delta velocity east west is");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(DELTA\_VELOCITY\_EAST\_WEST, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" m/sec");
  -- Total delta velocity required
  NEW_LINE(2);
 SET_COL(5);
 PUT_LINE("The default propulsion efficiency in the N-S
direction is 0.91");
  SET COL(5);
  SET COL(5);
  PUT LINE("The default propulsion efficiency in the E-W
direction is 0.99");
 NEW LINE(2);
  SET COL(5);
  PUT_LINE("enter an integer '1' to CHANGE default values");
  NEW LINE(2);
  SET COL(5);
  PUT LINE("To accept default values enter integer 2");
  GET INTEGER(CHOICE);
  case CHOICE is
    when 1 = >
    VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
    SET COL(5);
    PUT LINE("Please enter desired N-S propulsion efficiency");
    SET COL(5);
    GET DATA(EFF NS);
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET_COL(5);
    PUT LINE("Now enter desired E-W propulsion efficiency");
    SET COL(5);
    GET DATA(EFF EW);
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
    when OTHERS = >
    VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
    NEW_LINE(2);
    SET COL(5);
    PUT LINE ("Understand no changes desired");
    NEW LINE(3);
  end case;
  DELTA_VELOCITY TOTAL:=(DELTA VELOCITY NORTH SOUTH/EFF NS)
    +(DELTA VELOCITY EAST WEST/EFF EW);
  NEW_LINE(2);
```

```
SET COL(10);
 PUT("Delta velocity total is ");
 PUT(DELTA VELOCITY TOTAL, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0):
 PUT (" km/sec");
 NEW_LINE(2);
**********
 NEW LINE(2);
   SET COL(10); PUT("TO CONTINUE ENTER ANY INTEGER"):
GET INTEGER(I);
   VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
 - STATION REPOSITIONING
 SET_COL(5);
 PUT_LINE("Enter the numbers of days to reposition");
 SET COL(5);
 GET DATA(DAYS TO REPOSITION);
 VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT("Number of Days to Reposition is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(DAYS TO REPOSITION, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
 PUT (" days");
 NEW_LINE(2);
*********");
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET_COL(5);
 -- Get how many degrees to reposition satellite
 SET COL(5);
 PUT LINE("Enter the number of degrees to reposition");
 SET COL(5);
 PUT_LINE("as real number.");
 GET DATA(DEGREES TO REPOSITION);
 VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
 NEW LINE(2);
************);
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT("Number of Degrees to Reposition is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(DEGREES TO REPOSITION, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0):
 PUT(" degrees");
```

```
-- Delta velocity to reposition satellite
 DELTA VELOCITY STATION REPOSITIONING:=5.66*
  DEGREES_TO_REPOSITION/DAYS_TO_REPOSITION;
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT("Delta velocity for station repositioning is");
 SET_COL(50);
 PUT(DELTA VELOCITY STATION REPOSITIONING, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2,
EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" m/sec");
 NEW_LINE(2);
**********);
 NEW_LINE(2);
end STATION KEEPING REPOSITIONING;
procedure MASS
    (DELTA VELOCITY NORTH SOUTH
                                      : in
                                                FLOAT;
  DELTA VELOCITY EAST WEST
                                            FLOAT;
                                     : in
  DELTA VELOCITY STATION REPOSITIONING: in
                                                 FLOAT;
  DELTA_VELOCITY
                                       FLOAT;
                                : in
  EFF NS
                                   FLOAT;
                           : in
  EFF EW
                            : in
                                   FLOAT;
  SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN : in out
                                                  FLOAT;
  COMM PACKAGE MASS
                                   : in out
                                           FLOAT)
is
 gravity: constant FLOAT
                       := 9.81:
                                      -- m/s
 Y
      : constant FLOAT
                        := 7.0;
constant
 ADAPTOR: constant FLOAT
                          := 45.0;
 ISP ORBIT: FLOAT
                          := 278.0;
 MASS REFERENCE: FLOAT
                            := 1900.0;
kilograms
 SPACECRAFT: FLOAT;
                              := 7.0;
 PRE_AMF_REFERENCE : FLOAT
                                             -- kg
 AMF_REFERENCE : FLOAT
                              := 861.0;
 POST_AMF_REFERENCE: FLOAT := 29.9;
                                             -- kg
 MASS CHANGE POST AMF:FLOAT
                                := 0.0;
 PRESSURANT_REF: FLOAT
                            := 5.0;
                                           -- kg
 MARGIN REF: FLOAT
                            := 2.0;
```

ON_ORBIT_CONTROL_REF:FLOAT := 118.0;

DEORBIT REFERENCE: FLOAT := 5.2;

ATTITUDE CONTROL REF:FLOAT

ISP AMF: FLOAT

-- sec

:= 12.3;

:= 300.0;

-- kg

-- kg

-- kg

PRESSURANT_REFERENCE: FLOAT := 5.0; -- kg
MARGIN_REFERENCE: FLOAT := 2.0; -- kg
DELTA_VELOCITY_DEORBIT:FLOAT := 7.0;

SCALE_FACTOR: constant FLOAT := 1.9; -FACTOR: constant FLOAT := 1.05; -MASS RATIO: FLOAT; --

PRE_AMF,
AMF,
POST_AMF,
BOL_MASS,
ON_ORBIT_CONTROL,
ATTITUDE_CONTROL,
DEORBIT,
PRESSURANT,
MARGIN,

SPACECRAFT_DRY_MASS, SPACECRAFT_BOL_MASS,

APOGEE_MOTOR_IMPULSE,
ORBIT_IMPULSE,
MASS_SPACECRAFT,
SPACECRAFT_MASS,
MASS_POST_AMF,
MASS_EW_STATION_KEEPING,
MASS_NS_STATION_KEEPING,
MASS_STATION_REPOSITIONING,
MASS_DEORBIT,

MASS_DRY,
MASS_INITIAL,
MASS_MARGIN,
MASS_PROPELLENT_PRESSURANT,

PROPELLENT_MARGIN,
PROPELLENT_MASS,
PROPELLENT_EXPENDITURE,
PROPELLENT_PRESSJRANT_MASS,
PROPELLENT_MASS_CHANGE,
PROPELLENT_EXPENDITURE,
BYPROPELLENT_MASS,

STRUCTURAL_MASS, THERMAL_CONTROL_MASS, ELECTRICAL_SYSTEM_MASS, MECHANICAL_SYSTEM_MASS, DRY_MASS, PAYLOAD POWER,

```
HOUSEKEEPING POWER,
 BATTERY LOAD,
 SOLAR_ARRAY_LOAD,
 ELECTRICAL POWER MASS,
 EFF_STATION_REPOSITIONING,
 EFF DEORBIT.
 PROPELLENT MARGIN,
 Χ,
 Z,
 ON_ORBIT_CONTROL,
 TRACKING TELEMETRY
                             : FLOAT;
                     : INTEGER ;
 --DELTA VELOCITY: constant FLOAT:= 1.52;
 OUTF
             :FILE_TYPE;
begin
SET COL(10);
PUT LINE("Enter the mass of the spacecraft in kilograms");
SET_COL(10);
GET_DATA(SPACECRAFT_MASS_BEFORE_APOGEE_BURN);
NEW_LINE(2);
SET COL(15);
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Spacecraft mass before apogee motor burn is ");
PUT(SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2. EXP
= > 0);
PUT(" kgs");
NEW_LINE(2);
**********");
NEW LINE(2);
SET_COL(10);
PUT("What is the specific impulse for apogee injection");
SET COL(15);
get_data(APOGEE_MOTOR_IMPULSE);
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
***********);
NEW LINE;
```

PUT("Specific Impulse of Apogee injection is ");

```
PUT(APOGEE MOTOR IMPULSE, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0);
PUT(" sec");
 NEW_LINE(2);
**********);
 NEW_LINE(2);
--SPACECRAFT_MASS_BEFORE_APOGEE_BURN:=MASS_BEFORE_APOGEE_BURN-ADA
PTOR;
  SET COL(10);
 PUT_LINE(" This mass budget uses modified INTELSAT V");
  SET COL(10);
  PUT_LINE ("data for a premliminary estimation purposes");
  SET COL(10);
  PUT_LINE("the reference data to a different satellite
simply");
  SET_COL(10);
  PUT LINE ("changing the values labelled reference in the");
  SET_COL(10);
  PUT LINE ("declaration statements");
 NEW LINE(3);
 SET COL(5);
 PUT("Please enter the value for efficiency of station
repositioning");
 SET COL(15);
 get data(EFF STATION REPOSITIONING);
 VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
 NEW LINE(2):
 SET_COL(10);
 PUT("Efficiency of STATION REPOSITIONING is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(EFF STATION REPOSITIONING, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 3, EXP = > 0);
 NEW LINE(2);
PUT LINE("***********
************);
 NEW_LINE(2);
 SET COL(5);
 PUT("Please enter the value for efficiency of satellite
deorbit");
 SET_COL(15);
 get_data(EFF_DEORBIT);
 VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(15);
 PUT("Efficiency of deorbit is ");
 PUT(EFF DEORBIT, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 3, EXP = > 0);
```

```
NEW_LINE(2);
************);
 NEW LINE(2);
 MASS_RATIO: = SPACECRAFT_MASS_BEFORE_APOGEE_BURN/MASS_REFERENCE;
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT("Mass Ratio is ");
 SET_COL(50);
 PUT(MASS_RATIO, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
 SET COL(10); PUT("TO CONTINUE ENTER ANY INTEGER");
GET INTEGER(I);
 VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
 PRE_AMF:=MASS_RATIO*PRE_AMF REFERENCE;
 NEW_LINE(2);
 SET_COL(10);
 PUT("Pre amf is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(PRE\_AMF, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" kgs");
 AMF:=SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN
*(1.0-EXP((-DELTA VELOCITY*1000.0)/(APOGEE MOTOR IMPULSE*GRAVITY)
));
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET_COL(10);
 PUT("AMF is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(AMF, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" kgs");
 POST_AMF:=SPACECRAFT_MASS_BEFORE_APOGEE_BURN-AMF-PRE_AMF:
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT("Post AMF is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(POST_AMF, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(* kgs*);
 MASS CHANGE POST AMF: = MASS RATIO*POST AMF REFERENCE:
 NEW_LINE(2);
```

```
SET COL(10);
 PUT("Mass Change POST AMF is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(MASS CHANGE POST AMF, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" kgs");
 NEW_LINE(2);
***********);
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
PUT("What is the specific impulse for OPBIT maintainance");
SET COL(15);
get_data(ORBIT_IMPULSE);
VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
PUT("Specific Impulse of orbit maintainance is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(ORBIT_IMPULSE, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 1, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" sec");
NEW LINE(1);
**********
 MASS_NS_STATION_KEEPING: = POST_AMF*(1.0-
EXP((-DELTA_VELOCITY_NORTH_SOUTH)/(ORBIT_IMPULSE*GRAVITY*EFF NS))
 NEW LINE(1);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT("Change in mass for north south station keeping is");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(MASS NS STATION KEEPING, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP \approx > 0);
 PUT(" kgs");
MASS_EW_STATION_KEEPING:=(POST_AMF-MASS_NS_STATION_KEEPING)*(1.0-
           EXP((-DELTA_VELOCITY_EAST_WEST)
           /(ORBIT IMPULSE*GRAVITY*EFF EW)));
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT("Change in mass for east west station keeping is");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(MASS EW STATION_KEEPING, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" kgs");
 MASS_STATION_REPOSITIONING = (POST_AMF-MASS_NS_STATION_KEEPING
        -MASS EW STATION KEEPING)*(1.0-
        EXP((-DELTA VELOCITY STATION REPOSITIONING)
```

```
/(ORBIT IMPULSE*GRAVITY*EFF STATION REPOSITIONING)));
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT("Change in mass for station repositioning is");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(MASS STATION REPOSITIONING, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP =>
 PUT(" kgs");
__************************
 ON ORBIT CONTROL:=POST AMF*(1.0
 -EXP((-DELTA VELOCITY_DEORBIT)/(ORBIT_IMPULSE*GRAVITY)));
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT("On orbit control is ");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(ON ORBIT CONTROL, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
 PUT(" kgs");
 MASS DEORBIT: = (POST AMF-MASS NS STATION KEEPING
  -MASS_EW_STATION_KEEPING-MASS_STATION_REPOSITIONING)*(1.0-
EXP((-DELTA_VELOCITY_DEORBIT)/(ORBIT_IMPULSE*GRAVITY*EFF_DEORBIT)
));
 NEW_LINE(2);
 SET CGL(10);
 PUT("Change in mass for de-orbit is");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(MASS DEORBIT, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
 PUT(" kgs");
  PRESSURANT: = MASS RATIO*PRESSURANT REF;
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT("Pressurant is ");
  SET COL(60);
 PUT(PRESSURANT, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
 PUT(" kgs");
PROPELLENT_MARGIN: = (MASS_NS_STATION_KEEPING+MASS_EW_STATION_KEEPI
NG
          + MASS STATION REPOSITIONING+MASS DEORBIT
          + PRE AMF+MASS CHANGE POST AMF+PRESSURANT)*0.02;
  NEW LINE(2);
  SET_COL(10);
```

```
PUT("Propellent margin is (2% safety margin) ");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(PROPELLENT MARGIN, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" kgs");
-- Total mass change due to propellent expenditure
 PROPELLENT EXPENDITURE: = (PROPELLENT MARGIN*51.0) + AMF;
 NEW LINE(2);
  SET COL(10):
  PUT("Propellent Expenditure is");
  SET COL(60);
  PUT(PROPELLENT_EXPENDITURE, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" kgs");
  SET COL(10); PUT("TO CONTINUE ENTER ANY INTEGER");
GET INTEGER(I);
  video.clear screen;
STRUCTURAL_MASS:=0.087*(SPACECRAFT_MASS_BEFORE_APOGEE_BUi'N);--ADA
PTOR);
  NEW LINE(2);
  SET COL(10);
  PUT(" Structural mass is ");
  SET COL(60);
  PUT(STRUCTURAL\_MASS, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
  PUT(" kgs");
  SPACECRAFT BOL MASS:=SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN
         -AMF-ADAPTOR-PRE AMF;
  NEW LINE(2);
  SET COL(10);
  PUT(" Spacecraft beginning of life mass is");
  SET COL(60);
  PUT(SPACECRAFT BOL MASS, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
  PUT(" kgs");
  if DRUM SPINNER = FALSE then
    THERMAL CONTROL MASS: =0.032*SPACECRAFT BOL MASS;
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET COL(10);
    PUT(" Thermal control mass is ");
    SET COL(60);
    PUT(THERMAL CONTROL MASS, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
    PUT(" kgs");
  else
    THERMAL_CONTROL MASS: =0.027*SPACECRAFT BOL MASS;
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET COL(10);
    PUT(" Thermal control mass is ");
```

```
SET COL(60);
 PUT(THERMAL CONTROL MASS, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" kgs");
end if;
if DRUM SPINNER = FALSE then
 ATTITUDE_CONTROL:=65.0+0.022*(SPACECRAFT_BOL_MASS-700.0);
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT(" Attitude control mass is ");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(ATTITUDE CONTROL, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
 PUT(" kgs");
  ATTITUDE CONTROL:=31.0+0.027*(SPACECRAFT_BOL_MASS-700.0);
 NEW_LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT(" Attitude control mass is ");
  SET COL(60);
  PUT(ATTITUDE\_CONTROL, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
  PUT(" kgs");
end if;
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM MASS: = 0.039*SPACECRAFT BOL MASS;
NEW LINE(2);
SET COL(10);
PUT(" Electrical system mass is ");
SET_COL(60);
PUT(ELECTRICAL SYSTEM MASS, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
PUT(" kgs");
MECHANICAL SYSTEM MASS: = 0.014*SPACECRAFT BOL MASS;
NEW LINE(2);
SET COL(10);
PUT(" Mechanical system mass is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(MECHANICAL\_SYSTEM\_MASS, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
PUT(" kgs");
BYPROPELLENT MASS: =0.084*PROPELLENT EXPENDITURE;
NEW LINE(2);
SET COL(10);
PUT(" Propellent is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(BYPROPELLENT MASS, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
PUT(" kgs");
NEW LINE(2);
```

```
PROPELLENT PRESSURANT MASS: = PROPELLENT EXPENDITURE-AMF;
 SET COL(10);
 PUT("Mass of propellent pressurant is ");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(PROPELLENT PRESSURANT MASS, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" kgs");
 NEW LINE(2):
 SPACECRAFT DRY MASS:=SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN
        -PROPELLENT EXPENDITURE;
 SET COL(10);
 PUT("Spacecraft Dry Mass is");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(SPACECRAFT DRY MASS, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" kgs");
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10); PUT("TO CONTINUE ENTER ANY INTEGER");
GET INTEGER(I);
 VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
 MASS MARGIN:=0.1*SPACECRAFT DRY MASS;
 new line(1);
 SET_COL(10);
 PUT("Spacecraft mass margin is");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(MASS MARGIN, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" kgs");
 NEW LINE(2);
 COMM PACKAGE MASS: = SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN
          -STRUCTURAL MASS
          -THERMAL CONTROL MASS
          -PROPELLENT EXPENDITURE
          -ATTITUDE CONTROL
          -ELECTRICAL SYSTEM MASS
          -MECHANICAL SYSTEM MASS
          -MASS MARGIN
          -MASS CHANGE POST AMF
          -PROPELLENT PRESSURANT MASS;
 SET COL(10);
 PUT("Communications package mass is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(COMM PACKAGE MASS, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0):
 PUT(" kgs");
 NEW LINE(2);
*********");
 NEW LINE(2);
```

```
CREATE(OUTF, NAME = > "PROPBUDG.DAT");
-- header for propellent budget
-- top line of header
SET LINE(OUTF,1);
SET COL(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "MANEUVER");
SET COL(OUTF,25);
PUT(OUTF, "Delta");
SET COL(OUTF,35);
PUT(OUTF, "Specific");
SET COL(OUTF,48);
PUT(OUTF, "Mass");
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF, "Final");
SET COL(OUTF,66);
PUT(OUTF, "Efficiency");
 -- second line of header
SET LINE(OUTF,2);
 SET COL(OUTF,23);
PUT(OUTF, "Velocity");
SET COL(OUTF,35);
PUT(OUTF, "Impulse");
 SET COL(OUTF,47);
 PUT(OUTF, "Change");
 SET_COL(OUTF,58);
 PUT(OUTF, "Mass");
 -- third line of header
 SET_LINE(OUTF,3);
 SET_COL(OUTF,25);
 PUT(OUTF, "(m/s)");
 SET_COL(OUTF,37);
 PUT(OUTF, "(s)");
 SET_COL(OUTF,48);
 PUT(OUTF, "(kg)");
 SET COL(OUTF,58);
 PUT(OUTF, "(kg)");
 SET LINE(OUTF,4);
----");
 -- start first data line
```

SET LINE(OUTF,5);

```
SET COL(OUTF,1);
 PUT(OUTF, "Separation");
 SET COL(OUTF,57);
PUT(OUTF, SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN, FORE = > 1, EXP = > 0
);
 -- second line of data
 SET LINE(OUTF,7);
 SET_COL(OUTF,1);
 PUT(OUTF, "Before AMF");
 SET COL(OUTF,46);
 PUT(OUTF, ADAPTOR, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 1, EXP = > 0);
 SET COL(OUTF,57);
PUT(OUTF, SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN-ADAPTOR, FORE = > 4, AFT = >
1,EXP = > 0);
 -- third line of data
 SET LINE(OUTF,9);
 SET COL(OUTF,1);
 PUT(OUTF, "AMF");
 SET COL(OUTF,25);
 PUT(OUTF, DELTA VELOCITY*1000.0, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0);
 SET COL(OUTF, 37);
 PUT(OUTF, APOGEE MOTOR IMPULSE, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 1, EXP = > 0);
 SET COL(OUTF,46);
 PUT(OUTF,AMF,FORE = >4,AFT = >1,EXP = >0);
 SET COL(OUTF,57);
 PUT(OUTF, SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN-ADAPTOR-AMF
              FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0);
 SET COL(OUTF,69);
 PUT(OUTF, "1.00");
 -- fourth line of data
 SET LINE(OUTF, 11);
 SET COL(OUTF,1);
 PUT(OUTF, "Post AMF");
 SET COL(OUTF,46);
 PUT(OUTF, MASS CHANGE POST AMF, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0);
 SET COL(OUTF, 57);
 PUT(OUTF, SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN-ADAPTOR
     -AMF-PRE AMF-MASS_CHANGE POST AMF, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0);
 -- fifth line of data ns station keeping
 SET LINE(OUTF, 13);
 SET COL(OUTF,1);
 PUT(OUTF, "N-S station keeping");
 SET COL(OUTF,25);
 PUT(OUTF, DELTA VELOCITY NORTH SOUTH, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0):
 SET COL(OUTF, 37);
 PUT(OUTF, ORBIT IMPULSE, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0);
 SET COL(OUTF,46);
 PUT(OUTF, MASS NS STATION_KEEPING, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0);
 SET COL(OUTF, 57);
```

```
PUT(OUTF, SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN-ADAPTOR
     -AMF-PRE AMF-MASS CHANGE POST AMF
     -MASS NS STATION KEEPING, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0):
 SET COL(OUTF.69);
 PUT(OUTF,EFF\ NS,FORE = > 1,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
 -- sixth line of data ew station keeping
 SET LINE(OUTF, 15);
 SET COL(OUTF,1);
 PUT(OUTF, "E-W station keeping");
 SET COL(OUTF,25):
 PUT(OUTF, DELTA VELOCITY EAST WEST, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0):
 SET COL(OUTF, 37);
 PUT(OUTF, ORBIT IMPULSE, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 1, EXP = > 0);
 SET COL(OUTF,46);
 PUT(OUTF, MASS EW STATION KEEPING, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0);
 SET COL(OUTF.57):
 PUT(OUTF, SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN-ADAPTOR
     -AMF-PRE AMF-MASS CHANGE POST AMF
     -MASS NS STATION KEEPING-MASS EW STATION KEEPING
     FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0);
 SET COL(OUTF,69);
 PUT(OUTF,EFF\ EW,FORE = > 1,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
 -- seventh line of data station repositioning
 SET LINE(OUTF, 17);
 SET COL(OUTF,1);
 PUT(OUTF, "Station Repositioning");
 SET COL(OUTF,25);
PUT(OUTF, DELTA VELOCITY STATION REPOSITIONING, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 1, EXP =
>0):
 SET COL(OUTF, 37);
 PUT(OUTF, ORBIT IMPULSE, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0):
 SET COL(OUTF, 46);
 PUT(OUTF.MASS STATION REPOSITIONING, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0);
 SET COL(OUTF, 57);
 PUT(OUTF, SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN-ADAPTOR
     -AMF-PRE AMF-MASS CHANGE POST AMF
     -MASS NS STATION KEEPING-MASS EW STATION KEEPING
     -MASS STATION REPOSITIONING, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0);
 SET COL(OUTF,69);
 PUT(OUTF, EFF STATION REPOSITIONING, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 -- eight line of data attitude control
 SET LINE(OUTF, 19);
 SET COL(OUTF,1);
 PUT(OUTF, "Attitude Control");
 SET COL(OUTF,46);
 PUT(OUTF, ON ORBIT CONTROL, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0);
 SET COL(OUTF,57);
 PUT(OUTF, SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN-ADAPTOR
```

```
-AMF-PRE AMF-MASS CHANGE POST AMF
   -MASS NS STATION KEEPING-MASS EW STATION KEEPING
   -MASS STATION REPOSITIONING-ON ORBIT CONTROL
   FORE = > 4, AFT = > 1, EXP = > 0;
SET COL(OUTF,69);
PUT(OUTF,EFF\ NS,FORE = > 1,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
-- ninth line of data de-orbit
SET LINE(OUTF,21);
SET COL(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "De-orbit");
SET COL(OUTF,25);
PUT(OUTF, DELTA VELOCITY DEORBIT, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 1, EXP = > 0);
SET COL(OUTF, 37);
PUT(OUTF, ORBIT IMPULSE, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, MASS DEORBIT, FORE \approx >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTF,57);
PUT(OUTF, SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN-ADAPTOR
   -AMF-PRE AMF-MASS CHANGE POST AMF
   -MASS NS STATION KEEPING-MASS EW STATION KEEPING
   -MASS STATION REPOSITIONING-ON ORBIT CONTROL-MASS DEORBIT
   FORE = > 4, AFT = > 1, EXP = > 0;
SET COL(OUTF.69):
PUT(OUTF,EFF\ DEORBIT,FORE = > 1,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
 -- tenth line of data pressurant
SET LINE(OUTF,23);
SET COL(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Pressurant");
SET COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, PRESSURANT, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 1, EXP = > 0);
SET COL(OUTF,57);
PUT(OUTF, SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN-ADAPTOR
    -AMF-PRE AMF-MASS CHANGE POST AMF
   -MASS NS STATION KEEPING-MASS EW STATION KEEPING
   -MASS STATION REPOSITIONING-MASS DEORBIT-PRESSURANT
    FORE = > 4, AFT = > 1, EXP = > 0);
 -- eleventh line of data margin propellent
SET LINE(OUTF,25);
SET COL(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Margin Propellent");
SET COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, PROPELLENT MARGIN, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 1, EXP = > 0);
SET COL(OUTF,57);
PUT(OUTF, SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN-ADAPTOR
    -AMF-PRE AMF-MASS CHANGE POST AMF
    -MASS NS STATION KEEPING-MASS EW STATION KEEPING
    -MASS STATION REPOSITIONING-MASS DEORBIT-PRESSURANT
    -PROPELLENT MARGIN, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0);
-- total mass change
```

```
SET LINE(OUTF,26);
 SET_COL(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF,"_
 SET LINE(OUTF,27);
 SET COL(OUTF,1);
 PUT(OUTF, "Total Mass Change");
 SET COL(OUTF,46);
 PUT(OUTF, ADAPTOR + AMF + PRE AMF + MASS CHANGE POST AMF
    +MASS NS STATION KEEPING+MASS EW STATION KEEPING
    +MASS STATION REPOSITIONING+MASS DEORBIT+PRESSURANT
    +PROPELLENT MARGIN, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0);
 CLOSE(OUTF);
NEW LINE(1);
 SET LINE(OUTM, 1);
 SET COL(OUTM, 10);
 PUT(OUTM, "SPACECRAFT MASS SUMMARY");
 SET LINE(OUTM,2);
PUT(OUTM, "-----
----");
 SET LINE(OUTM,3);
 PUT(OUTM, "Subsystem");
 SET COL(OUTM,40);
 PUT(OUTM, "Mass (kg)");
 SET_LINE(OUTM,4);
PUT(OUTM, "-----
----");
 -- Structure
 SET LINE(OUTM,6);
 PUT(OUTM, "Structure");
 SET COL(OUTM,40);
 PUT(OUTM,STRUCTURAL\_MASS,FORE = >4,AFT = >1,EXP = >0);
 -- Thermal
 SET LINE(OUTM,8);
 PUT(OUTM, "Thermal");
 SET COL(OUTM,40);
 PUT(OUTM, THERMAL\_CONTROL\_MASS, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 1, EXP = > 0);
 -- Propulsion
 SET LINE(OUTM, 10);
 PUT(OUTM, "Propulsion");
 SET COL(OUTM, 40);
```

```
-- Attitude Control
 SET LINE(OUTM, 12);
 PUT(OUTM, "Attitude Control");
 SET COL(OUTM, 40);
 PUT(OUTM, ATTITUDE CONTROL, FORE = >4, AFT = >1, EXP = >0);
 -- Electric Integration
 SET LINE(OUTM, 14);
 PUT(OUTM, "Electric Integration");
 SET COL(OUTM,40);
 PUT(OUTM, ELECTRICAL SYSTEM MASS, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 1, EXP = > 0);
 -- Mechanical Integration
 SET LINE(OUTM, 16);
 PUT(OUTM, "Mechanical Integration");
 SET COL(OUTM, 40);
 PUT(OUTM, MECHANICAL SYSTEM MASS, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 1, EXP = > 0);
 -- Mass Margin
 SET LINE(OUTM, 18):
 PUT(OUTM, "Mass Margin");
 SET COL(OUTM,40);
 PUT(OUTM, MASS\ MARGIN, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 1, EXP = > 0);
 -- Dry Spacecraft Mass
 SET LINE(OUTM, 20);
 PUT(OUTM, "Dry Spacecraft Mass");
 SET COL(OUTM, 40);
 PUT(OUTM,SPACECRAFT\ DRY\ MASS,FORE = > 4,AFT = > 1,EXP = > 0):
 -- Propellent Pressurant
 SET LINE(OUTM, 22);
 PUT(OUTM, "Propellent Pressurant");
 SET COL(OUTM,40);
 PUT(OUTM,PROPELLENT_PRESSURANT_MASS,FORE = > 4,AFT = > 1,EXP = > 0):
 -- Apogee Motor Expendable
 SET LINE(OUTM, 24);
 PUT(OUTM, "Apogee Motor Expendable");
 SET COL(OUTM,40);
 PUT(OUTM,AMF,FORE = >4,AFT = >1,EXP = >0);
 -- Spacecraft Mass at Separation
 SET LINE(OUTM, 26);
 PUT(OUTM, "Spacecraft Mass at Seperation");
 SET COL(OUTM, 40);
PUT(OUTM,SPACECRAFT_MASS_BEFORE_APOGEE_BURN,FORE=>4,AFT=>1,EXP=>0
```

```
);
__************************************
*****
end MASS;
procedure ELECTRICAL SYSTEM
      (SPACECRAFT_MASS_BEFORE_APOGEE_BURN
FLOAT;
       DRUM SPINNER
                                    : in out
BOOLEAN;
       COMM_PACKAGE_MASS
                                        : in
FLOAT) is
 NO.
 N,
 Y,
 YES,
 CHAR
               : CHARACTER;
 SOLAR ARRAY,
                                        -- kg
 CHARGE_ARRAY,
                                         -- kg
 SHUNT,
 CHARGE CONTROL,
                                          -- kg
 BATTERY,
 DISCHARGE REGULATOR: FLOAT;
                                               -- kg
 LIFE FACTOR: FLOAT
                                 := 1.05;
 POWER_MARGIN: FLOAT
                                 := 1.1;
margin for error
 TTC FACTOR: FLOAT
                                 := 1.75;
                                         -- TT&C
scale factor
 TRACKING_TELEMETRY_REFERENCE : FLOAT := 28.0;
 INTELSAT_7_REFERENCE
                            : FLOAT
                                     :=3445.0;
                            : FLOAT
 INTELSAT_6_REFERENCE
                                    = 3700.0;
 INTELSAT 5 REFERENCE
                            : FLOAT := 1900.0;
 INTELSAT 7 ANTENNA MASS
                              : FLOAT :=70.0;
 INTELSAT 6 ANTENNA MASS
                              : FLOAT
                                       :=309.0;
 INTELSAT_5_ANTENNA_MASS
                             : FLOAT
                                       :=59.0:
 INTELSAT_5_HOUSEKEEPING_POWER: constant FLOAT := 211.0; --
intelsat V
  INTELSAT 6 HOUSEKEEPING POWER: constant FLOAT := 347.0; --
  INTELSAT 7 HOUSEKEEPING POWER: constant FLOAT := 613.0; --
intelsat VII
  ELECTRICAL POWER MASS,
  COMM ELECTRICAL SUBSYSTEM MASS,
```

```
PAYLOAD POWER,
 PAYLOAD MASS,
 ANTENNA MASS,
 REFERENCE.
 HOUSEKEEPING POWER,
 SOLAR_ARRAY_LOAD,
 POWER FACTOR,
 X.
 TRACKING_TELEMETRY: FLOAT;
 CHOICE
                   : INTEGER:
-- Reads an integer input from the keyboard
begin
 REFERENCE: = INTELSAT 5 REFERENCE;
 ANTENNA MASS: = INTELSAT 5 ANTENNA MASS;
 HOUSEKEEPING POWER: = INTELSAT 5 HOUSEKEEPING POWER;
-- The mass of the electrical power system is
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT LINE("Enter the POWER requirements of the");
 SET COL(10);
 PUT LINE("Spacecraft in watts as a real number");
  SET_COL(15);
  GET DATA(PAYLOAD POWER);
  VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
  NEW_LINE(2);
  SET COL(15);
  PUT("Payload power requirements are ");
  SET_COL(60);
  PUT(PAYLOAD POWER, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
  NEW LINE(2);
NEW LINE(2);
  SET COL(5);
  PUT LINE("Choose which satellite you want as your reference
for ");
  SET COL(5);
  PUT LINE("housekeeping power, mass in kilograms, and Antenna
Mass ");
  SET COL(5);
                    Intelsat V Intelsat VI Intelsat
  PUT_LINE("
VII");
```

BATTERY LOAD,

```
SET COL(5);
 PUT LINE("Mass
                     1900.0 kgs
                                 3700.0 kgs
3445.0 kgs");
 SET_COL(5);
 PUT LINE("Antenna Mass
                         59.0 kgs
                                   309.0 kgs
75.0 kgs");
 SET COL(5);
 PUT LINE("Housekeeping 211.0 Watts 347.2 Watts
613.0 Watts");
 PUT LINE("Power");
 SET_COL(5);
**********);
 SET COL(5);
 PUT_LINE("For an INTELSAT V reference enter an integer '1'
 SET COL(5);
 PUT LINE("For an INTELSAT VI reference enter an integer '2'
");
 SET COL(5);
 PUT LINE("For an INTELSAT VII reference enter an integer '3'
");
 SET COL(5);
 PUT LINE("TO USE YOUR OWN REFERENCE VALUES enter an integer
 GET INTEGER(CHOICE);
 case CHOICE is
   when 1 = >
   REFERENCE: = INTELSAT 5 REFERENCE;
   ANTENNA MASS: = INTELSAT 5 ANTENNA MASS;
   HOUSEKEEPING POWER: = INTELSAT 5 HOUSEKEEPING POWER;
   when 2 = >
   REFERENCE: = INTELSAT 6 REFERENCE;
   ANTENNA_MASS:=INTELSAT 6 ANTENNA MASS;
   HOUSEKEEPING POWER: = INTELSAT 6 HOUSEKEEPING POWER;
   when 3 \approx >
   REFERENCE: = INTELSAT 7 REFERENCE;
   ANTENNA MASS: = INTELSAT 7 ANTENNA MASS;
   HOUSEKEEPING_POWER: = INTELSAT_7_HOUSEKEEPING_POWER;
   when 4 = >
   PUT("Enter Satellite Mass Reference");
   SET COL(15);
   GET_DATA(REFERENCE);
   NEW LINE(3);
   PUT("Enter Satellite Antenna Mass Reference");
   SET_COL(i5);
```

```
GET DATA(ANTENNA MASS);
   NEW LINE(3);
   PUT("Enter Satellite Housekeeping Power Requirements
Reference");
   SET COL(15):
   GET DATA(HOUSEKEEPING POWER);
   NEW_LINE(3);
   when OTHERS = >
   NEW LINE(2);
   SET COL(5);
   PUT("Understand INTELSAT V DATA WILL BE USED");
 end case;
 VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
***********);
 NEW LINE;
 HOUSEKEEPING POWER: = (SPACECRAFT N' .SS_BEFORE_APOGEE_BURN
          /REFERENCE)
          *HOUSEKEEPING POWER;
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT(" Housekeeping power is "):
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(HOUSEKLEPING POWER, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
 PUT(* kg),
 BATTERY JAD:=(HOUSEKEEPING POWER+PAYLOAD POWER)*LIFE FACTOR:
 NEW LINE(_);
  SE. COL(10);
  PUT(" Battery load is ");
  SET COL(50);
  PUT(BATTERY LOAD, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
  PUT(" kg");
  SOLAR ARRAY_LOAD:=BATTERY LOAD*POWER MARGIN;
  NEW LINE(2);
  SET COL(10);
  PUT(" Solar array load is ");
  SET COL(50);
  PUT(SOLAR ARRAY LOAD, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
  PUT(" kg");
```

--ELECTRICAL_POWER_MASS:=(PAYLOAD_POWER+HOUSEKEEPING_POWER)*(BATT TERY LOAD+SOLAR ARRAY LOAD);

if DRUM_SPINNER = FALSE then

```
if BATTERY LOAD < 1875.0 then
                     := 50.0; -- kg
 SOLAR ARRAY
 CHARGE_ARRAY
                     := 7.8; -- kg
 SHUNT
                   := 7.5; -- kg
 CHARGE CONTROL
                               -- kg
                      := 1.5;
 BATTERY
                   := 56.8; -- kg
                      := 0.2;
 DISCHARGE_REGULATOR
 elsif BATTERY LOAD < 3125.0 then
               := 42.0;
 SOLAR ARRAY
                 := 6.6; -- kg
 CHARGE ARRAY
                  := 7.5; -- kg
 SHUNT
                  := 1.5; -- kg
 CHARGE CONTROL
                    := 47.3; -- kg
 BATTERY
                      := 0.2; -- kg
 DISCHARGE REGULATOR
 elsif BATTERY LOAD < 4375.0 then
 SOLAR ARRAY
                      := 33.0;
                             -- kg
 CHARGE_ARRAY
                     := 5.1;
 SHUNT
                   := 7.5; -- kg
 CHARGE CONTROL
                  := 1.5; -- kg
                    := 47.3; -- kg
 BATTERY
 DISCHARGE REGULATOR
                       := 0.2;
 elsif BATTERY LOAD > = 4375.0 then
                               -- kg
 SOLAR ARRAY
                     := 25.0;
 CHARGE_ARRAY
                      := 3.9;
 SHUNT
                   := 7.5; -- kg
 CHARGE_CONTROL
                  := 1.5; -- kg
                    := 47.3; -- kg
 BATTERY
                      := 0.2;
 DISCHARGE_REGULATOR
elsif BATTERY LOAD < 1875.0 then
                              -- kg
 SOLAR ARRAY
               := 125.0;
                               -- kg
 CHARGE_ARRAY
                      := 19.5;
 SHUNT
                   := 7.5; -- kg
 CHARGE CONTROL
                     := 1.5;
                    := 56.8; -- kg
 BATTERY
 DISCHARGE REGULATOR := 0.2;
else
                     := 70.0;
 SOLAR ARRAY
                               -- kg
 CHARGE ARRAY
                      := 11.0;
                                -- kg
```

```
:= 7.5; -- kg
   SHUNT
   CHARGE CONTROL
                             := 1.5; -- kg
   BATTERY
                          := 47.3; -- kg
   DISCHARGE REGULATOR
                               := 0.2;
                                         -- kg
 POWER FACTOR: = LIFE FACTOR
*(POWER MARGIN*SOLAR ARRAY+POWER MARGIN*CHARGE ARRAY
        +SHUNT+CHARGE CONTROL+BATTERY+DISCHARGE REGULATOR)
        *0.001;
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT(" Power Factor is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(POWER FACTOR, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
ELECTRICAL POWER MASS:=(PAYLOAD POWER+HOUSEKEEPING POWER)*POWER F
ACTOR;
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT(" Electrical power sub-system mass is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(ELECTRICAL POWER MASS, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" kg");
 PAYLOAD MASS: = COMM PACKAGE MASS-ELECTRICAL POWER MASS;
 NEW LINE(2):
 SET COL(10);
 PUT(" Payload mass is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(PAYLOAD MASS, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
 PUT(" kg");
 TRACKING TELEMETRY: =
(SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN/REFERENCE)
         *TRACKING TELEMETRY REFERENCE;
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 PUT(" Tracking telemetry and control mass is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(TRACKING TELEMETRY, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" kg");
             ***************
 -- communications
 SET LINE(OUTM,28);
```

```
PUT(OUTM, "Communications");
 SET_COL(OUTM,40);
 PUT(OUTM, PAYLOAD MASS, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 1, EXP = > 0);
 -- Antennas
 SET_LINE(OUTM,30);
                                         __*
 PUT(OUTM, "Antenna Reference Mass");
 SET_COL(OUTM,40);
 PUT(OUTM,ANTENNA MASS,FORE = > 4,AFT = > 1,EXP = > 0);
 -- electric power subsystem mass
 SET LINE(OUTM, 32);
 PUT(OUTM, "Electric Power");
 SET_COL(OUTM,40);
 PUT(OUTM, ELECTRICAL_POWER_MASS, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 1, EXP = > 0);
 -- Telemetry and Control
 SET LINE(OUTM, 34);
 PUT(OUTM, "Telemetry and Command");
 SET COL(OUTM,40);
 PUT(OUTM,TRACKING\ TELEMETRY,FORE = >4,AFT = >1,EXP = >0);
 **************************
******
end ELECTRICAL_SYSTEM;
begin
 CREATE(OUTM, NAME = > "SYSMASS.DAT");
 DUAL_SPIN
                         (DRUM SPINNER);
 VELOCITY
                         (INCLINATION RADIANS,
              DELTA_VELOCITY);
 STATION_KEFPING REPOSITIONING (DELTA VELOCITY NORTH SOUTH,
              DELTA VELOCITY EAST WEST,
              DELTA_VELOCITY_STATION_REPOSITIONING,
              EFF_NS,
              EFF_EW);
                       (DELTA_VELOCITY_NORTH_SOUTH,
 MASS
```

```
DELTA VELOCITY EAST WEST,
             DELTA_VELOCITY_STATION_REPOSITIONING,
             DELTA VELOCITY,
             EFF NS,
             EFF EW,
             COMM PACKAGE MASS,
             SPACECRAFT_MASS_BEFORE_APOGEE_BURN);
 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM
                            (COMM_PACKAGE_MASS,
             DRUM SPINNER,
             SPACECRAFT_MASS_BEFORE_APOGEE_BURN);
 CLOSE(OUTM);
 SET COL(10); PUT("TO CONTINUE ENTER ANY INTEGER");
GET_INTEGER(I);
 VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT LINE("DATA FOR THIS DESIGN RUN ARE LOCATED IN THE
FOLLOWING FILES:");
 NEW LINE(1);
 PUT LINE(*
                       SYSMASS.DAT");
 PUT LINE("
                       PROPBUDG.DAT *);
 NEW_LINE(2);
 PUT LINE("TO KEEP DATA FROM BEING ERASED ON NEXT RUN");
 PUT LINE("USE DOS COMMAND REN (RENAME) ");
 NEW LINE(1);
 PUT LINE("EXAMPLE - REN SYSMASS.DAT SYSMASS.XYZ");
```

end MASSPRO;

I. Electric Photovoltaic Power System

```
-- Title
           : Solar Power Determination
-- Author
           : David Lashbrook
-- Date
            : 01 February 1992
-- Revised
            : 12 May 1992
-- Compiler
             : OPENADA EXT
-- Description : This procedure determines the solar power and number of
            cells required in to provide stated power requirements
            for a geosynchronous orbit.
--with TEXT IO, GENERIC_ELEMENTARY_FUNCTIONS, GETDATA, VIDEO;
--use TEXT IO, GETDATA;
with TEXT_IO, MATH_LIB, GETDATA, VIDEO;
use TEXT IO, MATH LIB, GETDATA;
procedure SOLARPOWER is
 package FLOAT INOUT is new FLOAT IO(FLOAT);
       FLOAT INOUT;
 package INTEGER INOUT is new INTEGER IO(INTEGER);
       INTEGER INOUT;
 package BOOLEAN INOUT is new ENUMERATION 10(BOOLEAN);
       BOOLEAN INOUT;
-- package GEF INOUT is new GENERIC ELEMENTARY FUNCTIONS(FLOAT);
        GEF INOUT;
BUS_VOLTAGE ALLOWABLE DEVIATION : FLOAT:=0.5;
BYPASS DIODE VOLTAGE DROP
                                    : FLOAT:=1.1; -- V DD
-- V D Open circuit failure of one cell + minimum battery discharge voltage at EOL
EOL_BATTERY DISCHARGE VOLTAGE
                                       : FLOAT := 1.10;
DEPTH_OF_DISCHARGE
                                 : FLOAT: = 0.65;
ECLIPSE TIME
                            : FLOAT := 1.20;
MAXIMUM BATTERY CHARGE VOLTAGE
                                          : FLOAT := 1.5;
SERIES_CONNECTED_DIODE_VOLTAGE_DROP: FLOAT: = 0.8;
NUMBER SERIES CONNECTED DIODES : FLOAT: = 3.0; -- 3 assumed
BATTERY_CHARGER_VOLTAGE DROP
                                      : FLOAT := 1.75;
CHARGE_DISCHARGE_EFFICIENCY BATTERY: FLOAT: = 0.9;
EQUINOX CHARGE RATE
                                : constant FLOAT := 15.0; -- autumn
SOLSTICE CHARGE RATE
                               : constant FLOAT := 45.0; -- summer
                     : constant FLOAT := 3.14159265359;
SPACECRAFT LIFE,
```

```
SPACECRAFT MASS_BEFORE APOGEE BURN,
PAYLOAD POWER,
CELL AH,
BUS POWER,
SERIES CELLS FOR MIN DIS VOLT, -- N
VOLTAGE_DROP_BATTERY_DC_DIODES, -- V_DD
VOLTAGE BUS LOW, -- LOWEST VOLTAGE ON BUS CHARGING VOLTAGE, -- MAXIMUM CHARGE VOLT
                           -- MAXIMUM CHARGE VOLTAGE
BATTERY CHARGING VOLTAGE DROP, --
VOLTAGE CHARGE ARRAY,
                           -- voltage charge array
SERIES CELLS FOR MIN DIS VOLT,
EFFICIENCY,
POWER EQUINOX CHARGE,
EQUINOX CHARGE TIME,
POWER SOLSTICE CHARGE,
SOLAR ARRAY,
CHARGE ARRAY,
SHUNT.
CHARGE CONTROL.
DISCHARGE_REGULATOR,
PAYLOAD POWER,
BATTERY LOAD,
MINIMUM_DISCHARGE_BUS_VOLTAGE, -- V_DB
BUS VOLTAGE,
NUMBER OF BUSES,
SOLAR ARRAY LOAD
                      : FLOAT;
               : FLOAT := 1.05;
LIFE FACTOR
                     : FLOAT := 1.1; -- margin for error
POWER MARGIN
INTELSAT 7 REFERENCE : FLOAT := 3445.0;
                                              -- kgs
INTELSAT 6 REFERENCE
                          : FLOAT := 2227.0;
                                              -- kgs
INTELSAT_5_REFERENCE
                         : FLOAT := 1900.0;
                                              -- kgs
INTELSAT_7_HOUSEKEEPING_POWER: constant FLOAT := 613.0; -- intelsat VII
INTELSAT 6 HOUSEKEEPING POWER: constant FLOAT := 347.0; -- intelsat VI
INTELSAT 5 HOUSEKEEPING POWER: constant FLOAT := 211.0; -- intelsat V
Χ.
MASS REFERENCE,
HOUSEKEEPING POWER,
HOUSEKEEPING POWER REFERENCE : FLOAT;
                     : BOOLEAN := TRUE;
FINAL
DRUM_SPINNER
                        : BOOLEAN := FALSE;
Y,
٧,
N.
n,
           : CHARACTER ;
CHAR
Ι,
CHOICE,
```

```
N INTEGER,
               : INTEGER;
procedure PRINT_HEADER is
 begin
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN; SET LINE(1);
   NEW_LINE(2);
   SET COL(10);
   PUT_LINE("This program walks through a basic design of the power");
   SET COL(10);
   PUT LINE("requirements of a solar powered geosynchronous satellite.");
   NEW LINE;
   SET_COL(10);
   PUT LINE("All pertinent data will be written to files.");
   SET COL(10);
   PUT_LINE("CELPARAM.DAT
                              and
                                    SOLCELL.DAT");
   new_line(1);
 end PRINT_HEADER;
procedure DUAL_SPIN (DRUM_SPINNER: in out BOOLEAN) is
begin
  SET COL(10);
 PUT_LINE("Is your spacecraft Spin Stabilized ");
  SET COL(15);
  GET CHARACTER(char);
  if CHAR = 'Y' or CHAR = 'y' then
   DRUM_SPINNER: = TRUE;
   if DRUM SPINNER = TRUE then
       VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;SET_LINE(1);
       SET_COL(10);
       PUT_LINE("Satellite is Spin Stabilized");
       MINIMUM DISCHARGE BUS VOLTAGE: = 35.0; -- V DB
       BUS_VOLTAGE: = 50.0;
       NEW LINE(2);
       end if;
  else
   VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;SET_LINE(1);
   SET_COL(10);
   PUT LINE("Satellite is Three Axis Stabilized");
   MINIMUM_DISCHARGE_BUS_VOLTAGE: = 30.0; -- V_DB
   BUS VOLTAGE: = 42.0;
   NEW LINE(2);
   end if:
end DUAL_SPIN;
procedure OPERATING DATA (BATTERY LOAD
                                                  : in out FLOAT;
                                            : in out BOOLEAN;
                     DRUM SPINNER
                     MINIMUM DISCHARGE BUS VOLTAGE: in out FLOAT;
                     BUS VOLTAGE
                                            : in out FLOAT;
```

```
CHOICE,
 INPUT
            : INTEGER ;
 REPLACE : BOOLEAN := FALSE;
begin
SET COL(10);
PUT LINE("Enter the mass of the spacecraft in kilograms");
NEW LINE(2);
SET COL(10);
GET DATA(SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN);
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
SET COL(15);
PUT("Spacecraft mass before apogee motor burn is ");
PUT(SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
PUT(" kgs");
NEW LINE(2);
NEW LINE(2);
 MASS REFERENCE: = INTELSAT 5 REFERENCE;
 HOUSEKEEPING POWER REFERENCE:=INTELSAT 5 HOUSEKEEPING POWER;
-- The mass of the electrical power system is
 SET COL(10);
 PUT LINE("Enter the POWER requirements of the Spacecraft in watts.");
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(15);
 GET DATA(PAYLOAD POWER);
 VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("Payload power requirements are ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(PAYLOAD POWER, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" Watts");
 NEW LINE(2);
```

BYPASS DIODE VOLTAGE DROP : in out FLOAT; EOL BATTERY DISCHARGE VOLTAGE: in out FLOAT;

> : in out FLOAT; : in out FLOAT:

: in out FLOAT: : in out FLOAT) is

PAYLOAD POWER
DEPTH OF THE

number_of_buses : in out FLOAT;

DEPTH_OF_DISCHARGE

SPACECRAFT_LIFE ECLIPSE_TIME

```
NEW LINE(2);
SET_COL(5);
PUT LINE("Choose which satellite you want as your reference for ");
SET COL(5);
PUT_LINE("housekeeping power and spacecraft mass in kilograms.");
NEW LINE(2);
NEW_LINE(1);
PUT LINE("
                 '1'
                         '2'
                                 ,3,
                                         ");
SET_COL(5);
               Intelsat V Intelsat VI Intelsat VII");
PUT_LINE("
SET COL(5);
PUT LINE("Mass
               1900.0 kgs 2227.0 kgs
                                      3445.0 kgs");
SET COL(5);
PUT LINE("Housekeeping 211.0 347.0
                                      613.0 ");
SET COL(5);
PUT LINE("Power");
SET COL(5);
PUT_LINE("For an INTELSAT V reference enter integer '1' ");
SET COL(5);
PUT LINE("For an INTELSAT VI reference enter integer '2' ");
SET_COL(5);
PUT LINE("For an INTELSAT VII reference enter integer '3' ");
SET COL(5);
PUT LINE("For your own reference value's enter integer '4' ");
GET INTEGER(CHOICE);
case CHOICE is
 when 1 = >
    MASS REFERENCE: = INTELSAT 5 REFERENCE;
    HOUSEKEEPING_POWER_REFERENCE:=INTELSAT_5_HOUSEKEEPING_POWER;
 when 2 = >
    MASS_REFERENCE: = INTELSAT_6 REFERENCE;
    HOUSEKEEPING_POWER_REFERENCE:=INTELSAT_6_HOUSEKEEPING_POWER;
 when 3 = >
    MASS REFERENCE: = INTELSAT 7 REFERENCE;
    HOUSEKEEPING POWER REFERENCE:=INTELSAT 7 HOUSEKEEPING POWER;
 when 4 = >
    NEW LINE(2);
    NEW LINE(2);
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
    PUT("Please enter desired REFERENCE MASS");
    SET COL(15);
    GET_DATA(MASS_REFERENCE);
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
```

```
NEW LINE(2);
     PUT LINE(****
     NEW LINE(2);
     PUT("Please enter desired HOUSEKEEPING POWER reference");
     SET COL(15);
     GET DATA(HOUSEKEEPING POWER REFERENCE);
     VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
 when OTHERS =>
     NEW LINE(2);
     SET COL(5);
     PUT("Understand INTELSAT V DATA WILL BE USED");
end case;
HOUSEKEEPING POWER: = (SPACECRAFT_MASS_BEFORE_APOGEE_BURN
                /MASS_REFERENCE)
                *HOUSEKEEPING POWER REFERENCE;
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
NEW LINE;
PUT("Housekeeping power is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(HOUSEKEEPING PC' . ', FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(1);
BATTERY LOAD :: (HOUSEKEEPING POWER+PAYLOAD POWER)*LIFE FACTOR;
PUT("Battery load is (multiplied by life factor of 1.05)");
SET COL(60);
PUT(BATTERY LOAD, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
NEW LINE(1);
SOLAR ARRAY LOAD:=BATTERY LOAD*POWER MARGIN;
PUT("Solar array load is (multiplied by power factor of 1.10) ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(SOLAR\_ARRAY\_LOAD, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
new line(2);
PUT LINE("The Battery Load value will be used in future calculations.");
PUT LINE("If you want to change this value enter a 'y' for YES. If you wish to ");
PUT LINE("retain the value enter a 'n' for NO. The value you enter ");
put line("should be the BATTERY LOAD. );
PUT LINE("BATTERY_LOAD = PAYLOAD POWER REQUIREMENTS + HOUSEKEEPING POWER");
PUT LINE("This value is the BATTERY LOAD and will have no design factors");
PUT LINE("applied to it.");
SET COL(10);
NEW LINE(2);
GET CHARACTER(CHAR);
if CHAR = 'Y' or CHAR = 'y' then
  VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
  NEW LINE(1);
  PUT("Payload power requirements are ");
```

```
SET COL(55);
  PUT(PAYLOAD POWER, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
  PUT(" Watts");
  new line(2);
  PUT("Calculated Housekeeping power is ");
  SET COL(55):
  PUT(HOUSEKEEPING POWER, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
  PUT(" Watts");
  new line(3);
  PUT("Please enter a value for the Battery Load");
  NEW LINE(2):
  PUT("Remember to add your new housekeeping value to the payload power");
  NEW LINE(3);
  GET DATA(BATTERY LOAD);
  NEW LINE(2);
  NEW LINE(2);
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
  PUT("Battery Load is ");
  SET COL(60);
  PUT(BATTERY LOAD, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
  NEW LINE(1):
  NEW LINE(2);
  SOLAR ARRAY LOAD: = BATTERY LOAD*POWER MARGIN;
  PUT("Solar array load is (multiplied by power factor of 1.10) ");
  SET COL(60):
  PUT(SOLAR ARRAY LOAD, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
 end if:
 NEW LINE(2);
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("Please enter the spacecraft life in years");
 NEW LINE(2);
 SET COL(10);
 GET_DATA(SPACECRAFT_LIFE);
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("Spacecraft life is");
 PUT(SPACECRAFT\ LIFE,FORE = > 3,AFT = > 1,EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" years");
 NEW LINE(2);
 STOP:
<<VALUE NEW>>
 SET COL(5);
 PUT_LINE("Default values for the following parameters are: ");
 SET_COL(5);
```

```
PUT("Minimum discharge voltage of bus
                                        [1] ");
set col(60):
PUT(MINIMUM_DISCHARGE_BUS_VOLTAGE,FORE = >4,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);PUT(" volts"):
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(5);
PUT("DESIGN Satellite Bus Voltage
                                        [2]");
SET COL(60):
PUT(BUS VOLTAGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(1):
SET COL(5);
PUT("Bypass diode voltage drop
                                      [3] ");
set col(60);
PUT(BYPASS DIODE VOLTAGE DROP,FORE=>4,AFT=>2,EXP=>0);PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(5);
PUT("End of life battery discharge voltage
                                       [4] ");
set col(60);
PUT(EOL BATTERY DISCHARGE VOLTAGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0); PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(1):
SET COL(5);
PUT("Satellite eclipse time hours
                                    [5] ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(ECLIPSE TIME, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" hours");
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(5);
PUT("Depth of Discharge
                                     [6] ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(DEPTH OF DISCHARGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(5);
PUT("Maximum Battery Discharge Voltage
                                          [7]*);
SET COL(60);
PUT(MAXIMUM BATTERY CHARGE VOLTAGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(1):
SET COL(5);
PUT("Series Connected Diode Voltage Drop
                                         [8] ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(SERIES CONNECTED_DIODE VOLTAGE DROP, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(5);
```

```
PUT("Number of Series Connected Diodes
                                        [9] ");
SET COL(60):
PUT(NUMBER SERIES CONNECTED DIODES, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(5):
PUT("Battery Charger Voltage Drop
                                      [10] ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(BATTERY CHARGER VOLTAGE DROP, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(5);
PUT("Charge Discharge Voltage Drop
                                       [11]");
SET COL(60);
PUT(CHARGE DISCHARGE EFFICIENCY BATTERY, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
new LINE(2);
if REPLACE = FALSE then
  CHAR := N;
  PUT LINE("If you desire to change any of the listed values please enter");
  PUT LINE("a 'y' for YES otherwise enter a 'n' for NO");
  GET CHARACTER(CHAR);
  if CHAR = 'Y' or CHAR = 'y' then
     CHAR := N;
     PUT LINE("Enter number corresponding to value you wish to change.");
     set col(10);
     GET INTEGER(INPUT);
     VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
  else
     VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
     goto KEEP VALUES;
elsif REPLACE = TRUE then
  PUT LINE("Enter number corresponding to value you wish to change.");
  set col(10);
  GET INTEGER(INPUT);
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
end if:
case INPUT is
  when 1 = >
      VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
     NEW_LINE(2);
                      PUT_LINE("**
     NEW LINE(2);
     PUT LINE("Please enter the minimum satellite bus discharge voltage about ");
     PUT LINE("30 volts for 3-axis stabilized and 35.0 for spin stabilized");
     NEW LINE(2);
     SET COL(10);
     GET_DATA(MINIMUM_DISCHARGE_BUS_VOLTAGE);
```

```
PUT("Minimum discharge bus voltage is ");
   PUT(MINIMUM DISCHARGE BUS VOLTAGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
   PUT(" volts");
   NEW LINE(3);
when 2 = >
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN:
   NEW LINE(2);
   NEW LINE(2);
   PUT LINE("Please enter the DESIGN bus voltage"):
   NEW LINE(2);
   SET COL(10);
   GET DATA(BUS VOLTAGE);
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   PUT("DESIGN Bus voltage is ");
   PUT(BUS VOLTAGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
   PUT(" volts");
   NEW LINE(2);
when 3 = >
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   NEW LINE(2);
   PUT LINE(****
                  NEW LINE(2);
   PUT LINE("Please enter the End of Life battery discharge voltage drop");
   PUT LINE("about 1.0-2.0 volts");
   NEW LINE(2);
   SET_COL(10);
   GET DATA(BYPASS DIODE VOLTAGE DROP);
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   PUT("Minimum discharge bus voltage is ");
   PUT(BYPASS DIODE VOLTAGE DROP, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
    PUT(" volts");
   NEW LINE(2);
when 4 = >
    VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
    NEW LINE(2);
                ********************
    PUT_LINE("***
    NEW_LINE(2);
    SET COL(5);
    PUT("Please enter End of life battery discharge voltage [4] ");
    NEW LINE(2);
    set col(10);
    GET DATA(EOL BATTERY DISCHARGE VOLTAGE);
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
    NEW LINE(2);
    PUT("End of life battery discharge voltage is [1.1 volts]");
    PUT(EOL_BATTERY_DISCHARGE_VOLTAGE,FORE = >4,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);
    PUT(" volts");
    NEW LINE(2);
```

```
when 5 = >
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   NEW LINE(2);
   NEW LINE(2);
   PUT LINE("Please enter the time satellite is in eclipse per orbit in hours");
   PUT LINE("(about 1.2 hours in geosynchronous)");
   NEW LINE(2);
   SET COL(10);
   GET DATA(ECLIPSE TIME):
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREFN;
   PUT("Eclipse time is");
   PUT(ECLIPSE TIME, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
   PUT(" hours");
   NEW LINE(2);
when 6 \approx >
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   NEW LINE(2);
   NEW LINE(2);
   PUT("Please enter the Depth of Discharge used for batteries (0.50 - 0.75");
   NEW LINE(2);
   SET COL(10);
   GET DATA(DEPTH OF DISCHARGE);
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   PUT("Depth of discharge is ");
   PUT(DEPTH OF DISCHARGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
   NEW LINE(2);
when 7 = >
     VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
     NEW LINE(2);
     NEW LINE(2):
     PUT LINE("Please enter the maximum battery discharge voltage ");
     PUT LINE("(default 1.5 volts)");
     NEW LINE(2);
     SET COL(10);
     GET_DATA(MAXIMUM_BATTERY_CHARGE_VOLTAGE);
     NEW LINE(1);
     SET COL(5);
     PUT("Maximum Battery Discharge Voltage ");
     SET COL(60);
     PUT(MAXIMUM BATTERY CHARGE VOLTAGE, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
     PUT(" volts");
     NEW LINE(2);
when 8 = >
     VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
     NEW_LINE(2);
```

```
NEW LINE(2);
    PUT LINE("Please enter the series connected diode voltage drop");
    PUT LINE("(default 0.8 volts)");
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET COL(10);
    GET_DATA(SERIES_CONNECTED_DIODE_VOLTAGE_DROP);
    NEW LINE(1);
    SET COL(5);
    NEW LINE(1);
    PUT("Series Connected Diode Voltage Drop ");
    SET COL(60);
    PUT(SERIES CONNECTED DICDE VOLTAGE DROP, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
    PUT(" volts");
    NEW LINE(2);
when 9 = >
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
    NEW LINE(2);
    NEW LINE(2);
    PUT LINE("Please enter the number of series connected diodes");
    PUT LINE("(default 3)");
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET COL(10);
    GET_DATA(NUMBER_SERIES_CONNECTED_DIODES);
    NEW LINE(1);
    SET_COL(5);
    PUT("Number of Series Connected Diodes ");
    SET COL(60);
    PUT(NUMBER SERIES CONNECTED DIODES, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
    NEW_LINE(2);
when 10 = >
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   NEW LINE(2);
   NEW LINE(2);
   PUT LINE("Please enter the battery charger voltage drop");
   PUT_LINE("(default 1.75 volts)");
   NEW LINE(2);
   SET COL(10);
   GET DATA(BATTERY CHARGER VOLTAGE DROP);
   NEW_LINE(1);
   SET COL(5);
   PUT("Battery Charger Voltage Drop ");
   SET COL(60);
   PUT(BATTERY CHARGER VOLTAGE DROP, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
   PUT(" volts");
   NEW LINE(2);
```

```
when 11 = >
     VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
     N .W LINE(2);
     NEW LINE(2);
     PUT_LINE("Please enter the battery charge discharge efficiency");
     PUT LINE("(default 0.9)");
     NEW LINE(2);
     SET COL(10);
     GET_DATA(CHARGE_DISCHARGE_EFFICIENCY_BATTERY);
     NEW LINE(1);
     SET COL(5);
     PUT("Charge Discharge Voltage Drop");
     SET COL(60);
     PUT(CHARGE DISCHARGE_EFFICIENCY_BATTERY,FORE = >4,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);
     NEW LINE(2);
  when OTHERS =>
     VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
     NEW LINE(2);
     NEW LINE(2);
     SET COL(5);
     PUT LINE("ENTER A PROPER NUMBER IDENTIFIER FOR VARIABLE TO CHANGE!");
     NEW LINE(2);
  end case;
     NEW LINE(2);
     NEW_LINE(2);
     CHAR := N;
     PUT_LINE("If you wish to change a value please enter a 'y' for YES");
     PUT LINE("otherwise enter a 'n' for NO ");
     REPLACE: = FALSE;
     GET CHARACTER(CHAR);
     if CHAR = 'Y' or CHAR = 'y' then
       CHAR := N;
       REPLACE: = TRUE;
       VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
       goto VALUE NEW;
       VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
       PUT LINE("UNDERSTAND NO MORE CHANGES");
       NEW LINE(3);
     end if;
  STOP;
<<KEEP VALUES>>
 SET COL(5);
 PUT_LINE("Values for the following parameters are: ");
```

```
SET COL(5):
PUT("Minimum discharge voltage of bus");
set col(60);
PUT(MINIMUM_DISCHARGE_BUS_VOLTAGE,FORE = >4,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(5);
PUT("DESIGN Satellite Bus Voltage");
SET COL(60):
PUT(BUS VOLTAGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(5);
PUT("Bypass diode voltage drop");
set col(60);
PUT(BYPASS DIODE VOLTAGE DROP,FORE=>4,AFT=>2,EXP=>0);PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(5);
PUT("End of life battery discharge voltage");
set col(60);
PUT(EOL BATTERY DISCHARGE VOLTAGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0); PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(5);
PUT("Satellite eclipse time hours");
SET COL(60);
PUT(ECLIPSE TIME, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" hours");
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(5);
PUT("Depth of Discharge ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(DEPTH\_OF\_DISCHARGE,FORE = >4,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(5);
PUT("Maximum Battery Discharge Voltage ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(MAXIMUM\_BATTERY\_CHARGE\_VOLTAGE,FORE = > 4,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(5);
PUT("Series Connected Diode Voltage Drop");
SET COL(60);
PUT(SERIES\_CONNECTED\_DIODE\_VOLTAGE\_DROP,FORE = > 4,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
PUT(" volts");
```

```
NEW_LINE(1);
SET COL(5);
PUT("Number of Series Connected Diodes ");
SET_COL(60);
PUT(NUMBER SERIES CONNECTED DIODES, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
NEW_LINE(1);
SET COL(5);
PUT("Battery Charger Voltage Drop");
SET COL(60);
PUT(BATTERY_CHARGER_VOLTAGE_DROP,FORE = >4,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);
PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(5);
PUT("Charge Discharge Voltage Drop");
SET COL(60);
PUT(CHARGE DISCHARGE EFFICIENCY BATTERY, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
new LINE(2);
STOP;
<<BUS>>
VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
NEW LINE(2);
                *********************
PUT_LINE("***
NEW LINE(2);
PUT_LINE("Please enter the number of buses used in your satellite.");
PUT LINE("Most satellites have 2 buses.");
GET INTEGER(J);
NEW_LINE(1);
PUT("Satellite has ");
PUT(J,WIDTH = > 2);
PUT(" buses");
if J > 2 then
  NEW LINE(1);
  PUT LINE("You have selected more then two buses. Are you sure?");
  PUT LINE("To change the number of buses enter a 'Y' for YES or 'N' for NO.");
  NEW LINE(2);
  GET CHARACTER(CHAR);
     if CHAR = 'Y' or CHAR = 'y' then
         CHAR := N;
         VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
         goto BUS;
     else
       VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
       PUT LINE("UNDERSTAND MORE THAN TWO BUSES IS OKAY.");
       NEW LINE(2);
     end if;
end if;
NEW LINE(1);
VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
```

```
PUT("Satellite has "):
 PUT(J,WIDTH = > 2):
 PUT(" buses");
 NUMBER OF BUSES: = FLOAT(J);
end OPERATING DATA;
procedure BATTERY (BATTERY LOAD
                                            : in out FLOAT:
                DRUM SPINNER
                                         : in out BOOLEAN;
                MINIMUM DISCHARGE BUS VOLTAGE: in out FLOAT;
                BUS VOLTAGE
                                         : in out FLOAT;
                BYPASS DIODE VOLTAGE DROP
                                                : in out FLOAT;
                EOL BATTERY DISCHARGE VOLTAGE: in out FLOAT;
                                        : in out FLOAT;
                BUS POWER
                PAYLOAD POWER
                                           : in out FLOAT;
                CELL AH
                                       : in out FLOAT;
                DEPTH OF DISCHARGE
                                            : in out FLOAT;
                ECLIPSE TIME
                                        : in out FLOAT:
                VOLTAGE CHARGE ARRAY
                                              : in out FLOAT;
                NUMBER OF BUSES
                                           : in out FLOAT;
                MAXIMUM BATTERY CHARGE VOLTAGE: in out FLOAT;
                SERIES_CONNECTED_DIODE_VOLTAGE_DROP: in out FLOAT;
                NUMBER SERIES CONNECTED DIODES: in out FLOAT;
                BATTERY CHARGER VOLTAGE DROP: in out FLOAT;
                CHARGE DISCHARGE EFFICIENCY BATTERY: in out FLOAT;
                spacecraft life
                                    : in out FLOAT;
                POWER EQUINOX CHARGE
                                               : in out FLOAT;
                POWER SOLSTICE CHARGE
                                              : in out FLOAT) is
DESIGN MARGIN
                           : FLOAT := 1.1:
SOLAR INTENSITY
                           : FLOAT := 135.0; -- mw / cm^2
SOLAR ARRAY TEMP SOLSTICE
                                 : FLOAT := 37.0; -- celcius
SOLAR ARRAY TEMP EQUINOX
                                  : FLOAT := 45.0; -- celcius
SOLAR CELL TEST TEMP
                             : FLOAT := 25.0; -- celcius
TEMP COEF EOL CURRENT
                               : FLOAT := 0.00024; -- ma/cm<sup>2</sup>
TEMP COEF EOL VOLTAGE
                               : FLOAT := -0.0022; -- ma/cm<sup>2</sup>
CURRENT MAX POWER
                               : FLOAT := 0.2966; -- A Imp
VOLTAGE MAX POWER
                              : FLOAT := 0.45; -- V Vmp
CURRENT SHORT CIRCUIT
                               : FLOAT := 0.315; -- A Isc
VOLTAGE OPEN CIRCUIT
                              : FLOAT := 0.548; -- V Voc
CELL_WIDTH
                          : FLOAT := 2.0;
CELL LENGTH
                          : FLOAT := 4.0;
                                            -- cm
CELL THICKNESS
                           : FLOAT := 0.021; -- cm w/coverglass
SOLSTICE ARRAY TEMP
                              : FLOAT := 37.0;
                                                -- degrees celcius
EQUINOX_ARRAY_TEMP
                              : FLOAT := 45.0;
                                                 -- degrees celcius
ASSEMBLY LOSS CURRENT
                                   : FLOAT := 0.9800;
ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION CURRENT : FLOAT: = 0.9077;
ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION VOLTAGE: FLOAT: = 0.9675;
-- SIF = SOLAR INTENSITY FACTOR
SOLSTICE SIF CURRENT
                                : FLOAT := 0.94425:
SOLSTICE_SIF_VOLTAGE
                                : FLOAT := 1.00000;
```

EQUINOX SIF CURRENT : FLOAT := 0.9970;**EOUINOX** 5 OLTAGE : FLOAT := 1.0000; EFF ILLUMINATION FLAT PANEL : FLOAT := 1.0000:

EFF_ILLUMINATION_SPIN : FLOAT:=3.14159265359;
PANEL_WIRING_LOSS_PER_CELL : FLOAT:=0.005; ---- delta V SOLSTICE_SOLAR_ARRAY_TEMP EQUINOX_SOLAR_ARRAY_TEMP : FLOAT: = 39.0; -- degree celcius : FLOAT: =49.0; -- degree celcius

BLOCKING_DIODE_VOLTAGE DROP : FLOAT:=0.9; --

ARRAY WIRING HARNESS AND SLIP RING VOLTAGE DROP: FLOAT := 0.9;

BUS CURRENT, CELL CURRENT EOL SOLSTICE, CELL CURRENT EOL EQUINOX, CELL VOLTAGE EOL SOLSTICE, CELL VOLTAGE EOL EQUINOX,

NUMBER CELLS IN SERIES CHARGE ARRAY SOLSTICE, NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL CHARGE ARRAY SOLSTICE, NUMBER CELLS IN SERIES_CHARGE ARRAY EQUINOX, NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL CHARGE ARRAY EQUINOX,

TOTAL NUMBER CELLS, POWER TOTAL, TOTAL POWER PER BUS, ARRAY TOTAL POWER, POWER MARGIN,

REQUIRED CURRENT SOLSTICE PER BUS, REQUIRED_CURRENT EQUINOX_PER BUS, TEMP OF CELL CHARACS, CELL_AREA, NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL, NUMBER CELLS IN SERIES, DESIGN LOAD SOLSTICE, DESIGN_LOAD_EQUINOX : FLOAT;

FINAL : BOOLEAN := TRUE;

PARAMETERS,

CELLS : INTEGER;

OUTSC : FILE TYPE;

EQUINOX CURRENT, SOLSTICE CURRENT, MAXIMUM CHARGE VOLTAGE, RECHARGE TIME : FLOAT;

```
OUTF
                          : FILE TYPE;
begin
  NEW LINE(2);
  PUT("Please enter the Solar Cell Test Temperature in degrees celcius"):
  NEW LINE(4);
  set col(15);
  GET DATA(SOLAR CELL TEST TEMP);
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
  PUT("Solar Cell Test Temperature is ");
  PUT(SOLAR CELL TEST TEMP,FORE=>3,AFT=>2,EXP=>0);
  PUT(" celcius");
  NEW LINE(4);
  STOP;
  NEW LINE(1);
  PUT LINE(" The electrical characteristics of typical solar cells are based ");
  NEW LINE(1);
  PUT("on ");
  PUT(SOLAR CELL TEST TEMP, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 0, EXP = > 0);
  PUT(" degrees celcius temperature and standard solar intensity ");
  NEW LINE(2);
  PUT LINE("of 135.3 mw/cm<sup>2</sup> on a cell basis at BOL. The realistic solar");
  NEW LINE(1);
  PUT LINE("array power is, however, calculated by considering several");
  NEW LINE(1);
  PUT LINE("factors, such as assembly loss factors, environmental degradation,");
  NEW LINE(1);
  PUT LINE("the seasonal variation of solar intensity, solar cell temperature, ");
  NEW LINE(1);
  PUT LINE("and random failures. Some typical values are given in Table 6.6");
  NEW LINE(1);
  PUT LINE("of Brij N. Agrawal's book Design of Geosynchronous Spacecraft.");
  NEW LINE(2);
  STOP:
  if SPACECRAFT_LIFE = 10.01 then
    ASSEMBLY LOSS CURRENT
                                          :=0.9600;
    ENVIRONMENTAL_DEGRADATION_CURRENT :=0.8561;
    ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION VOLTAGE :=0.9350;
    -- SIF = SOLAR INTENSITY FACTOR
    SOLSTICE SIF CURRENT
                                       :=0.8885;
    SOLSTICE SIF VOLTAGE
                                        :=1.00000;
    EQUINOX SIF CURRENT
                                        :=0.9941;
    EQUINOX SIF VOLTAGE
                                        :=1.0000;
```

: INTEGER;

CHARGE

```
elsif SPACECRAFT LIFE <= 2.0 then
 ASSEMBLY LOSS CURRENT
                                   =0.9800;
 ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION CURRENT :=0.9077;
 ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION VOLTAGE :=0.9675;
 -- SIF = SOLAR INTENSITY FACTOR
 SOLSTICE_SIF_CURRENT
SOLSTICE_SIF_VOLTAGE
EQUINOX_SIF_CURRENT
                              :=0.94425;
                               :=1.00000;
                                :=0.9970;
 EQUINOX_SIF_VOLTAGE
                              :=1.0000;
elsif SPACECRAFT_LIFE > 2.0 and SPACECRAFT_LIFE < 7.0 then
  ASSEMBLY LOSS CURRENT: = ASSEMBLY LOSS CURRENT
                    /(1.011722**INTEGER(SPACECRAFT LIFE-2.0));
 ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION CURRENT: = ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION CURRENT
                              /1.0216787**INTEGER(SPACECRAFT LIFE-2.0);
 ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION_VOLTAGE:=ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION VOLTAGE
                              /1.0068572**INTEGER(SPACECRAFT LIFE-2.0);
  -- SIF = SOLAR INTENSITY FACTOR
  SOLSTICE SIF CURRENT:=SOLSTICE SIF CURRENT
                    /1.0111722**INTEGER(SPACECRAFT LIFE-2.0);
  EQUINOX SIF_CURRENT:=EQUINOX_SIF CURRENT
                   /1.000582763**INTEGER(SPACECRAFT LIFE-2.0);
elsif SPACECRAFT LIFE >= 7.0 and SPACECRAFT_LIFE < 8.0 then
  ASSEMBLY_LOSS_CURRENT
                                      := 0.96;
  ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION CURRENT := 0.8154;
  ENVIRONMENTAL_DEGRADATION VOLTAGE
                                             := 0.935:
  -- SIF = SOLAR INTENSITY FACTOR
  SOLSTICE SIF_CURRENT
                                  := 0.8885;
  SOLSTICE_SIF_VOLTAGE
                                  := 1.0;
                                   := 0.9941;
  EQUINOX_SIF_CURRENT
  EQUINOX SIF VOLTAGE
                                   := 1.0;
  EFF_ILLUMINATION_FLAT_PANEL := 1.0;
  EFF ILLUMINATION SPIN
                                    := 1.0;
elsif SPACECRAFT LIFE >= 8.0 and SPACECRAFT LIFE <= 50.0 then
  -- 1.016397 is a mathematical constant to cause a continuous
  -- 5% degradation every 5 years.
  ASSEMBLY LOSS CURRENT: = ASSEMBLY LOSS CURRENT
```

/1.016397**INTEGER(SPACECRAFT LIFE-7.0);

```
ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION CURRENT: = ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION CURRENT
                                /1.016397**INTEGER(SPACECRAFT LIFE-7.0);
 ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION VOLTAGE: = ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION VOLTAGE
                                /1.016397**INTEGER(SPACECRAFT LIFE-7.0);
 -- SIF = SOLAR INTENSITY FACTOR
 SOLSTICE SIF CURRENT: = SOLSTICE SIF CURRENT
                     /1.016397**INTEGER(SPACECRAFT LIFE-7.0);
  EQUINOX SIF CURRENT: = EQUINOX SIF CURRENT
                    /1.016397**INTEGER(SPACECRAFT LIFE-7.0);
else
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
  PUT LINE(" Spacecraft life to long DEFAULT values will be used");
end if;
PUT LINE("Environmental Degradation Factors for given Spacecraft Life");
new line(1);
PUT("Assembly Loss Current is ");
SET_COL(60);
PUT(ASSEMBLY LOSS CURRENT, FORE = >1, AFT = >4, EXP = >0);
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Environmental Degradation Current is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION CURRENT, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
NEW_LINE(2);
PUT("Environmental Degradation Voltage is ");
SET COL(60):
PUT(ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION VOLTAGE, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Solar Intensity Factor for Current during Solstice is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(SOLSTICE SIF CURRENT, FORE = >1, AFT = >4, EXP = >0);
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Solar Intensity Factor for Voltage during Solstice is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(SOLSTICE SIF VOLTAGE, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Solar Intensity Factor for Current during Equinox is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(EQUINOX SIF CURRENT, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(2);
```

```
PUT("Solar Intensity Factor for Voltage during Equinox is ");
SET_COL(60);
PUT(EQUINOX_SIF_VOLTAGE, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
NEW_LINE(2);
NEW LINE(2);
PUT LINE("To use the above calculated values enter a '1'");
NEW LINE(1);
PUT LINE("To change the calculated values enter a '2'");
NEW_LINE(1);
SET COL(5);
GET_INTEGER(CELLS);
case CELLS is
 when 1 = >
    PUT LINE("Understand default values will be used");
 when 2 = >
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
    new line(2);
    NEW LINE(2);
    PUT("Please enter desired value for Assembly Loss Current");
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET COL(15);
    GET_DATA(ASSEMBLY_LOSS_CURRENT);
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
    new line(2);
    NEW LINE(2);
    PUT("Please enter desired value for Environmental Degradation (current)");
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET COL(15);
    GET DATA(ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION CURRENT);
    VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
    new_line(2);
    NEW LINE(2);
    PUT("Please enter desired value for Environmental Degradation (voltage)");
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET COL(15);
    GET_DATA(ENVIRONMENTAL_DEGRADATION_VOLTAGE);
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
    new line(2);
    NEW LINE(2);
```

```
PUT LINE("Please enter desired value for ");
    PUT LINE(" Solar Intensity Factor (solstice current)");
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET COL(15);
    GET_DATA(SOLSTICE_SIF_CURRENT);
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
    new line(2);
    NEW LINE(2):
    PUT LINE("Please enter desired value for ");
    PUT LINE(" Solar Intensity Factor (solstice voltage)");
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET COL(15);
    GET DATA(SOLSTICE SIF VOLTAGE);
    VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
    new line(2);
    NEW LINE(2);
    PUT LINE("Please enter desired value for ");
    PUT LINE(" Solar Intensity Factor (equinox current)");
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET_COL(15);
    GET_DATA(EQUINOX_SIF_CURRENT);
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
    new line(2);
    NEW LINE(2);
    PUT LINE("Please enter desired value for ");
    PUT LINE(" Solar Intensity Factor (equinox voltage)");
    NEW LINE(2);
    SET COL(15);
    GET_DATA(EQUINOX_SIF_VOLTAGE);
 when OTHERS = >
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
    NEW_LINE(2);
    SET COL(5);
    PUT LINE("Understand Calculated values will be used");
    NEW LINE(2);
end case; -- CHARGE
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
NEW LINE(1);
PUT("SOLAR ARRAY DESIGN FACTORS ARE:");
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Assembly Loss Current is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(ASSEMBLY LOSS CURRENT, FORE = >1, AFT = >4, EXP = >0);
NEW LINE(2);
```

```
PUT("Environmental Degradation Current is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION CURRENT, FORE => 1, AFT => 4, EXP => 1,
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Environmental Degradation Voltage is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION VOLTAGE, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Solar Intensity Factor for Current during Solstice is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(SOLSTICE SIF CURRENT, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Solar Intensity Factor for Voltage during Solstice is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(SOLSTICE SIF VOLTAGE, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Solar Intensity Factor for Current during Equinox is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(EQUINOX SIF CURRENT, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Solar Intensity Factor for Voltage during Equinox is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(EQUINOX SIF VOLTAGE, FORE = >1, AFT = >4, EXP = >0);
NEW LINE(3);
STOP;
NEW LINE(1);
NEW LINE(2);
PUT LINE("
                      SOLAR CELL CHARACTERISTICS");
PUT LINE("***********
PUT_LINE("Choice '1' '2'
                                '3' '4' '5'
                                             .6,
PUT LINE("Charac Intelsat Intelsat Intelsat GaAs/Ge AlAs/Ge");
PUT LINE("
            IV
                       V
                                 VI
PUT_LINE("
                 Si
                        Si
PUT_LINE(*
                            K4-3/4 K7 ");
PUT LINE("-----");
PUT_LINE("Imp Amps 0.125 0.2966 0.391 0.644 0.725 0.780");
PUT LINE("Vmp Volts 0.445 0.450 0.454 0.478 0.885 0.812");
PUT LINE("Isc Amps 0.141 0.315 0.4187 0.6887 0.735 0.878");
PUT LINE("Voc Volts 0.560 0.548 0.545 0.590 0.889 0.851");
PUT LINE("Size cm
                    2x2 2.1x4.0 i.8x6.2 2.5x6.2 2x4 2x2 ");
```

```
PUT LINE("Thickness 0.033 0.025 0.020 0.020 .020
                                                 0.20");
PUT LINE("Material
                    Si
                         Si
                                   Si GaAs/Ge AlAs/Ge");
PUT LINE("To use the above calculated values enter the appropriate");
PUT LINE("number located at the top of the column. To enter your own");
PUT LINE("cell parameters enter a '7'");
SET COL(5):
GET INTEGER(PARAMETERS);
case PARAMETERS is
  when 1 = >
     TEMP COEF EOL_CURRENT
                                  := 0.00024; -- ma/cm^2
     TEMP_COEF_EOL_VOLTAGE
                                   := -0.0022;
     CURRENT MAX POWER
                                  := 0.1250; -- A \text{ Imp}
     VOLTAGE MAX POWER
                                  := 0.445;
                                             -- V Vmp
     CURRENT SHORT CIRCUIT
                                  := 0.141; -- A Isc
                                  := 0.560; -- V \text{ Voc}
     VOLTAGE OPEN CIRCUIT
     CELL WIDTH
                              := 2.0;
                                        -- cm
     CELL LENGTH
                              := 2.0;
                                        -- cm
     CELL THICKNESS
                               := 0.033: -- cm
  when 2 = >
     TEMP COEF EOL CURRENT
                                  := 0.00024; -- ma/cm<sup>2</sup>
     TEMP COEF EOL VOLTAGE
                                   := -0.0022;
     CURRENT_MAX_POWER
                                  := 0.2966; -- A \text{ Imp}
     VOLTAGE MAX POWER
                                  := 0.45; -- V Vmp
     CURRENT SHORT CIRCUIT
                                  := 0.315; -- A Isc
                                             -- V Voc
     VOLTAGE OPEN CIRCUIT
                                  := 0.548;
     CELL WIDTH
                             := 2.0;
                                     -- cm
     CELL LENGTH
                              := 4.0;
                                        -- cm
                              := 0.025; -- cm
     CELL THICKNESS
  when 3 = >
     TEMP COEF EOL CURRENT
                                  := 0.00024; -- ma/cm^2
     TEMP COEF EOL VOLTAGE
                                   := -0.0022;
     CURRENT MAX POWER
                                   := 0.391; -- A Imp
     VOLTAGE MAX POWER
                                  := 0.454; -- V Vmp
     CURRENT_SHORT_CIRCUIT
                                   := 0.4187; -- A Isc
     VOLTAGE_OPEN CIRCUIT
                                  := 0.545; -V Voc
                              := 1.8;
     CELL WIDTH
                                        -- cm
     CELL LENGTH
                             := 6.2:
                                        -- cm
     CELL THICKNESS
                              := 0.02; -- cm
  when 4 = >
     TEMP COEF EOL CURRENT
                                   := 0.00024; -- ma/cm^2
     TEMP_COEF_EOL_VOLTAGE
                                   := -0.0022;
     CURRENT MAX POWER
                                  := 0.644; -- A Imp
     VOLTAGE MAX POWER
                                  := 0.478; -V Vmp
```

```
when 5 = >
   TEMP_COEF_EOL_CURRENT := 0.00024; -- ma/cm^2
TEMP_COEF_EOL_VOLTAGE := -0.0022;
CURRENT_MAX_POWER := 0.725; -- A Imp
VOLTAGE_MAX_POWER := 0.750; -- V Vmp
CURRENT_SHORT_CIRCUIT := 0.735; -- A Isc
VOLTAGE_OPEN_CIRCUIT := 0.888; -- V Voc
CELL_WIDTH := 2.20
   := 0.888;

:= 2.0; -- cm

CELL_LENGTH
   := 4.0;
CELL_THICKNESS := 0.00
                             := 0.02; -- cm
when 6 = >
   when 7 = >
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   PUT LINE("Please enter the value for temperature coefficient EOL CURRENT");
   PUT LINE("Default value is -0.0022 A / degree C");
   SET COL(15);
   GET_DATA(TEMP_COEF_EOL_CURRENT);
   NEW LINE(2);
   VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
   SET COL(15);
   PUT("Temperature coefficient EOL CURRENT is ");
   PUT(TEMP_COEF_EOL_CURRENT,FORE = > 1,AFT = > 4,EXP = > 0);
   PUT(" ma/cm^2"); NEW_LINE(2);
   PUT LINE("Please enter the value for temperature coefficient EOL VOLTAGE");
    PUT LINE("Default value is 0.00024 V / degree C");
    SET_COL(15);
    GET DATA(TEMP COEF EOL VOLTAGE);
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
```

```
NEW LINE(2);
SET COL(15);
PUT("Temperature coefficient EOL VOLTAGE is ");
PUT(TEMP COEF EOL VOLTAGE, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" mv/cm<sup>2</sup>"); NEW LINE(2);
PUT LINE("Please enter the value for CURRENT at MAXIMUM POWER (Imp) ");
PUT LINE("Default value is 0.2966 Amps");
SET_COL(15);
GET DATA(CURRENT MAX POWER);
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
NEW LINE(2);
SET_COL(15);
PUT("Current at Maximum Power is ");
PUT(CURRENT_MAX_POWER, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" Amps -- Imp"); NEW LINE(2);
PUT LINE("Please enter the value for VOLTAGE at MAXIMUM POWER (Imp) ");
PUT LINE("Default value is 0.45 Volts");
SET COL(15);
GET_DATA(VOLTAGE_MAX_POWER);
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
NEW LINE(2):
SET COL(15);
FUT("Voltage at Maximum Power is ");
PUT(VOLTAGE MAX POWER, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" Volts -- Vmp"); NEW LINE(2);
PUT LINE("Please enter the value for Short Circuit Current (Isc) ");
PUT LINE("Default value is 0.315 Amps");
SET COL(15);
GET DATA(CURRENT SHORT CIRCUIT );
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
NEW LINE(2);
SET COL(15);
PUT("Short Circuit Current is ");
PUT(CURRENT SHORT CIRCUIT ,FORE = >1,AFT = >4,EXP = >0);
PUT(" Amps -- Isc"); NEW LINE(2);
PUT LINE("Please enter the value for Open Circuit Voltage (Voc) ");
PUT LINE("Default value is 0.548 Volts");
SET COL(15);
GET DATA(VOLTAGE OPEN CIRCUIT);
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
NEW LINE(2);
SET COL(15);
PUT("Open Circuit Voltage is ");
```

```
PUT(VOLTAGE\_OPEN\_CIRCUIT, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
    PUT(" Volts -- Voc"); NEW_LINE(2);
     PUT LINE("Please enter the value for Solar Cell Width in cm.");
     PUT LINE("Default value is 2 cm ");
     SET COL(15);
     GET DATA(CELL WIDTH);
     VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
     NEW LINE(2);
     SET COL(15);
     PUT("Solar Cell Width is ");
     PUT(CELL WIDTH, FORE = >2, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
     PUT(" cm"); NEW_LINE(2);
     PUT("Please enter the value for Solar Cell Length in cm.");
     PUT LINE("Default value is 4 cm");
     SET COL(15);
     GET DATA(CELL LENGTH);
     VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
     NEW LINE(2);
     SET COL(15);
     PUT("Solar Cell Length is ");
     PUT(CELL LENGTH, FORE = >2, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
     PUT(" cm"); NEW LINE(2);
     PUT("Please enter the value for Solar Cell Thickness in cm. ");
     PUT LINE("Default value is 0.025 cm");
     SET COL(15);
     GET DATA(CELL THICKNESS);
     VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
     NEW LINE(2);
     SET COL(15);
     PUT("Solar Cell Thickness is ");
     PUT(CELL THICKNESS, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
     PUT(" cm"); NEW LINE(2);
  when OTHERS =>
     VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
     NEW LINE(2);
     SET COL(5):
     PUT LINE("Understand Default values will be used");
end case; -- CHARGE
-- STOP;
 VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
 PUT LINE(" SOLAR CELL PARAMETERS ARE ");
     NEW LINE(2);
```

```
SET COL(15);
PUT("Temperature coefficient EOL CURRENT is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(TEMP\_COEF\_EOL\_CURRENT,FORE = > 1,AFT = > 4,EXP = > 0);
PUT(" ma/cm^2");
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(15);
PUT("Temperature coefficient EOL VOLTAGE is ");
SET COL(59);
PUT(TEMP COEF EOL VOLTAGE, FORE = >1, AFT = >4, EXP = >0);
PUT(" ma/cm<sup>2</sup>");
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(15);
PUT("Current at Maximum Power is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(CURRENT_MAX_POWER, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" Amps (Imp)");
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(15);
PUT("Voltage at Maximum Power is "):
SET COL(60);
PUT(VOLTAGE MAX POWER, FORE = >1, AFT = >4, EXP = >0);
PUT(" Volts (Vmp)");
NEW LINE(1):
SET COL(15);
PUT("Short Circuit Current is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(CURRENT\_SHORT\_CIRCUIT ,FORE = > 1,AFT = > 4,EXP = > 0);
PUT(" Amps (Isc)");
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(15);
PUT("Open Circuit Voltage is ");
SET col(60);
PUT(VOLTAGE_OPEN_CIRCUIT, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" Volts (Voc)");
NEW_LINE(1);
SET COL(15);
PUT("Solar Cell Width is ");
SET COL(59);
PUT(CELL WIDTH, FORE = >2, AFT = >4, EXP = >0);
PUT(" cm");
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(15);
PUT("Solar Cell Length is ");
SET_COL(59);
```

```
PUT(CELL LENGTH, FORE = >2, AFT = >4, EXP = >0);
      PUT(" cm");
      NEW_LINE(1);
      SET COL(15);
      PUT("Solar Cell Thickness is ");
      SET COL(59);
      PUT(CELL\ THICKNESS, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
      PUT(" cm");
      NEW LINE(1);
      NEW_LINE(3);
      STOP:
      -- Cell current at maximum power point of EOL summer solstice
-- PUT(CURRENT MAX POWER, FORE = >4, AFT = >4, EXP = >0);
-- NEW LINE(1);
-- PUT(SOLSTICE_SOLAR ARRAY TEMP ,FORE = >4,AFT = >4,EXP = >0);
-- NEW LINE(1);
-- PUT( TEMP_COEF_EOL_CURRENT,FORE = >4,AFT = >4,EXP = >0);
-- NEW LINE(1);
-- PUT(SOLAR CELL TEST TEMP,FORE=>4,AFT=>4,EXP=>0);
-- NEW LINE(1);
-- PUT(ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION CURRENT ,FORE = >4,AFT = >4,EXP = >0);
-- NEW LINE(1);
-- PUT(ASSEMBLY_LOSS CURRENT ,FORE = >4,AFT = >4,EXP = >0);
-- NEW LINE(1);
<<REITERATE VOLTAGE>>
 if FINAL = FALSE then
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   FINAL: = TRUE;
   PUT LINE("PREVIOUSLY ENTERED DEFAULT VALUES OF FIRST ITERATION WILL BE USED");
   PUT LINE("BE USED ON THIS ITERATION EXCEPT FOR REQUESTED VALUES");
   NEW LINE(2);
   PUT LINE("Please enter the minimum satellite bus discharge voltage");
   PUT LINE("about 30 volts");
   SET COL(10);
   GET DATA(MINIMUM_DISCHARGE_BUS_VOLTAGE);
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   PUT("Minimum discharge bus voltage is ");
```

```
PUT(MINIMUM_DISCHARGE_BUS_VOLTAGE,FORE = > 4,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" volts");
 NEW LINE(2);
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("Please enter the DESIGN satellite bus voltage");
 SET COL(10):
 GET_DATA(BUS_VOLTAGE);
 VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
 PUT("Bus voltage is ");
 PUT(BUS VOLTAGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(" volts");
end if:
NEW LINE(2);
SET COL(1);
PUT("Series cells required for minimum discharge voltage FLOAT");
SERIES CELLS FOR MIN DIS VOLT:=
       ((MINIMUM DISCHARGE BUS VOLTAGE+BYPASS DIODE VOLTAGE DROP)
        /EOL BATTERY DISCHARGE VOLTAGE)+1.0;
SET COL(64):
PUT(SERIES CELLS FOR MIN DIS VOLT, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
N INTEGER: = INTEGER(SERIES CELLS FOR MIN DIS VOLT);
SET COL(1);
PUT("Series cells required for minimum discharge voltage INTEGER");
SET COL(64);
PUT(FLOAT(N INTEGER), FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0):
if FLOAT(N INTEGER) < SERIES CELLS FOR MIN DIS VOLT then
  N INTEGER:=N INTEGER+1;
end if;
SERIES CELLS FOR MIN DIS VOLT: = FLOAT(N INTEGER);
SET COL(1):
PUT("Series cells required for minimum discharge voltage ROUND UP");
SET COL(64);
PUT(SERIES CELLS FOR MIN DIS VOLT, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0):
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Minimum discharge voltage is ");
MINIMUM DISCHARGE BUS VOLTAGE:=((SERIES CELLS FOR MIN DIS VOLT-1.0)
            *EOL BATTERY DISCHARGE VOLTAGE)-BYPASS DIODE VOLTAGE DROP;
SET COL(64);
PUT(MINIMUM DISCHARGE BUS VOLTAGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0); PUT(" volts");
new line(4);
STOP:
new line(2);
PUT LINE(" The power required by a bus will be all or part of the total");
PUT LINE("power. Therefore the batteries for each bus must provide");
```

```
PUT LINE("power for the maximum eclipse time of 1.2 hours for");
PUT LINE("geosynchronous orbits.");
new line(2):
CELL AH:=(BATTERY LOAD/NUMBER OF BUSES*ECLIPSE TIME)
        /(MINIMUM DISCHARGE BUS VOLTAGE*DEPTH OF DISCHARGE);
PUT(" The required Cell capacity is ");
PUT(CELL AH, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" ampere hours");
NEW LINE(2);
BUS POWER: = BATTERY LOAD/NUMBER OF BUSES;
PUT("Bus Power is ");
PUT(BUS POWER, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0); PUT(" watts");
new line(2);
PUT LINE(" To determine the maximum charge voltage it is assumed that an");
PUT("open circuit failure of a battery cell during charge is ");
PUT(SERIES CONNECTED DIODE VOLTAGE DROP, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(1);
PUT LINE("per diode usually accommodated by three series connected ");
PUT LINE("silicon diodes connected in parallel with the cell.");
NEW LINE(2);
STOP:
NEW LINE(2);
MAXIMUM CHARGE VOLTAGE: = MAXIMUM BATTERY CHARGE VOLTAGE
                    *(SERIES CELLS FOR MIN DIS VOLT-1.0)
                    +NUMBER SERIES CONNECTED DIODES
                    *SERIES CONNECTED DIODE VOLTAGE DROP;
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN:
PUT("Maximum Charge Voltage is");
SET COL(64);
PUT(MAXIMUM\_CHARGE\_VOLTAGE,FORE = > 4,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(2);
STOP;
NEW LINE(2):
PUT(" The main bus voltage is regulated to + or - ");
PUT(BUS VOLTAGE ALLOWABLE DEVIATION, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(1);
PUT("Therefore the lower limit of the bus voltage is ");
PUT(BUS VOLTAGE-BUS VOLTAGE ALLOWABLE DEVIATION, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(1):
PUT("The battery charger voltage drop (V cd) is ");
```

```
PUT(BATTERY CHARGER VOLTAGE_DROP,FORE = > 2,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" volts");
 NEW_LINE(1);
VOLTAGE CHARGE ARRAY:=MAXIMUM CHARGE VOLTAGE-(BUS_VOLTAGE-BUS_VOLTAGE A
LLOWABLE DEVIATION)
                     +BATTERY_CHARGER_VOLTAGE_DROP;
 new line(2);
  SET COL(5);
  PUT("Then the boost voltage needed by the charge array is ");
  PUT(VOLTAGE CHARGE ARRAY, FORE=>2, AFT=>2, EXP=>0);
  PUT(" volts");
  NEW LINE(1);
  PUT_LINE(" The charge current is applied to each bus on a 50% duty");
  PUT LINE("cycle. The charge rates are CELL ampere hours/15 for autumnal");
  PUT LINE("equinox and CELL ampere hours/45 for summer solstice.");
  new line(3);
  STOP;
  new line(1);
  PUT LINE("The currents are: ");
  NEW_LINE(1);
  EQUINOX CURRENT: = CELL AH/EQUINOX CHARGE RATE;
  PUT("Equinox current is ");
  SET COL(64);
  PUT(EQUINOX CURRENT, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
  PUT(" amps");
  NEW LINE(2);
  SOLSTICE CURRENT:=CELL_AH/SOLSTICE_CHARGE_RATE;
  PUT("Solstice current is ");
  SET COL(64);
  PUT(SOLSTICE CURRENT, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
  PUT(" amps");
  NEW LINE(2);
  PUT_LINE("Charging or discharging at high rate is based on returning");
  PUT LINE("the energy depleted during eclipse to each battery.");
  NEW LINE(1);
  POWER EQUINOX CHARGE: = MAXIMUM CHARGE VOLTAGE*EQUINOX CURRENT;
  PUT("Power required for equinox charge at high rate is ");
  SET COL(64):
  PUT(POWER EQUINOX CHARGE, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
  PUT(" watts");
  NEW_LINE(2);
  POWER SOLSTICE CHARGE: = MAXIMUM CHARGE VOLTAGE*SOLSTICE CURRENT;
  PUT("Power required for solstice charge at high rate is ");
  SET COL(64);
  PUT(POWER SOLSTICE CHARGE, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
  PUT(" watts");
```

```
NEW_LINE(2);
RECHARGE TIME: = ((BATTERY LOAD/NUMBER OF BUSES)*ECLIPSE TIME)
/(POWER_EQUINOX_CHARGE * CHARGE_DISCHARGE_EFFICIENCY_BATTERY);
PUT("Recharge time is ");
SET COL(64);
PUT(RECHARGE TIME, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" hours");
NEW_LINE(2);
stop;
CREATE(OUTF, NAME = > "CELPARAM.DAT");
SET COL(OUTF,20);
PUT LINE(OUTF, "ELECTRICAL POWER SUBSYSTEM PARAMETERS");
NEW LINE(OUTF,2);
SET COL(OUTF,15);
PUT(OUTF, "PARAMETER");
SET COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, "SYMBOL");
SET COL(OUTF,61);
PUT(OUTF, "VALUE");
SET COL(OUTF,68);
PUT(OUTF, "UNITS");
NEW LINE(OUTF,2);
PUT( OUTF, "Payload Power Requirements");
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT( OUTF, PAYLOAD POWER, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
SET COL(OUTF,69);
PUT( OUTF, "watts");
NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT( OUTF, "Housekeeping Power ");
SET COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, "Phk");
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT( OUTF, HOUSEKEEPING POWER, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
SET COL(OUTF,69);
PUT( OUTF, "watts");
NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
```

```
PUT( OUTF, "Load including load contingency");
SET COL(OUTF,46):
PUT(OUTF, "Ptot");
SET COL(OUTF,58):
PUT(OUTF, BATTERY LOAD, FORE => 4, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
SET COL(OUTF, 69);
PUT(OUTF, "watts");
NEW_LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Solar Array Load");
SET COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, "Psal");
SET_COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF, SOLAR ARRAY LOAD, FORE =>4, AFT =>2, EXP ->0);
SET COL(OUTF,69);
PUT(OUTF, "watts");
NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Spacecraft Life");
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF, SPACECRAFT LIFE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTF,69);
PUT(OUTF, "years");
NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Depth of Discharge");
SET COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, "DOD");
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF, DEPTH OF DISCHARGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTF,69);
PUT(OUTF, "%");
NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "EOL Battery Discharge Voltage");
SET COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, "Vd");
set col(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF, EOL\_BATTERY\_DISCHARGE\_VOLTAGE, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
SET COL(OUTF,69);
PUT(OUTF, "volts");
NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Bypass Diode Voltage Drop");
SET_COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, "Vdd");
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF,BYPASS DIODE VOLTAGE DROP,FORE = >4,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTF,69);
PUT(OUTF, "volts");
NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
```

```
PUT(OUTF, "Design Satellite Bus Voltage");
 SET_COL(OUTF,46);
 PUT(OUTF, "Vbus");
 SET COL(OUTF,58);
 PUT(OUTF, BUS VOLTAGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 SET_COL(OUTF,69);
 PUT(OUTF, "volts");
 NEW_LINE(OUTF,1);
 PUT(OUTF, "Bus Voltage Allowable Deviation");
 SET COL(OUTF,46);
 PUT(OUTF, "Vbdev");
 SET COL(OUTF,58);
 PUT(OUTF, BUS_VOLTAGE_ALLOWABLE_DEVIATION, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 SET COL(OUTF,69);
 PUT(OUTF, "volts");
 NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
 PUT(OUTF, "Minimum Bus Voltage in Sunlight");
 SET COL(OUTF, 46);
 PUT(OUTF, "Vbmin");
 SET_COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF,BUS VOLTAGE-BUS VOLTAGE ALLOWABLE DEVIATION,FORE=>4,AFT=>2,EXP=>0);
 SET COL(OUTF,69);
 PUT(OUTF, "volts");
 NEW_LINE(OUTF,1);
 PUT(OUTF, "Eclipse Time (Geosynchronous Orbits");
 SET COL(OUTF,46);
 PUT(OUTF, "t");
 SET COL(OUTF,58);
 PUT(OUTF, ECLIPSE\ TIME, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 SET COL(OUTF,69);
 PUT(OUTF, "hours");
 NEW_LINE(OUTF,1);
 PUT(OUTF, "Maximum Battery Charge Voltage");
  SET_COL(OUTF,46);
 PUT(OUTF, "Vbc");
 SET COL(OUTF,58);
 PUT(OUTF, MAXIMUM_CHARGE_VOLTAGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
  SET_COL(OUTF,69);
  PUT(OUTF, "volts");
 NEW_LINE(OUTF,1);
  PUT(OUTF, "Number of Satellite Buses");
  SET COL(OUTF,46);
 PUT(OUTF, "Buses");
```

```
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF,J,WIDTH = > 4);
NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Bus Power");
SET COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, "Vbus");
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF, BUS POWER, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTF,69);
PUT(OUTF, "watts");
NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Number of Series Connected Diodes");
SET COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, "Ndiode");
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF, NUMBER SERIES CONNECTED DIODES, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Series Connected Diode Voltage Drop");
SET COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, "Vdiode");
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF, SERIES CONNECTED DIODE VOLTAGE_DROP, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTF,69);
PUT(OUTF, "volts");
NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Battery Charger Voltage Drop");
SET COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, "Vcd");
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF, BATTERY CHARGER VOLTAGE DROP, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTF,69);
PUT(OUTF, "volts"):
NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Equinox Current");
SET COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, "Ieq");
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF, EQUINOX CURRENT, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTF,69);
PUT(OUTF, "amps");
NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Solstice Current");
SET_COL(OUTF,46);
```

```
PUT(OUTF, "Iss");
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF, SOLSTICE CURRENT, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTF,69);
PUT(OUTF, "amps");
NEW_LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Battery Charge Discharge Efficiency");
SET COL(OUTF,46);
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF, CHARGE DISCHARGE EFFICIENCY BATTERY, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTF,69);
PUT(OUTF, "%");
NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Number of Satellite Buses");
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF, J, WIDTH = > 4);
NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Number of Battery Cells in Series");
SET COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, "N");
SET_COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF,SERIES_CELLS_FOR_MIN_DIS_VOLT,FORE=>4,AFT=>2,EXP=>0);
NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Minimum Discharge Bus Voltage");
SET COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, "Vdb");
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF, MINIMUM_DISCHARGE BUS VOLTAGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTF,69);
PUT(OUTF, "volts");
NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Required Cell Capacity");
SET COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, "C"):
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF,CELL AH,FORE = >4,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTF,69);
PUT(OUTF, "AH");
NEW_LINE(OUTF,1);
PUT(OUTF, "Boost Voltage Req. by Charge Array");
SET COL(OUTF,46);
PUT(OUTF, "Vca");
SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF, VOLTAGE\_CHARGE\_ARRAY, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
```

```
SET COL(OUTF,69);
 PUT(OUTF, "volts");
 NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
 PUT(OUTF, "Maximum Battery Charge Voltage");
 SET COL(OUTF,46);
 PUT(OUTF, "Vbc");
 SET COL(OUTF,58);
PUT(OUTF, BUS VOLTAGE+MAXIMUM BATTERY CHARGE VOLTAGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP=
>0);
 SET COL(OUTF,69);
 PUT(OUTF, "volts");
 NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
 PUT(OUTF, "Power Req. Equinox Charge @ High Rate");
 SET COL(OUTF,46);
 PUT(OUTF, "Pchrgeq");
 SET COL(OUTF, 58):
 PUT(OUTF, POWER EQUINOX CHARGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 SET COL(OUTF,69);
 PUT(OUTF, "watts");
 NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
 PUT(OUTF, "Power Req. Solstice Charge @ High Rate");
 SET COL(OUTF,46);
 PUT(OUTF, "Pchrgss");
 SET COL(OUTF, 58);
 PUT(OUTF, POWER SOLSTICE CHARGE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 SET COL(OUTF,69);
 PUT(OUTF, "watts");
 NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
 PUT(OUTF, "Recharge Time");
 SET COL(OUTF,46);
 PUT(OUTF, "Tcharge-e");
 SET COL(OUTF,58);
 PUT(OUTF, RECHARGE\ TIME, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 SET COL(OUTF,69);
  PUT(OUTF, "hours");
 NEW LINE(OUTF,1);
```

CLOSE(OUTF);

-- MATERIAL.

```
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
PUT L!NE("SOLAR ARRAY DESIGN");
PUT LINE(" The total load on the solar array will be the summation of");
PUT LINE("the equipment load and the power required for charging the");
PUT LINE("batteries. Generally, 10% solar array design margin is used");
PUT LINE("to take into account the uncertainty in the radiation");
PUT LINE("degradation and other design factors of the solar array.");
 -- should I use payload power or bus power
 DESIGN LOAD EQUINOX:=DESIGN MARGIN*(BATTERY LOAD+POWER EQUINOX CHARGE);
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("The solar array design load at EQUINOX is ");
 SET COL(64);
 PUT(DESIGN LOAD EQUINOX,FORE = >5,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);PUT(" watts");
 DESIGN LOAD SOLSTICE:=DESIGN MARGIN*(BATTERY LOAD+POWER SOLSTICE CHARGE);
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("The solar array design load at SOLSTICE is ");
 SET COL(64);
 PUT(DESIGN LOAD SOLSTICE, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0); PUT(" watts");
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT_LINE(" The design load for either configuration will be divided ");
 PUT LINE("by the total number of buses for the main load.");
 NEW LINE(2);
 STOP;
 NEW LINE(1);
CELL_CURRENT_EOL_SOLSTICE: = ((CURRENT_MAX_POWER
                +TEMP COEF EOL_CURRENT
               *(SOLSTICE SOLAR ARRAY TEMP-SOLAR CELL TEST TEMP))
               *ASSEMBLY LOSS CURRENT* ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION CURRENT
                *SOLSTICE SIF CURRENT);
PUT_LINE("Solar Cell Current at Maximum Power Point");
PUT("EOL Summer Solstice I-V curve is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(CELL CURRENT EOL SOLSTICE, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0); PUT(" Amps");
NEW_LINE(2);
CELL CURRENT EOL EQUINOX:=((CURRENT MAX POWER
                +TEMP COEF EOL CURRENT
                *(EQUINOX SOLAR ARRAY TEMP-SOLAR CELL TEST TEMP))
                *ASSEMBLY LOSS CURRENT* ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION CURRENT
               *EQUINOX SIF CURRENT);
PUT LINE("Solar Cell Current at Maximum Power Point");
PUT("EOL Autumnal Equinox I-V curve is ");
```

```
NEW LINE(2);
REQUIRED_CURRENT_SOLSTICE PER BUS: = DESIGN LOAD SOLSTICE/NUMBER OF BUSES
                              /BUS VOLTAGE;
PUT("Required Current Solstice Per Bus");
SET COL(60);
PUT(REQUIRED\_CURRENT\ SOLSTICE\ PER\ BUS,FORE = > 3,AFT = > 4,EXP = > 0);
PUT(" amps");
NEW LINE(2);
REQUIRE __CURRENT EQUINOX_PER_BUS: = DESIGN_LOAD_EQUINOX/NUMBER_OF_BUSES
                             /BUS VOLTAGE;
PUT LINE("Required Current Equinox Per Bus");
SET COL(60);
PUT(REQUIRED CURRENT EQUINOX PER BUS, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" amps");
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("BUS VOLTAGE");
SET COL(60);
PUT(BUS_VOLTAGE, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(4);
STOP;
NEW LINE(1);
NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL: =
             REQUIRED CURRENT SOLSTICE PER BUS/CELL CURRENT EOL SOLSTICE:
PUT("# cells in parallel for minimum current each bus is");
SET COL(65);
PUT(NUMBER_CELLS_IN_PARALLEL,FORE = >4,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);
NEW LINE(1);
N_INTEGER:=INTEGER(NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL);
PUT("# cells in parallel for minimum current INTEGER");
SET COL(65);
PUT(FLOAT(N_INTEGER), FORE = > 4.AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(1);
if FLOAT(N_INTEGER) < NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL then
 N INTEGER: = N_{INTEGER + 1};
end if;
NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL: = FLOAT(N INTEGER);
PUT("# cells in parallel for minimum current ROUND UP ");
SET COL(65);
PUT(NUMBER_CELLS IN_PARALLEL,FORE = >4,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);
new line(2);
-- TEMP OF CELL CHARACS
  CELL_VOLTAGE_EOL_SOLSTICE: = (VOLTAGE_MAX_POWER-PANEL_WIRING_LOSS_PER_CELL
```

PUT(CELL CURRENT EOL EQUINOX, FORE = >3, AFT = >4, EXP = >0); PUT(" Amps");

SET COL(60);

```
+TEMP COEF EOL VOLTAGE
               *(SOLSTICE SOLAR ARRAY TEMP-SOLAR CELL TEST TEMP))
               *ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION VOLTAGE;
PUT("Solar Cell Voltage at EOL Solstice is ");
SET COL(65);
PUT(CELL VOLTAGE EOL SOLSTICE, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0); PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(2);
CELL VOLTAGE EOL EQUINOX:=(VOLTAGE MAX POWER-PANEL WIRING LOSS PER CELL
               +TEMP COEF EOL VOLTAGE
               *(EQUINOX SOLAR ARRAY TEMP-SOLAR CELL TEST TEMP))
               *ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION VOLTAGE;
PUT("Solar Cell Voltage at EOL Equinox is ");
SET COL(65);
PUT(CELL VOLTAGE EOL EQUINOX, FORE => 1, AFT => 4, EXP => 0); PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(2);
NUMBER CELLS IN SERIES:=(BUS VOLTAGE + BLOCKING DIODE VOLTAGE DROP
                     + ARRAY WIRING HARNESS AND SLIP_RING VOLTAGE_DROP)
                     /CELL VOLTAGE EOL SOLSTICE:
PUT("# series cells for minimum discharge voltage");
 SET COL(65):
  PUT(NUMBER CELLS IN SERIES, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
  new line(1):
  N INTEGER: = INTEGER(NUMBER CELLS IN SERIES);
  PUT("# series cells for minimum discharge voltage INTEGER");
   SET COL(65);
  PUT(FLOAT(N INTEGER), FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
  NEW LINE(1):
  if FLOAT(N INTEGER) < NUMBER CELLS IN SERIES then
      N INTEGER: = N INTEGER + 1;
  end if;
   NUMBER CELLS IN SERIES: = FLOAT(N INTEGER);
   -- minimum discharge voltage
   PUT("# series cells for minimum discharge voltage ROUND UP");
   SET COL(65);
   PUT(NUMBER CELLS IN SERIES, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
   new line(4);
   STOP;
-- Cell current at maximum power point of EOL autumnal equinox
NEW LINE(1);
CELL CURRENT EOL EQUINOX:= (CURRENT MAX POWER+TEMP COEF EOL CURRENT
                    *(EQUINOX SOLAR ARRAY TEMP-SOLAR CELL TEST TEMP))
                    *ASSEMBLY LOSS CURRENT* ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION CURRENT
                    *EQUINOX SIF CURRENT;
PUT("Solar Cell Current at EOL Autumnal Equinox ");
SET COL(60);
```

```
PUT(CELL CURRENT EOL EQUINOX, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0); PUT(" Amps");
NEW LINE(2);
CELL VOLTAGE EOL EQUINOX:=(VOLTAGE_MAX POWER-PANEL WIRING LOSS PER CELL
              +TEMP COEF EOL VOLTAGE
              *(EQUINOX SOLAR ARRAY TEMP-SOLAR CELL TEST TEMP))
              *ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION VOLTAGE;
 PUT("Solar Cell Voltage at EOL equinox is ");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(CELL VOLTAGE EOL EQUINOX,FORE = >1,AFT = >4,EXP = >0);PUT(" volts");
 NEW LINE(2);
BUS_CURRENT:=CELL CURRENT EOL EQUINOX*NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL;
PUT("The current per bus or wing is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(BUS CURRENT, FORE=>3, AFT=>2, EXP=>0);
PUT(" amps");
NEW_LINE(2);
BUS VOLTAGE: = (CELL VOLTAGE EOL EQUINOX*NUMBER CELLS IN SERIES)
          -(BLOCKING DIODE VOLTAGE DROP
          +ARRAY WIRING HARNESS AND SLIP RING VOLTAGE DROP);
PUT("The voltage per bus or wing is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(BUS VOLTAGE, FORE = >3, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" volts");
NEW LINE(2);
TOTAL POWER PER BUS:=BUS CURRENT*BUS VOLTAGE;
ARRAY TOTAL POWER:=TOTAL POWER PER BUS*NUMBER OF BUSES;
PUT("The Total Power is ");
SET COL(58);
PUT(ARRAY TOTAL POWER, FORE=>5, AFT=>2, EXP=>0);
PUT(" Watts");
NEW LINE(4);
STOP:
__************************************
 if DRUM SPINNER = FALSE then
   POWER MARGIN:=DESIGN MARGIN*POWER TOTAL;
   POWER_MARGIN: = DESIGN_MARGIN*POWER_TOTAL/PI;
 end if:
 if ARRAY TOTAL POWER > = DESIGN LOAD EQUINOX and DRUM SPINNER = TRUE then
   if (ARRAY TOTAL POWER-DESIGN LOAD EQUINOX) > 100.0 then
      VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
      PUT("Total array power is ");
      PUT(ARRAY TOTAL POWER-DESIGN LOAD EQUINOX.FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
```

```
PUT(" watts more than needed.");
       NEW LINE(1);
       PUT LINE("If substantially greater recommend DESIGN BUS VOLTAGE be reduced");
       PUT LINE("Recommend re-iterate to optimize design ");
       NEW LINE(1);
       FINAL: = FALSE;
       GET_CHARACTER(CHAR);
       if CHAR = 'Y' or CHAR = 'y' then
         CHAR:=N;
         VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
         goto REITERATE_VOLTAGE;
        goto MOVEON; -- << MOVEON>> Exit if structure
       end if;
   end if;
 elsif ARRAY_TOTAL_POWER < DESIGN_LOAD_EQUINOX then
         PUT("THE TOTAL ARRAY POWER IS ");
PUT(ABS(DESIGN LOAD EQUINOX-ARRAY TOTAL POWER), FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0;
         PUT(" watts less than needed.");
         NEW LINE(2);
         PUT("Recommend increasing DESIGN BUS VOLTAGE");
         new line(2);
         PUT LINE("Recommend re-iterate to optimize design ");
         FINAL: = FALSE;
         SET_COL(10);
         GET CHARACTER(CHAR);
         if CHAR = 'Y' or CHAR = 'y' then
           CHAR:=N;
           VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
           goto REITERATE_VOLTAGE;
         goto MOVEON; -- << MOVEON>> Exit if structure
         end if;
  elsif (ARRAY_TOTAL_POWER-DESIGN_LOAD_EQUINOX) < 100.0
        and DRUM SPINNER = FALSE
        and (ARRAY TOTAL POWER-DESIGN LOAD EQUINOX) > 0.0 then
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
    PUT_LINE("Design Bus Voltage and Minimum Discharge Bus Voltage");
    PUT LINE("are within optimal design parameters.");
    NEW LINE(4);
    STOP:
  end if;
< < MOVEON > >
```

```
CHARGE ARRAY DESIGN
NEW LINE(1);
STOP:
PUT LINE("
                     CHARGE ARRAY DESIGN ");
PUT LINE("----");
NUMBER CELLS IN SERIES CHARGE ARRAY SOLSTICE: =
                        VOLTAGE CHARGE ARRAY/CFLL_VOLTAGE_EOL_SOLST!CE:
NEW LINE(1);
PUT("# of series cells for charge array during solstice, Nc, is ");
SET COL(70);
PUT(NUMBER CELLS IN SERIES CHARGE ARRAY SOLSTICE, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(1);
N INTEGER: = INTEGER(NUMBER CELLS IN SERIES CHARGE ARRAY SOLSTICE);
PUT("# series cells charge during solstice, Nc, INTEGER is ");
SET COL(70);
PUT(FLOAT(N_INTEGER), FORE = >3, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
NEW LINE(1);
if FLOAT(N INTEGER) < NUMBER CELLS IN SERIES CHARGE_ARRAY_SOLSTICE then
 N_{INTEGER} = N_{INTEGER + 1};
end if;
NUMBER CELLS IN SERIES CHARGE ARRAY SOLSTICE: = FLOAT(N INTEGER);
SET COL(1);
PUT("# series cells charge during solstice, Nc, ROUND UP is ");
SET COL(70);
PUT(NUMBER CELLS IN SERIES CHARGE ARRAY SOLSTICE, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
new line(2;
-- Parallel ells charge array solstice
NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL CHARGE ARRAY SOLSTICE: =
             CELL AH/SOLSTICE CHARGE RATE/CELL CURRENT EOL SOLSTICE;
SET COI 1);
PUT("# parallel cells charge array during solstice, Ncs, is ");
SET COI (70);
PUT(NU^{BER CELLS IN PARALLEL CHARGE ARRAY SOLSTICE, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(1);
N INTEGER: = INTEGER(NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL CHARGE ARRAY SOLSTICE);
PUT("# perallel cells charge array during solstice, Ncs, INTEGER is ");
SET COL(70);
PUT(FLO \T(N INTEGER), FGRE = >^*, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
NEW LINE(1);
if FLOAT(N INTEGER) < NUMBER_CELLS_IN_PARALLEL_CHARGE_ARRAY_SOLSTICE then
  N INTEGER: = N INTEGER + 1;
end if:
```

```
NUMBER_CELLS_IN_PARALLEL CHARGE ARRAY SOLSTICE:=FLOAT(N INTEGER);
PUT("# parallel cells charging array during solstice, Ncs, ROUND UP is");
SET COL(70);
PUT(NUMBER_CELLS_IN_PARALLEL_CHARGE ARRAY_SOLSTICE,FORE = > 3,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(2):
-- Parallel cells charge array equinox
NUMBER_CELLS_IN PARALLEL CHARGE ARRAY EQUINOX:=
           CELL AH/EQUINOX CHARGE RATE/CELL CURRENT EOL EQUINOX:
PUT("# parallel cells charge array during equinox, Nce, is ");
SET COL(70);
PUT(NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL CHARGE ARRAY EQUINOX, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(1);
N_INTEGER: = INTEGER(NUMBER_CELLS_IN_PARALLEL_CHARGE_ARRAY_EQUINOX);
PUT("# parallel cells charge array during equinox, Nce, INTEGER is ");
SET COL(70);
PUT(FLOAT(N INTEGER), FORE = >3, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
NEW LINE(1);
if FLOAT(N INTEGER) < NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL CHARGE ARRAY EQUINOX then
 N INTEGER:=N INTEGER+1;
end if;
NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL CHARGE ARRAY EQUINOX:=FLOAT(N INTEGER);
PUT("# parallel cells charge array during equinox, Nce, ROUND UP is ");
SET COL(70);
PUT(NUMBER\_CELLS\_IN\_PARALLEL\_CHARGE\_ARRAY\_EQUINOX,FORE = > 3, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(4);
 CREATE(OUTSC, NAME = > "SOLCELL.DAT");
 SET LINE(OUTSC, 1);
 SET COL(OUTSC,20);
 PUT(OUTSC, "SOLAR CELL CHARACTERISTICS");
 new line(OUTSC,1);
 NEW LINE(OUTSC, 1);
 SET COL(OUTSC, 15);
 PUT(OUTSC, "CHARACTERISTIC");
 SET COL(OUTSC,47);
 PUT(OUTSC, "VALUE");
 SET COL(OUTSC,59):
 PUT(OUTSC, "UNITS");
 NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
```

```
PUT(OUTSC, "TEMPERATURE BASIS FOR PERFORMANCE");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, SOLAR CELL TEST TEMP, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "deg celcius");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "TEMPERATURE SOLAR ARRAY SOLSTICE");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC,SOLAR ARRAY TEMP_SOLSTICE,FORE=>4,AFT=>2,EXP=>0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "deg celcius");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "SOLAR ARRAY TEMPERATURE EQUINOX");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC,SOLAR\_ARRAY\_TEMP\_EQUINOX,FORE = > 4,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0):
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "deg celcius");
NEW_LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT EOL CURRENT");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, TEMP COEF EOL CURRENT, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 5, EXP = > 0);
SET_COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "ma/deg celcius");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT EOL VOLTAGE");
SET COL(OUTSC,43);
PUT(OUTSC, TEMP COEF EOL VOLTAGE, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 5, EXP = > 0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "mv/deg celcius");
NEW LINE(OUTSC, 1);
PUT(OUTSC, "POWER PER SOLAR CELL");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC,CELL_CURRENT_EOL_EQUINOX*CELL_VOLTAGE_EOL_EQUINOX
                               FORE = 3 AFT = 3 EXP = 0;
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "watts");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
```

```
PUT(OUTSC, "CELL CURRENT @ MAX POWER POINT");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, CELL CURRENT EOL EQUINOX, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 3, EXP = > 0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "amps");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "CELL VOLTAGE @ MAX POWER POINT ");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC,CELL_VOLTAGE_EOL_EQUINOX,FORE=>3,AFT=>3,EXP=>0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "volts");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "CURRENT - SHORT CIRCUIT");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC,CURRENT_SHORT_CIRCUIT,FORE=>3,AFT=>3,EXP=>0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "amps");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "VOLTAGE - OPEN CIRCUIT"):
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, VOLTAGE OPEN CIRCUIT, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 3, EXP = > 0);
SET_COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "volts");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1):
PUT(OUTSC, "CELL WIDTH");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, CELL WIDTH, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 3, EXP = > 0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "cm ");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "CELL LENGTH");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, CELL\ LENGTH, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 3, EXP = > 0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "cm ");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "CELL THICKNESS");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, CELL THICKNESS, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 3, EXP = > 0);
SET COL(OUTSC,58);
PUT(OUTSC, "cm ");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
-- SOLAR ARRAY DATA
SET LINE(OUTSC,1);
```

```
SET COL(OUTSC,20);
PUT(OUTSC, "SOLAR ARRAY SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS");
new line(OUTSC, 1);
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
SET COL(OUTSC,15);
PUT(OUTSC, "CHARACTERISTIC");
SET COL(OUTSC,47);
PUT(OUTSC, "VALUE");
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "UNITS");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "DESIGN MARGIN");
SET_COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, DESIGN MARGIN, FORE \approx >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "%");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "DESIGN LOAD EQUINOX");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, DESIGN LOAD EQUINOX, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "watts");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "DESIGN LOAD SOLSTICE");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, DESIGN LOAD SOLSTICE, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "watts");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "CELL CURRENT EOL SOLSTICE");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC,CELL CURRENT_EOL_SOLSTICE,FORE = >4,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "amps");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "REQUIRED CURRENT SOLSTICE PER BUS");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, REQUIRED CURRENT SOLSTICE PER BUS, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "amps");
```

```
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "REQUIRED CURRENT EQUINOX PER BUS"):
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, REQUIRED_CURRENT EQUINOX_PER_BUS, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "amps"):
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL (FLAT PANEL)");
SET COL(OUTSC.44):
PUT(OUTSC, NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "solar cells");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL (CYLINDER)");
NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL: = NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL*PI;
N INTEGER:=INTEGER(NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL);
if FLOAT(N_INTEGER) < NUMBER CELLS_IN_PARALLEL then
 N INTEGER:=N INTEGER+1;
end if:
NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL:=FLOAT(N INTEGER);
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, NUMBER CELLS IN PARALLEL, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "solar cells");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "CELL VOLTAGE EOL SOLSTICE");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC,CELL_VOLTAGE_EOL_SOLSTICE,FORE = >4,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "volts");
NEW_LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "NUMBER CELLS IN SERIES - PER BUS");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, NUMBER_CELLS_IN_SERIES, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "solar cells");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "TOTAL NUMBER OF CELLS"):
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, NUMBER_CELLS_IN_SERIES*NUMBER_CELLS_IN_PARALLEL
                                        FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0;
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "solar cells");
```

```
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "CELL CURRENT EOL EQUINOX");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC,CELL CURRENT EOL EQUINOX,FORE = >4,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTSC.59):
PUT(OUTSC, "amps");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "REQUIRED BUS CURRENT EOL EQUINOX");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC,BUS CURRENT,FORE = >4,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "amps");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "CELL VOLTAGE EOL EQUINOX");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC,CELL VOLTAGE EOL EQUINOX,FORE = >4,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "volts");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "REQUIRED BUS VOLTAGE EOL EQUINOX");
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC,BUS\ VOLTAGE,FORE = > 4,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "volts");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "TOTAL POWER PER BUS");
TOTAL POWER PER BUS:=BUS CURRENT*BUS VOLTAGE;
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, TOTAL POWER PER BUS, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "watts");
NEW LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "TOTAL POWER AVAILABLE FROM ARRAY");
POWER_TOTAL:=TOTAL_POWER_PER_BUS*NUMBER_OF BUSES;
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, POWER TOTAL, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "watts");
NEW_LINE(OUTSC,1);
PUT(OUTSC, "POWER MARGIN 3-AXIS STABILIZED");
POWER MARGIN: = POWER TOTAL*(DESIGN MARGIN-1.0);
SET COL(OUTSC,44);
PUT(OUTSC, POWER MARGIN, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0):
SET COL(OUTSC,59);
PUT(OUTSC, "watts");
```

NEW_LINE(OUTSC,1);

PUT(OUTSC, "POWER MARGIN DUAL-SPIN");

POWER_MARGIN:=POWER_TOTAL*(DESIGN_MARGIN-1.0)/PI;

SET_COL(OUTSC,44);

PUT(OUTSC,POWER_MARGIN,FORE=>4,AFT=>2,EXP=>0);

SET_COL(OUTSC,59);

PUT(OUTSC,"watts");

NEW_LINE(OUTSC,1);

CLOSE (OUTSC);

end battery;

begin -- MAIN

PRINT_HEADER;

DUAL SPIN (DRUM SPINNER);

OPERATING DATA

(BATTERY_LOAD,

DRUM_SPINNER,

MINIMUM DISCHARGE BUS VOLTAGE,

BUS_VOLTAGE,

BYPASS DIODE VOLTAGE DROP,

EOL BATTERY DISCHARGE VOLTAGE,

BUS_POWER,

PAYLOAD_POWER, DEPTH OF DISCHARGE,

number_of_buses, SPACECRAFT LIFE,

ECLIPSE_TIME);

BATTERY

(BATTERY LOAD,

DRUM SPINNER,

MINIMUM_DISCHARGE_BUS_VOLTAGE,

BUS VOLTAGE,

BYPASS DIODE VOLTAGE DROP,

EOL BATTERY DISCHARGE VOLTAGE,

BUS_POWER,

PAYLOAD_POWER,

CELL_AH,

DEPTH OF DISCHARGE,

ECLIPSE TIME,

VOLTAGE_CHARGE_ARRAY,

NUMBER OF BUSES,

MAXIMUM_BATTERY_CHARGE_VOLTAGE, SERIES_CONNECTED_DIODE_VOLTAGE_DROP, NUMBER_SERIES_CONNECTED_DIODES, BATTERY_CHARGER_VOLTAGE_DROP, CHARGE_DISCHARGE_EFFICIENCY_BATTERY, spacecraft_life, POWER_EQUINOX_CHARGE, POWER_SOLSTICE_CHARGE);

```
SET_COL(10); PUT("TO CONTINUE ENTER ANY INTEGER"); GET_INTEGER(I);
VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
NEW_LINE(2);
PUT_LINE("DATA FILES FOR THIS DESIGN RUN ARE LOCATED IN THE FOLLOWING FILES:");
NEW_LINE(1);
PUT_LINE(" CELPARAM.DAT");
PUT_LINE(" SOLCELL.DAT ");
NEW_LINE(1);
PUT_LINE("TO KEEP DATA FROM BEING ERASED ON NEXT RUN");
PUT_LINE("USE DOS COMMAND REN (RENAME) ");
NEW_LINE(1);
PUT_LINE("EXAMPLE - REN SOLARCEL.DAT SOLARCEL.XYZ");
```

C. PASSIVE THERMAL CONTROL

```
-- Title
           : Thermal Characteristics
-- Author
            : David Lashbrook
-- Date
            : 15 February 1992
-- Revised
            : 12 May 1992
-- Compiler
             : OPENADA EXT
-- Description : This procedure determines the delta velocity for insertion
            into geosynchronous orbit.
with TEXT IO, GENERIC_ELEMENTARY_FUNCTIONS, GETDATA, VIDEO;
use TEXT IO, GETDATA;
procedure THERMAL is
                       -- THERMAL CONTROL
 package FLOAT INOUT is new FLOAT_IO(FLOAT);
       FLOAT INOUT;
 package INTEGER INOUT is new INTEGER IO(INTEGER);
       INTEGER INOUT;
 package BOOLEAN INOUT is new ENUMERATION IO(BOOLEAN);
       BOOLEAN INOUT;
 package GEF_INOUT is new GENERIC_ELEMENTARY_FUNCTIONS(FLOAT);
       GEF INOUT;
 DEPTH OF DISCHARGE
                                : FLOAT := 0.65;
 ECLIPSE TIME
                            : FLOAT: = 1.20; -- hours
 TIME_ECLIPSE
                            : FLOAT: = 72.0; -- minutes
 PΙ
                       : constant FLOAT := 3.14159265359;
 SPACECRAFT LIFE,
 SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN,
  PAYLOAD POWER,
  BATTERY LOAD,
  NUMBER OF BUSES,
 SOLAR_ARRAY_LOAD
                              : FLOAT;
 LIFE FACTOR
                         : FLOAT := 1.05;
 POWER MARGIN
                                                 -- margin for error
                           : FLOAT := 1.1;
  RADIATOR SPECIFIC HEAT
                             : FLOAT
                                        := 900.0; -- (watts*sec) (kg*Kelvin)
 INTELSAT 7 REFERENCE
                              : FLOAT
                                        :=3445.0;
                                                    -- kgs
 INTELSAT 6 REFERENCE
                              : FLOAT
                                        :=2227.0;
                                                    -- kgs
 INTELSAT_5_REFERENCE
                              : FLOAT
                                        :=1900.0;
INTELSAT_7_HOUSEKEEPING_POWER: constant FLOAT := 613.0; -- intelsat VII
INTELSAT 6 HOUSEKEEPING POWER: constant FLOAT := 347.0; -- intelsat VI
INTELSAT_5_HOUSEKEEPING_POWER: constant FLOAT := 211.0; -- intelsat V
  TEMPERATURE_AFTER_EQUINOX,
  ABSOLUTE TEMPERATURE,
  EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE.
  TIME_MINIMUM_TEMP_ECLIPSE,
```

```
HOUSEKEEPING_POWER,
HEAT RADIATED TO SPACE,
TIME CONSTANT,
MINIMUM_OPERATING_TEMPERATURE,
RADIATOR_AREA,
RADIATOR_HEIGHT,
SOLAR_ARRAY_DIAMETER,
THERMAL_DISSIPATION,
PERCENT PAYLOAD POWER DISSIPATION,
HOUSEKEEPING_PERCENT_POWER_DISSIPATION,
TEMPERATURE EQUINOX,
TEMPERATURE EQUINOX CELCIUS,
STEFAN BOLTZMANN
                                 : FLOAT := 5.67E-08;
EFFICIENCY
                            : FLOAT := 0.9;
SOLAR ASPECT COEFFICIENT SOLSTICE
                                     : FLOAT := 23.5;
SOLAR_ASPECT_COEFFICIENT_EQUINOX
                                      : FLOAT := 0.0;
SOLAR_INTENSITY_SOLSTICE
                               : FLOAT := 1397.0; -- W/m<sup>2</sup>
SOLAR INTENSITY EQUINOX
                                 : FLOAT := 1362.0; -- W/m^2
RADIATOR TEMPERATURE
                                  : FLOAT := 310.0; -- degrees kelvin
RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL
                                  : FLOAT := 0.8;
SOLAR ABSORBTANCE EOL
                                  : FLOAT := 0.21; -- optical solar reflector
SOLAR EMITTANCE EOL
                                : FLOAT := 0.8; -- optical solar reflector
BOL_SOLAR ABSORBTANCE
                                 : FLOAT := 0.08; -- optical solar reflector
BOL_SOLAR EMITTANCE
                                 : FLOAT := 0.8; -- optical solar reflector
ABSOLUTE_ZERO
                             : FLOAT := 273.0; -- kelvin
NUMBER THERMAL EMITTING FACES : FLOAT := 2.0; -- # thermal emitting faces
MASS_RADIATOR_F'_US_EQUIPMENT : FLOAT := 85.0; -- Kgs
PERCENT_PARTIAL POWER : FLOAT := 0.5; -- %
OKAY
                     : BOOLEAN := TRUE;
DRUM SPINNER
                         : BOOLEAN := FALSE;
v,
у,
N.
TAKE.
CHAR
                 : CHARACTER;
DECISION,
               : INTEGER ;
OUTH
                  :FILE_TYPE;
```

```
procedure PRINT HEADER is
 begin
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN; SET LINE(1);
   NEW LINE(2);
   SET COL(10);
   PUT LINE("This program walks through a THERMAL CONTROL design for");
   SET COL(10);
   PUT LINE("a solar powered geosynchronous satellite.");
   SET COL(10);
   PUT LINE("All pertinent data will be saved to a file called THERMAL.DAT");
   NEW LINE;
 end PRINT HEADER;
procedure DUAL SPIN (DRUM_SPINNER: in out BOOLEAN) is
begin
 SET COL(10);
 PUT LINE("Is your spacecraft Spin Stabilized");
 SET COL(15);
 GET_CHARACTER(char);
 if CHAR = 'Y' or CHAR = 'y' then
   DRUM SPINNER: = TRUE;
   if DRUM SPINNER = TRUE then
      VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN; SET LINE(1);
      SET COL(10);
      PUT_LINE("Satellite is Spin Stabilized");
      NEW LINE(2);
      end if;
  else
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN; SET LINE(1);
   SET COL(10);
   PUT LINE("Satellite is Three Axis Stabilized");
   NEW LINE(2);
   end if;
end DUAL_SPIN;
procedure OPERATING_DATA (BATTERY_LOAD DRUM_SPINNER :
                                                 : in out FLOAT;
                    DRUM SPINNER
                                           : in out BOOLEAN;
                    RADIATOR_SPECIFIC_HEAT : in out FLOAT;
                    RADIATOR_EMITTANCE_EOL
                                                : in out FLOAT;
                    MASS RADIATOR PLUS EQUIPMENT: in out FLOAT;
                    EFFICIENCY
                                          : in out FLOAT;
                    NUMBER THERMAL EMITTING FACES: in out FLOAT;
                    PAYLOAD_POWER
                                              : in out FLOAT;
                    ECLIPSE TIME
                                          : in out FLOAT) is
```

```
SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN,
 SOLAR ARRAY LOAD,
 MASS REFERENCE,
 HOUSEKEEPING POWER REFERENCE : FLOAT;
 REPLACE
                         : BOOLEAN := FALSE;
 CHOICE.
 CHANGE,
 INPUT
           : INTEGER ;
begin
if DRUM SPINNER = FALSE then
 PUT LINE(OUTH, "SPACECRAFT IS THREE AXIS STABILIZED");
 NEW_LINE(OUTH,1);
else
 PUT LINE(OUTH, "SPACECRAFT IS SPIN STABILIZED");
 NEW_LINE(OUTH,1);
end if;
SET COL(10);
PUT_LINE("Enter the mass of the spacecraft in kilograms");
SET COL(10);
GET DATA(SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN);
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN; SET_LINE(1);
SET COL(15);
PUT("Spacecraft mass before apogee motor burn is ");
PUT(SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 1, EXP = > 0):
PUT(" kgs");
PUT(OUTH, "Spacecraft mass before apogee motor burn is ");
SET COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH, SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOGEE BURN, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
PUT(OUTH, kgs");
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
NEW_LINE(2):
NEW_LINE(2);
  MASS REFERENCE: = INTELSAT 5 REFERENCE;
 HOUSEKEEPING POWER REFERENCE: = INTELSAT 5 HOUSEKEEPING POWER:
-- The mass of the electrical power system is
  SET COL(10);
  PUT LINE("Enter the POWER requirements of the Spacecraft in watts.");
  SET_COL(15);
```

```
GET DATA(PAYLOAD POWER);
NEW LINE(2);
SET COL(15);
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
PUT("Payload power requirements are ");
PUT(PAYLOAD POWER, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" Watts");
PUT(OUTH, "Payload power requirements are "):
SET COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH, PAYLOAD POWER, FORE => 5, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
PUT(OUTH, " Watts");
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
NEW LINE(2):
NEW LINE(2);
SET COL(5);
PUT LINE("Choose which satellite you want as your reference for ");
SET COL(5);
PUT LINE("housekeeping power and spacecraft mass in kilograms.");
NEW LINE(2);
NEW LINE(1):
                   '1'
                           221
                                    '3'
                                           ");
PUT LINE("
SET COL(5);
PUT LINE("
                 Intelsat V Intelsat VI Intelsat VII");
SET_COL(5);
PUT LINE("Mass
                   1900.0 kgs
                             2227.0 kgs
                                        3445.0 kgs*);
SET COL(5);
PUT LINE("Housekeeping 211.0
                               347.0
                                        613.0 ");
SET_COL(5);
PUT LINE("Power");
SET COL(5);
PUT LINE("For an INTELSAT V reference enter integer '1' ");
SET COL(5);
PUT LINE("For an INTELSAT VI reference enter integer '2' ");
SET COL(5);
PUT LINE("For an INTELSAT VII reference enter integer '3' ");
SET COL(5);
PUT LINE("For your own reference value's enter integer '4' ");
SET COL(5):
PUT LINE("NO CHANGES ie intelsat 5 values enter integer '5' ");
GET INTEGER(CHOICE);
case CHOICE is
  when 1 = >
     MASS REFERENCE: = INTELSAT 5 REFERENCE;
     HOUSEKEEPING POWER REFERENCE: = INTELSAT 5 HOUSEKEEPING POWER;
     NEW LINE(OUTH, 1);
     PUT(OUTH, "MASS and HOUSEKEEPING REFERENCE INTELSAT 5");
```

```
NEW LINE(OUTH, 1);
 when 2 = >
    MASS REFERENCE: =INTELSAT 6 REFERENCE;
    HOUSEKEEPING POWER REFERENCE: = INTELSAT 6 HOUSEKEEPING POWER;
    NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
    PUT(OUTH, "MASS and HOUSEKEEPING REFERENCE INTELSAT 6");
    NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
 when 3 = >
    MASS REFERENCE: = INTELSAT 7 REFERENCE;
    HOUSEKEEPING POWER REFERENCE:=INTELSAT 7 HOUSEKEEPING POWER;
    NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
    PUT(OUTH, "MASS and HOUSEKEEPING REFERENCE INTELSAT 7");
    NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
 when 4 = >
    NEW LINE(2);
    NEW LINE(2);
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
    PUT("Please enter desired REFERENCE MASS");
    SET COL(15);
    GET_DATA(MASS REFERENCE);
    PUT(OUTH, "INPUT MASS REFERENCE");
    SET COL(OUTH,55);
    PUT(OUTH, MASS REFERENCE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
    NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
    NEW LINE(2);
    NEW LINE(2);
    PUT("Please enter desired HOUSEKEEPING POWER reference");
    SET COL(15);
    GET_DATA(HOUSEKEEPING_POWER_REFERENCE);
    PUT(OUTH, "INPUT HOUSEKEEPING POWER REFERENCE");
    SET COL(OUTH,55);
    PUT(OUTH, HOUSEKEEPING POWER REFERENCE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
    NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
 when OTHERS =>
    NEW LINE(2):
    SET COL(5);
    PUT("Understand INTELSAT V DATA WILL BE USED");
    PUT(OUTH, "MASS and HOUSEKEEPING REFERENCE INTELSAT 5"):
    NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
end case;
```

```
HOUSEKEEPING POWER: = (SPACECRAFT MASS BEFORE APOCEE BURN
              /MASS REFERENCE)
              *HOUSEKEEPING POWER_REFERENCE;
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
NEW LINE;
SET_COL(10);
PUT("Housekeeping power is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(HOUSEKEEPING POWER, FORE => 6, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
NEW LINE(3);
PUT LINE("The Housekeeping Power value will be used in future calculations if");
PUT LINE("you want to use this value enter a 'y' for YES. If you wish to ");
PUT LINE("change the value enter a 'n' for NO and the value you enter will ");
put line("be used in further further calculations");
NEW LINE(2);
NEW LINE(2);
GET CHARACTER(CHAR);
if CHAR = 'Y' or CHAR = 'y' then
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
 NEW LINE(1);
  PUT("Payload power requirements are ");
  PUT(PAYLOAD POWER, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
  PUT(" Watts");
  NEW LINE(3);
  PUT("Please enter a value for the housekeeping power");
  GET DATA(HOUSEKEEPING POWER);
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
  NEW LINE(2);
  NEW LINE(2);
  PUT("Housekeeping Power is ");
  SET COL(60);
  PUT(HOUSEKEEPING POWER, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
  NEW LINE(3).
  PUT("Payload power requirements are ");
  PUT(PAYLOAD POWER, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
  PUT(" Watts");
  NEW_LINE(3);
  STOP;
end if:
```

```
PUT(OUTH, "Housekeeping power is ");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, HOUSEKEEPING_POWER, FORE => 5, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
 NEW_LINE(OUTH,1);
< < NEW_VALUE> >
 VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
 PUT LINE("FOLLOWING IS A LIST OF VARIABLES AND THEIR DEFAULT VALUES");
 PUT LINE("----");
 PUT("EFFICIENCY
                                    [1] ");
 SET COL(56);
 PUT(EFFICIENCY, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 NEW LINE(1);
 PUT("SOLAR_ASPECT_COEFFICIENT_SOLSTICE [2]");
 SET COL(56);
 PUT(SOLAR ASPECT COEFFICIENT SOLSTICE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(" degrees");
 NEW LINE(1);
 PUT("SOLAR INTENSITY SOLSTICE
                                           [3]");
 SET COL(56);
 PUT(SOLAR INTENSITY SOLSTICE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(" Watts/m^2");
 NEW_LINE(1);
 PUT("SOLAR_INTENSITY_EQUINOX
                                           [4]");
 SET COL(56);
 PUT(SOLAR INTENSITY EQUINOX, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(" Watts/m<sup>2</sup>");
 NEW LINE(1);
 PUT("RADIATOR_TEMPERATURE
                                           [5]");
 SET COL(56);
 PUT(RADIATOR TEMPERATURE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(" kelvin");
 NEW_LINE(1);
 PUT("RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL
                                            [6]");
 SET COL(56);
 PUT(RADIATOR\_EMITTANCE\_EOL, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 NEW LINE(1);
 PUT("ABSOLUTE ZERO
                                       ");
 SET_COL(56);
 PUT(ABSOLUTE ZERO, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(" kelvin");
 NEW_LINE(1);
```

```
PUT("TIME ECLIPSE
                                     [7]");
SET COL(56);
PUT(TIME ECLIPSE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" kelvin");
NEW LINE(1);
PUT("NUMBER THERMAL EMITTING FACES
                                                 [8]");
if DRUM SPINNER = TRUE and REPLACE = FALSE then
  NUMBER_THERMAL_EMITTING_FACES:=1.0;
end if;
SET COL(56);
PUT(NUMBER THERMAL EMITTING FACES, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
NEW_LINE(1);
PUT("MASS RADIATOR PLUS EQUIPMENT
                                               [9]");
SET COL(56);
PUT(MASS RADIATOR PLUS EQUIPMENT, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" kgs");
NEW LINE(1);
PUT("PERCENT_PARTIAL_POWER
                                            [10]");
SET COL(56);
PUT(PERCENT PARTIAL POWER*100.0, FORE=>4, AFT=>2, EXP=>0);
PUT(" %");
NEW_LINE(1);
PUT("RADIATOR SPECIFIC HEAT
                                           [11]");
SET COL(56);
PUT(RADIATOR\_SPECIFIC\_HEAT,FORE = > 4,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
PUT(" (watts*sec)\(kg*Kelvin)");
NEW LINE(1);
if REPLACE = FALSE then
  CHAR := N;
  PUT_LINE("If you desire to change any of the listed values please enter ");
  GET CHARACTER(CHAR);
  if CHAR = 'Y' or CHAR = 'y' then
     CHAR := N;
     PUT LINE("Enter number corresponding to value you wish to change.");
     set col(10);
     GET INTEGER(CHANGE);
      VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
  else
      VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
     goto KEEP VALUES;
  end if:
elsif REPLACE = TRUE then
  PUT LINE("Enter number corresponding to value you wish to change.");
  set col(10);
  GET INTEGER(CHANGE);
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
end if:
```

```
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
case CHANGE is
  when 1 = >
    PUT("Please enter a value for Efficiency (usually around 0.9)");
    SET COL(15);
    GET DATA(EFFICIENCY):
    NEW LINE(2);
    NEW LINE(2);
    PUT("EFFICIENCY");
    SET COL(50);
    PUT(EFFICIENCY, FORE -> 4, AFT => 2, EXP => 0);
    NEW LINE(1);
  when 2 = >
    PUT("Please enter a value for Solar Aspect (usually 23.5 degrees)"):
    SET COL(15);
    GET DATA(SOLAR ASPECT COEFFICIENT SOLSTICE);
    NEW LINE(2);
    NEW LINE(2);
    PUT("SOLAR ASPECT COEFFICIENT SOLSTICE");
    SET COL(50);
    PUT(SOLAR ASPECT COEFFICIENT SOLSTICE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
    PUT(" degrees");
    NEW LINE(1);
   when 3 = >
    PUT("Please enter a value for Solar Intensity at Solstice (1397.0)");
    SET COL(15);
    GET DATA(SOLAR INTENSITY SOLSTICE);
    NEW LINE(2);
    NEW LINE(2);
    PUT("SOLAR INTENSITY SOLSTICE");
    SET COL(50);
    PUT(SOLAR_INTENSITY_SOLSTICE, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
    PUT(" Watts/m^2");
    NEW LINE(1);
   when 4 = >
    PUT("Please enter a value for Solar Intensity at Equinox (1362.0)");
    SET COL(15);
    GET DATA(SOLAR INTENSITY EQUINOX);
    NEW LINE(2);
    NEW LINE(2);
    PUT("SOLAR INTENSITY EQUINOX");
    SET_COL(50);
```

```
PUT(SOLAR INTENSITY_EQUINOX, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(" Watts/m^2");
 NEW LINE(1);
when 5 = >
 PUT("Please enter a value for Radiator Temperature (310.0)");
 SET COL(15);
 GET_DATA(RADIATOR_TEMPERATURE);
 NEW LINE(2);
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("RADIATOR_TEMPERATURE");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(RADIATOR\_TEMPERATURE, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" kelvin");
 NEW LINE(1);
when 6 = >
 PUT("Please enter a value for Radiator Emittance (0.8)");
 SET COL(15);
 GET DATA(RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL);
 NEW LINE(2);
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(RADIATOR\_EMITTANCE\_EOL, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 NEW LINE(1);
when 7 = >
 PUT("Please enter a value for Eclipse Time (72.0 minutes)");
 SET COL(15);
 GET_DATA(TIME ECLIPSE);
 NEW LINE(2);
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("TIME ECLIPSE");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(TIME ECLIPSE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(" kelvin");
 NEW_LINE(1);
when 8 = >
 PUT("Please enter a value for Emitting Faces (2.0)");
 SET COL(15);
 GET DATA(NUMBER THERMAL EMITTING FACES);
 NEW LINE(2);
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("NUMBER THERMAL_EMITTING_FACES");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(NUMBER THERMAL EMITTING FACES, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
```

```
NEW LINE(1);
     when 9 = >
       PUT("Please enter a value for Mass of Radiator plus equipment (85.0)");
       SET COL(15);
       GET DATA(MASS RADIATOR PLUS EQUIPMENT);
       NEW_LINE(2);
       NEW LINE(2);
       PUT("MASS_RADIATOR_PLUS_EQUIPMENT");
       SET COL(50);
       PUT(MASS RADIATOR PLUS EQUIPMENT, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
       PUT(" kgs");
       NEW_LINE(1);
     when 10 = >
       PUT("Please enter a value for Percent Partial Power (0.5)");
       SET COL(15);
       GET DATA(PERCENT PARTIAL POWER);
       NEW LINE(2);
       NEW LINE(2);
       PUT("PERCEN1_PARTIAL_POWER");
       SET COL(50);
       PUT(PERCENT PARTIAL POWER*100.0, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
       PUT(" %");
       NEW_LINE(1);
     when 11 = >
       PUT("Please enter a value for Radiator Specific Heat");
       SET COL(15);
       GET DATA(RADIATOR SPECIFIC HEAT);
       NEW LINE(2);
       NEW LINE(2);
       PUT("RADIATOR SPECIFIC HEAT");
       SET COL(50);
       PUT(RADIATOR\_SPECIFIC\ HEAT,FORE = > 4,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
       PUT(" (watts*sec)\(kg*Kelvin) ");
       NEW LINE(1);
     when others =>
       video.clear screen;
       PUT_LINE("UNDERSIAND NO MORE CHANGES PLEASE ENTER AN 'N' FOR NEXT
QUESTION");
       PUT LINE("IF YOU STILL DESIRE TO MAKE CHANGES ENTER 'Y'"):
       NEW_LINE(3);
     end case;
     NEW LINE(2);
     NEW LINE(2);
```

```
NEW LINE(2);
       CHAR := N;
       PUT LINE("If you wish to change a value please enter a 'y' for YES");
       PUT LINE("otherwise enter a 'n' for NO ");
       REPLACE: = FALSE;
       GET CHARACTER(CHAR);
       if CHAR = 'Y' or CHAR = 'y' then
         CHAR := N;
         REPLACE: = TRUE;
         VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
         goto NEW VALUE;
       else
         VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
         goto KEEP_VALUES;
         NEW_LINE(3);
       end if;
   STOP;
<<KEEP_VALUES>>
 PUT(OUTH, "EFFICIENCY");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, EFFICIENCY, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 NEW LINE(OUTH, 1);
 PUT(OUTH, "SOLAR ANGLE SOLSTICE");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, SOLAR ASPECT COEFFICIENT SOLSTICE, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(OUTH, degrees");
 NEW_LINE(OUTH, 1);
 PUT(OUTH, "SOLAR INTENSITY SOLSTICE");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, SOLAR INTENSITY SOLSTICE, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(OUTH, "Watts/m^2");
 NEW LINE(OUTH, 1);
 PUT(OUTH, "SOLAR INTENSITY EQUINOX");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, SOLAR_INTENSITY_EQUINOX, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(OUTH, "Watts/m^2");
 NEW_LINE(OUTH,1);
 PUT(OUTH, "RADIATOR TEMPERATURE");
 SET_COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, RADIATOR TEMPERATURE, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(OUTH, kelvin");
 NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
 PUT(OUTH, "RADIATOR EMITTANCE");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
```

```
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
 PUT(OUTH. "ABSOLUTE ZERO");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, ABSOLUTE ZERO, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(OUTH, * kelvin*);
 NEW LINE(OUTH,1):
 PUT(OUTH, "TIME ECLIPSE");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, TIME ECLIPSE, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(OUTH, " kelvin");
 NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
 PUT(OUTH, "NUMBER THERMAL EMITTING FACES");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, NUMBER THERMAL EMITTING FACES, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
 PUT(OUTH, "MASS RADIATOR PLUS EQUIPMENT");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, MASS RADIATOR PLUS EQUIPMENT, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(OUTH, " kgs");
 NEW LINE(OUTH, 1);
 PUT(OUTH, "PERCENT PARTIAL POWER");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, PERCENT PARTIAL POWER*100.0, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(OUTH, " %");
 NEW LINE(OUTH, 1);
 PUT(OUTH, "RADIATOR SPECIFIC HEAT");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, RADIATOR SPECIFIC HEAT, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(OUTH, " (watts*sec)\(kg*Kelvin)");
 NEW LINE(OUTH, 1);
end OPERATING_DATA;
                (BATTERY LOAD
                                          : in out FLOAT;
procedure HEAT
                DRUM SPINNER
                                         : in out BOOLEAN;
                RADIATOR AREA
                                         : in out FLOAT;
                PAYLOAD POWER
                                           : in out FLOAT;
                TEMPERATURE AFTER EQUINOX
                                                : in out FLOAT;
                THERMAL_DISSIPATION : in out FLOAT;
                ECLIPSE TIME
                                    : in out FLOAT) is
TIME ECLIPSE
                  : FLOAT := 72.0;
```

```
ECLIPSE TIME MINUTES: constant FLOAT:= 72.0; - eclipse time in minutes
TIME CONSTANT,
TIME CONSTANT MINUTES,
TIME ECLIPSE ONE,
TIME ECLIPSE TWO,
EQUINOX TEMP ONE.
EQUINOX TEMP TWO,
CONST,
SOLAR ABSORBTANCE BOL,
SOLAR ABSORBTANCE EOL,
RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL,
EMITTANCE BOL
                              : FLOAT;
begin
 VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
 PUT LINE(" Thermal properties of surfaces are listed in the text");
 PUT LINE("Design of Geosynchronous Spacecraft by Brij Agrawal");
 PUT LINE("in Table 5.3 pg. 275");
 PUT LINE("the properties listed are Solar Absorbtance for EOL and BOL");
 PUT LINE("as well as Emittance for EOL and BOL");
 PUT LINE("The following surfaces are listed and can be used for thermal");
 PUT LINE("radiation surfaces in your calculations.");
 NEW LINE(1);
 PUT LINE(" Surface
                                    Typical Application ");
 PUT LINE("-----
 PUT LINE("
              Black Paint
                                    Interior Structure");
 PUT LINE(*
              White Paint
                                     Antenna Reflector");
 PUT_LINE("
              Optical Solar Reflector(OSR) North & South Panel Reflectors");
 PUT LINE("
              Aluminized Kapton
                                       Thermal Insulation");
 PUT LINE("
              Tiodized Titanium
                                      Apogee Motor Thermal Shield");
 PUT LINE("
              Aluminum ,");
 PUT LINE("
                 aluminum tape
                                      Propellent Insulation");
 PUT LINE("
                 deposited aluminum");
 PUT_LINE("
              Anodized Aluminum
                                        Interior Structure");
 PUT LINE("
              Solar Cells
                                    Solar Panels");
 STOP;
 VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN:
 PUT LINE("Please enter your choice for thermal emitting surface");
 PUT LINE("to be used for calculations try (OSR) CHOICE [3] first ");
 PUT_LINE("-----");
 PUT LINE("SURFACE
                             CHOICE
                                        SOLAR ABSORBTANCE
                                                                  EMITTANCE");
 PUT LINE("-----
                                         ·-----");
 PUT LINE('
                                BOL
                                          EOL
                                                   BOL
                                                            EOL");
 PUT LINE("-----
                                                   ·----");
 PUT LINE(*Black Paint
                            [1]
                                  0.9
                                          0.9
                                                   0.9
                                                          0.9");
 PUT_LINE("White Paint
                            [2]
                                  0.2
                                           0.6
                                                   0.9
                                                           0.9");
 PUT_LINE("Optical Solar Ref. [3]
                                   0.08
                                            0.21
                                                     0.8
                                                            0.8");
 PUT LINE("Graphite Epoxy
                             [4]
                                   0.84
                                            0.84
                                                     0.85
                                                             0.85");
 PUT LINE("Aluminized Kapton [5]
                                     0.35
                                             0.50
                                                      0.6
                                                              0.6");
```

```
PUT LINE("Tiodized Titanium [6]
                                      0.6
                                                    0.6");
                              0.6
                                             0.6
PUT LINE("Aluminum Depos/Tape [7]
                              0.12
                                      0.18
                                                0.06
                                                       0.06");
                                0.2
                                       0.6
                                               0.8
PUT_LINE("Anodized Aluminum [8]
                                                      0.8 ");
PUT LINE("Solar Cells
                   [9]
                          0.7
                                    0.7
                                            0.82
                                                  0.82");
PUT LINE("YOUR VALUES
                           [10] ");
GET INTEGER(DECISION);
video.clear screen;
case DECISION is
  when l = >
     SOLAR ABSORBTANCE BOL := 0.9 ;
     SOLAR_ABSORBTANCE_EOL := 0.9 ;
     RADIATOR_EMITTANCE_EOL: = 0.9 ;
     EMITTANCE BOL
                        := 0.9;
     PUT LINE(OUTH, "RADIATOR MATERIAL IS BLACK PAINT");
  when 2 = >
     SOLAR ABSORBTANCE BOL := 0.2 ;
     SOLAR ABSORBTANCE EOL := 0.6 ;
     RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL: = 0.9 ;
     EMITTANCE BOL
                        := 0.9;
     PUT LINE(OUTH, "RADIATOR MATERIAL IS WHITE PAINT");
  when 3 = >
     SOLAR ABSORBTANCE BOL := 0.08 ;
     SOLAR ABSORBTANCE EOL := 0.21 ;
     RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL: = 0.8;
     EMITTANCE BOL
                        := 0.8;
     PUT LINE(OUTH, "RADIATOR MATERIAL IS OPTICAL SOLAR REFLECTOR");
  when 4 = >
     SOLAR ABSORBTANCE BOL := 3.84;
     SOLAR ABSORBTANCE EOL := 0.84;
     RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL: = 0.85;
     EMITTANCE BOL
                        := 0.85;
     PUT LINE(OUTH, "RADIATOR MATERIAL IS GRAPHITE EPOXY");
  when 5 = >
     SOLAR ABSORBTANCE BOL := 0.35 ;
     SOLAR_ABSORBTANCE_EOL := 0.50 ;
     RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL:= 0.6 ;
                        := 0.6;
     EMITTANCE BOL
     PUT_LINE(OUTH, "RADIATOR MATERIAL IS ALUMINIZED KAPTON");
  when 6 = >
     SOLAR ABSORBTANCE BOL := 0.6 ;
     SOLAR ABSORBTANCE EOL := 0.6 ;
     RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL:= 0.6
     EMITTANCE BOL
                        := 0.6;
     PUT LINE(OUTH, "RADIATOR MATERIAL IS TIODIZED TITANIUM");
  when 7 = >
     SOLAR ABSORBTANCE BOL := 0.12 ;
     SOLAR ABSORBTANCE EOL := 0.18;
     RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL: = 0.06;
```

```
EMITTANCE BOL
                := 0.06;
  PUT LINE(OUTH, "RADIATOR MATERIAL IS ALUMINUM DEPOSITS OR TAPE");
when 8 = >
  SOLAR ABSORBTANCE BOL := 0.2 ;
  SOLAR ABSORBTANCE EOL := 0.6 ;
  RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL: = 0.8 ;
               := 0.8;
  EMITTANCE_BOL
  PUT LINE(OUTH, "RADIATOR MATERIAL IS ANODIZED ALUMINUM");
when 9 = >
  SOLAR ABSORBTANCE BOL := 0.7 ;
  SOLAR ABSORBTANCE EOL := 0.7 ;
  RADIATOR_EMITTANCE_EOL:= 0.82;
  EMITTANCE BOL := 0.82;
  PUT LINE(OUTH, "RADIATOR MATERIAL IS SOLAR CELLS");
when 10 = >
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
  PUT("Please enter value for SOLAR ABSORBTANCE at BOL");
  SET COL(15);
  GET_DATA(SOLAR_ABSORBTANCE_BOL);
  NEW LINE(2);
  NEW LINE(2);
  VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
  PUT("Please enter value for SOLAR ABSORBTANCE at EOL");
  SET COL(15);
  GET_DATA(SOLAR_ABSORBTANCE EOL);
  NEW LINE(2);
  NEW LINE(2);
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
  PUT("Please enter value for EMITTANCE at BOL");
  SET COL(15);
  GET_DATA(EMITTANCE_BOL);
  NEW LINE(2);
  NEW LINE(2);
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
  NEW_LINE(2);
  NEW LINE(2);
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
  PUT("Please enter value for EMITTANCE at EOL");
  SET COL(15);
  GET_DATA(RADIATOR_EMITTANCE_EOL);
  NEW LINE(2);
  NEW LINE(2);
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
```

```
when others = >
       SOLAR ABSORBTANCE BOL:= 0.08;
       SOLAR ABSORBTANCE EOL: = 0.21;
       RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL: = 0.8 ;
       EMITTANCE BOL
                            := 0.8;
       NEW LINE(2);
       PUT(" Values for absorbtance and emittance are for Optical Solar Reflector (OSR)");
       NEW LINE(1);
end CASE;
  PUT LINE("Values for absorbtance and emittance are: ");
  NEW LINE(2);
  PUT("SOLAR ABSORBTANCE BOL ");
  SET COL(60);
  PUT(SOLAR ABSORBTANCE BOL, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
  NEW LINE(2);
  PUT("SOLAR ABSORBTANCE EOL ");
  SET COL(60);
  PUT(SOLAR ABSORBTANCE ECL, FORE = > 1, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
  NEW LINE(2);
  PUT("RADIATOR EMITTANCE BOL ");
  SET COL(60);
  PUT(EMITTANCE_BOL,FORE = > 1,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
  NEW LINE(2);
  PUT("RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL ");
  SET COL(60);
  PUT(RADIATOR EMITTANCE_EOL, FORE = >1, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
  PUT(OUTH, "Values for absorbtance and emittance are: ");
  NEW LINE(OUTH, 1);
  PUT(OUTH, "SOLAR ABSORBTANCE BOL");
  SET COL(OUTH,55);
  PUT(OUTH, SOLAR ABSORBTANCE BOL, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
  NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
  PUT(OUTH, "SOLAR ABSORBTANCE EOL");
  SET_COL(OUTH,55);
  PUT(OUTH,SOLAR\_ABSORBTANCE\_EOL,FORE = > 5,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
  NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
  PUT(OUTH, "EMITTANCE BOL");
  SET COL(OUTH,55);
  PUT(OUTH, EMITTANCE BOL, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
  NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
  PUT(OUTH, "EMITTANCE EOL");
  SET COL(OUTH,55);
```

```
PUT(OUTH, RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 NEW LINE(OUTH,2);
 NEW LINE(2);
 NEW LINE(2);
 STOP:
 VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
<<TOOBIG>>
 PUT LINE("Please enter the PERCENT PAYLOAD POWER that must be ");
 PUT LINE("dissipated as heat Example: Enter 59% as '0.59'");
 NEW LINE(2);
 NEW LINE(2):
 SET COL(10):
 GET DATA(PERCENT PAYLOAD POWER DISSIPATION);
 if PERCENT_PAYLOAD_POWER_DISSIPATION > 1.0 then
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
  NEW LINE(2);
  PUT LINE("Please use a value less then 1.0");
  NEW LINE(2):
  goto TOOBIG;
 end if;
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("Percent Payload Power Dissipated as Heat is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(PERCENT PAYLOAD POWER DISSIPATION*100.0, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" %");
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT(OUTH, *Percent Payload Power Dissipated as Heat is ");
 SET COL(OUTH.55):
 PUT(OUTH, PERCENT PAYLOAD POWER DISSIPATION*100.0, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0):
 PUT(OUTH, " %");
 NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
< < TOOBIGH > >
 PUT LINE("Please enter the PERCENT OF HOUSEKEEPING POWER that must be ");
 PUT LINE("dissipated as heat Example: Enter 23% as '0.23'");
 SET COL(10);
 GET DATA(HOUSEKEEPING PERCENT POWER DISSIPATION);
 if HOUSEKEEPING PERCENT POWER DISSIPATION > 1.0 then
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   NEW LINE(2);
   PUT LINE("Please use a value less then 1.0");
   NEW LINE(2);
```

```
goto TOOBIGH;
 end if:
 VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("Percent Payload Power Dissipated as Heat is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(PERCENT PAYLOAD POWER DISSIPATION*100.0, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" %");
 NEW_LINE(2);
 PUT("Percent Housekeeping Power Dissipated as Heat is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(HOUSEKEEPING PERCENT POWER DISSIPATION*100.0, FORE=>2,AFT=>2,EXP=>0);
 PUT(" %");
 PUT(OUTH, "Percent Housekeeping Power Dissipated as Heat is ");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, HOUSEKEEPING PERCENT POWER DISSIPATION*100.0, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(OUTH, " %");
 NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
 NEW LINE(2);
 NEW LINE(2);
 STOP;
 -- Thermal Dissipation calculation
if DRUM SPINNER = FALSE then
 THERMAL DISSIPATION: =(1.0/NUMBER THERMAL EMITTING FACES)
             *(PAYLOAD POWER*PERCENT PAYLOAD POWER DISSIPATION
              +HOUSEKEEPING POWER*HOUSEKEEPING PERCENT POWER DISSIPATION):
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("Thermal Dissipation is ");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(THERMAL DISSIPATION, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" Watts");
 PUT(OUTH, "Thermal Dissipation is ");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, THERMAL DISSIPATION, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(OUTH, "Watts");
 NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
  -- Radiator Area calculation
  RADIATOR AREA:=THERMAL DISSIPATION/((RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL*STEFAN BOLTZMANN
        *RADIATOR TEMPERATURE**4.0*EFFICIENCY)-(SOLAR ABSORBTANCE EOL
        *SOLAR INTENSITY SOLSTICE
        *SIN(SOLAR ASPECT COEFFICIENT SOLSTICE*PI/180.0)));
  NEW LINE(2);
  PUT("Radiator Area is ");
 SET COL(60);
  PUT(RADIATOR AREA, FORE = >5, AFT = >3, EXP = >0);
  PUT(" meters^2");
```

```
NEW LINE(1);
 PUT(OUTH, "Radiator Area is ");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH,RADIATOR AREA,FORE = > 5,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
 PUT(OUTH, meters^2");
 NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
 NEW LINE(2);
 -- temperature during equinox calculation
 STOP;
 VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
 TEMPERATURE EQUINOX:=(THERMAL DISSIPATION
/(RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL*STEFAN BOLTZMANN*EFFICIENCY*RADIATOR AREA))**0.25;
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("Temperature at Equinox is Full Power");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(TEMPERATURE EQUINOX, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" kelvin");
 PUT(OUTH, "Temperature at Equinox is Full Power");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, TEMPERATURE EQUINOX, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(OUTH, kelvin");
 NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
 TEMPERATURE EQUINOX CELCIUS:= TEMPERATURE EQUINOX-273.15;
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("Temperature at Equinox (celcius)is ");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(TEMPERATURE_EQUINOX_CELCIUS,FORE=>5,AFT=>2,EXP=>0);
 PUT(" celcius");
 PUT(OUTH, "Temperature at Equinox (celcius) Full Power is ");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, TEMPERATURE_EQUINOX_CELCIUS, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(OUTH, " celcius");
 NEW_LINE(OUTH,2);
 if TEMPERATURE EQUINOX CELCIUS > = 5.0
    and TEMPERATURE EQUINOX CELCIUS <= 37.0 then
   NEW LINE(2);
   PUT_LINE("Temperature during equinox non eclipse period is within ");
   PUT LINE("the prescribed limits of 5 to 37 degrees celcius. No ");
   PUT LINE("auxiliary heating is required! ");
   PUT LINE(OUTH, "Temperature during equinox non eclipse period is within ");
```

```
PUT LINE(OUTH, "the prescribed limits of 5 to 37 degrees celcius. No ");
 PUT LINE(OUTH, "auxiliary heating is required! ");
 NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
elsif TEMPERATURE_EQUINOX_CELCIUS < 5.0 then
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT LINE(" Temperature is to low auxiliary heaters will be required");
 PUT LINE(OUTH, "Temperature is to low, auxiliary heaters will be required");
 NEW_LINE(OUTH,2);
end if;
NEW_LINE(2);
NEW_LINE(3);
STOP;
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
-- Equilibrium Temperature calculation
NEW LINE(2);
PUT LINE("When batteries provide partial power, heat dissipation ");
PUT LINE("and equilibrium temperature during eclipse is ");
new line(2);
EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE: = ((THERMAL DISSIPATION*PERCENT_PARTIAL POWER)
            /(RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL*STEFAN BOLTZMANN*RADIATOR AREA))**0.25;
NEW LINE(1);
SET COL(45);
PUT(EQUILIBRIUM_TEMPERATURE,FORE = > 5,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
PUT(" degrees kelvin");
PUT(OUTH, "Equilibrium Temperature Partial Power");
SET COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH, EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
PUT(OUTH, degrees kelvin);
NEW_LINE(OUTH,1);
new line(2);
NEW_LINE(3);
-- Time Constant Calculation
STOP:
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
TIME CONSTANT: = (MASS RADIATOR PLUS EQUIPMENT*RADIATOR SPECIFIC HEAT)
            /(4.0*RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL*STEFAN BOLTZMANN
            *RADIATOR_AREA*EQUILIBRIUM_TEMPERATURE**3.0);
```

```
NEW LINE(2):
 PUT("Time Constant is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(TIME CONSTANT, FORE = >7, AFT = >0, EXP = >0);
 PUT(" seconds");
 TIME CONSTANT MINUTES: = TIME CONSTANT/60.0;
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("Time Constant Minutes is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(TIME CONSTANT MINUTES, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(" minutes");
 PUT(OUTH, "Time Constant is ");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, TIME CONSTANT, FORE = > 7, AFT = > 0, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(OUTH, seconds);
 NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
 PUT(OUTH, "Time Constant Minutes is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(OUTH, TIME CONSTANT MINUTES, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(OUTH, " minutes");
 NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
 NEW LINE(2);
 NEW_LINE(2);
 STOP:
 VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
elsif DRUM SPINNER = TRUE then
 NUMBER_THERMAL_EMITTING_FACES: = 1.0;
 THERMAL DISSIPATION:=(PAYLOAD POWER*PERCENT PAYLOAD POWER DISSIPATION
             +HOUSEKEEPING POWER*HOUSEKEEPING PERCENT POWER DISSIPATION);
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("Thermal Dissipation is ");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(THERMAL_DISSIPATION, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" Watts");
 PUT(OUTH, "Thermal Dissipation is ");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, THERMAL DISSIPATION, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(OUTH, " Watts");
 NEW_LINE(OUTH,1);
 -- Radiator Area calculation
-- RADIATOR HEIGHT,
-- SOLAR_ARRAY DIAMETER,
 NEW LINE(2);
 NEW LINE(2);
```

```
PUT("Please enter Solar Array Diameter in meters");
NEW_LINE(1);
SET COL(15);
GET_DATA(SOLAR_ARRAY_DIAMETER);
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
NEW LINE(1);
PUT("Solar Array Diameter is ");
SET COL(55);
PUT(SOLAR ARRAY DIAMETER, FORE = >5, AFT = >4, EXP = >6);
PUT(" meters");
PUT(OUTH, "Solar Array Diameter is ");
SET COL(OUTH,54);
PUT(OUTH, SOLAR ARRAY DIAMETER, FORE = >5, AFT = >3, EXP = >0);
PUT(OUTH, " meters");
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
RADIATOR HEIGHT:=THERMAL DISSIPATION/(SOLAR ARRAY DIAMETER
       *((PI*RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL*STEFAN BOLTZMANN
       *RADIATOR TEMPERATURE**4.0*EFFICIENCY)-(SOLAR ABSORBTANCE EOL
       *SOLAR INTENSITY EQUINOX
       *COS(SOLAR ASPECT COEFFICIENT EQUINOX*PI/180.0))));
NEW LINE(2);
PUT('Radiator Height is ");
SET COL(55);
PUT(RADIATOR HEIGHT, FORE = >5, AFT = >4, EXP = >0);
PUT(" meters");
PUT(OUTH, "Radiator Height is ");
SET COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH, RADIATOR HEIGHT, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(OUTH, " meters");
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
RADIATOR_AREA:=RADIATOR HEIGHT*PI*(SOLAR_ARRAY_DIAMETER/2.0)**2.0;
new line(1);
PUT("Radiator Area (Spir Stabilized) is ");
SET COL(55);
PUT(RADIATOR AREA, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" meters^2");
PUT(OUTH, "Radiator Area is ");
SET COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH, RADIATOR AREA, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
PUT(OUTH, meters^2");
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
```

```
NEW LINE(2);
NEW LINE(2);
-- temperature during equinox calculation
PUT("Please enter a value for Radiator Efficiency (usually around 0.9)");
NEW LINE(2);
GET DATA(EFFICIENCY);
NEW LINE(2);
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("EFFICIENCY");
NEW LINE(2);
SET COL(50);
PUT(EFFICIENCY, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
NEW LINE(3);
STOP:
VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
TEMPERATURE EQUINOX:=(THERMAL DISSIPATION
       /(RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL*STEFAN BOLTZMANN*EFFICIENCY
       *RADIATOR HEIGHT*SOLAR ARRAY DIAMETER*PI))**0.25;
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Temperature at Equinox is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(TEMPERATURE EQUINOX, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" kelvin");
PUT(OUTH, "Temperature at Equinox is ");
SET COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH, TEMPERATURE EQUINOX, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
PUT(OUTH, kelvin");
NEW LINE(OUTH, 1);
TEMPERATURE EQUINOX CELCIUS:= TEMPERATURE EQUINOX-273.15;
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Temperature at Equinox (celcius) is ");
SET COL(60);
PUT(TEMPERATURE\_EQUINOX\_CFLCIUS,FORE = > 5,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
PUT(" celcius");
PUT(OUTH, "Temperature at Equinox (celcius) is ");
SET COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH, TEMPERATURE EQUINOX CELCIUS, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
PUT(OUTH, " celcius");
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
```

```
if TEMPERATURE EQUINOX CELCIUS >= 5.0
  and TEMPERATURE EQUINOX CELCIUS <= 37.0 then
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT LINE("Temperature during equinox non eclipse period is within ");
 PUT_LINE("the prescribed limits of 5 to 37 degrees celcius. No ");
 PUT LINE("auxiliary heating is required! ");
  PUT LINE(OUTH, "Temperature during equinox non eclipse period is within ");
  PUT LINE(OUTH, "the prescribed limits of 5 to 37 degrees celcius. No ");
  PUT LINE(OUTH, "auxiliary heating is required! ");
  NEW LINE(OUTH,2);
elsif TEMPERATURE EQUINOX CELCIUS < 5.0 then
  NEW LINE(2);
  PUT_LINE(" Temperature is to low auxiliary heaters will be required");
  PUT LINE(OUTH, "Temperature is to low, auxiliary heaters will be required");
  NEW LINE(OUTH,2);
end if;
NEW_LINE(2);
NEW LINE(3);
STOP;
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
-- Equilibrium Temperature calculation
NEW LINE(2);
PUT_LINE("When batteries provide partial power, heat dissipation ");
PUT LINE("and equilibrium temperature during eclipse is ");
new line(2);
EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE:=((THERMAL DISSIPATION*PERCENT PARTIAL POWER)
             /(RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL*STEFAN BOLTZMANN
             *RADIATOR HEIGHT*SOLAR ARRAY DIAMETER*PI))**0.25;
SET COL(45);
PUT(EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" degrees kelvin");
PUT(OUTH, "Equilibrium Temperature Partial Power Supplied");
SET COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH, EQUILIBRIUM_TEMPERATURE, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
PUT(OUTH, " kelvin");
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
new line(2);
NEW_LINE(3);
-- Time Constant Calculation
```

```
STOP:
 VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
 TIME CONSTANT:=(MASS RADIATOR PLUS EQUIPMENT*RADIATOR SPECIFIC HEAT)
              /(4.0*RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL*STEFAN BOLTZMANN
              *RADIATOR HEIGHT*SOLAR ARRAY DIAMETER*PI
              *EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE**3.0);
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("Time Constant is ");
 SET COL(55);
 PUT(TIME CONSTANT, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(" seconds");
 TIME_CONSTANT_MINUTES: = TIME_CONSTANT/60.0;
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("Time Constant Minutes is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(TIME\_CONSTANT\_MINUTES, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" minutes");
 PUT(OUTH, "Time Constant is ");
 SET COL(OUTH,53);
 PUT(OUTH, TIME CONSTANT, FORE = >7, AFT = >0, EXP = >0);
 PUT(OUTH, seconds);
 NEW_LINE(OUTH,1);
 PUT(OUTH, "Time Constant Minutes is ");
 SET COL(outh,55);
 PUT(OUTH, TIME CONSTANT MINUTES, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(OUTH, " minutes");
 NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
 NEW LINE(2);
               PUT LINE("*
 NEW LINE(2);
 STOP;
 VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
end if:
 PUT LINE("For the case of radiative cooling find 'C' assuming t=0.0");
 PUT LINE("this happens when the equinox temperature is less than the ");
 PUT LINE("calculated equilibrium temperature");
 if (TEMPERATURE EQUINOX-EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE ) < 5.0 then
   EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE: = EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE/1.0146;
   NEW LINE(3):
   PUT_LINE("THE AMOUNT OF POWER PROVIDED DURING ECLIPSE IS TO CLOSE TO");
   PUT LINE("FULL POWER SO A FUDGE FACTOR OF 1.0146% HAS BEEN SUBTRACTED");
   PUT_LINE("TO EQUILIBRIUM TO PREVENT A COTH NUMERIC ERROR.");
   NEW LINE(3);
 end if;
```

CONST:=2.0*(ARCCOTH(TEMPERATURE_EQUINOX/EQUILIBRIUM_TEMPERATURE) -ARCCOT(TEMPERATURE EQUINOX/EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE));

```
NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("For radiative cooling constant 'C' when t=0.0 is ");
 SET COL(60);
 PUT(CONST, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 6, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(OUTH, "Radiative cooling constant 'C' when t=0.0 is ");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH,CONST,FORE = > 3,AFT = > 4,EXP = > 0);
 NEW_LINE(OUTH,1);
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT_LINE("The next portion of this program is an iterative approach to ");
 PUT LINE("find the temperature after equinox for an equinox period)");
 PUT LINE("of 1.2 hours (72 minutes or 4,320 seconds)");
 NEW LINE(1);
 PUT LINE("The purpose of this iteration is to bracket an Eclipse Time ");
 PUT LINE("of 72 minutes. For example we want one value above (80 minutes)");
 PUT LINE("and one value below (68) minutes a good starting temperature");
 PUT LINE("is 273.0 degrees kelvin. ");
 NEW_LINE(2);
 STOP;
 VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
<<EQUINOX ONE>>
    PUT LINE("Please enter an AFTER EQUINOX TEMPERATURE guess in degrees kelvin");
    NEW LINE(3);
    SET COL(10);
    GET DATA(EQUINOX TEMP ONE);
    VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
if EQUINOX_TEMP_ONE <= EQUILIBRIUM_TEMPERATURE then
    PUT_LINE ("Condition would not occur in real life please try again");
    NEW LINE(1);
    PUT("Enter a value greater than ");
    PUT(EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
    NEW LINE(3);
    goto EQUINOX ONE;
else
    TIME ECLIPSE ONE:=(2.0*(ARCCOTH(EQUINOX TEMP ONE/EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE)
               -ARCCOT(EQUINOX TEMP ONE/EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE))-CONST)
               *TIME CONSTANT MINUTES;
    PUT("Temperature Input is ");
    SET COL(50);
```

```
PUT(EQUINOX TEMP ONE, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
   PUT(" degrees kelvin");
   NEW LINE(2);
    PUT("For radiative cooling Eclipse Time is ");
    SET_COL(60);
    PUT(TIME ECLIPSE ONE, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
    PUT(" minutes");
    new line(2);
    PUT LINE("Is the calculated eclipse time close to 72 minutes +/- 10 minutes ");
    PUT_LINE("Remember if this value is above 72 minutes then the next value ");
    PUT LINE("should be below 72 minutes, or vice versus. ");
    PUT LINE("To accept this eclipse time Enter 'Y' for yes and 'N' for no ");
    if ABS(TIME ECLIPSE ONE-ECLIPSE TIME MINUTES) > 10.0 then
        NEW LINE(2);
        PUT LINE("CALCULATIONS SHOW THAT ECLIPSE FOR TEMPERATURE IS MORE THAN 10
MINUTES");
        PUT_LINE("DIFTERENCE FROM THE 72 MINUTE STANDARD GEOSYNCHRONOUS ECLIPSE
TIME ");
        PUT LINE("RECOMMEND INPUT A 'N' TO RE-CALCULATE A NEW ECLIPSE TIME");
    end if;
    NEW_LINE(2);
    GET CHARACTER(TAKE);
    if TAKE = 'Y' or TAKE = 'y' then
        TAKE := 'N';
        VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
        goto EQUINOX_TWO;
    else
        VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
        PUT LINE Please enter a new temperature for the equinox temperature ");
        goto EQUINOX ONE;
    end if;
    STOP:
    VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
    PUT LINE("Please enter a new after equinox temperature guess in degrees kelvin");
end if;
< < EQUINOX_TWO > >
    NEW LINE(2);
    PUT("First Iterative Eclipse Time for linear approximation is ");
    SET COL(60);
    PUT(TIME\_ECLIPSE\_ONE, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
    PUT(" minutes");
    NEW LINE(2);
```

```
PUT("First Iterative Temperature is ");
   SET COL(50);
   PUT(EQUINOX TEMP ONE, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
   PUT(" degrees kelvin");
   new line(2);
   PUT LINE("Please enter a new after equinox temperature guess in degrees kelvin"):
   NEW LINE(1);
   GET_DATA(EQUINOX TEMP TWO);
 if EQUINOX TEMP_TWO <= EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE then
       VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
       PUT LINE ("Condition would not occur in real life please try again");
       NEW LINE(1);
       PUT("Enter a value greater than ");
       PUT(EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
       NEW LINE(3);
       goto EQUINOX TWO;
 else
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   TIME ECLIPSE TWO: = (2.0*(ARCCOTH(EQUINOX TEMP TWO/EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE)
                     -ARCCOT(EQUINOX TEMP TWO/EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE))-CONST)
                     *TIME CONSTANT MINUTES;
   PUT("First Iterative Eclipse Time for linear approximation is ");
   SET COL(60);
   PUT(TIME ECLIPSE ONE, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
   PUT(" minutes");
   NEW LINE(2);
   PUT("First Iterative Temperature is ");
   SET COL(50);
   PUT(EQUINOX TEMP ONE, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
   PUT(" degrees kelvin");
   NEW LINE(2);
   PUT("Second Iterative Eclipse Time for linear approximation is ");
   SET COL(60):
   PUT(TIME ECLIPSE TWO, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
   PUT(" minutes");
   new_line(2);
   PUT("Second Iterative Temperature is ");
   SET COL(50);
   PUT(EQUINOX\_TEMP\_TWO,FORE = > 5,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
   PUT(" degrees kelvin");
   new line(2);
    if ABS(TIME_ECLIPSE_TWO-ECLIPSE_TIME_MINUTES) > 10.0 then
       NEW LINE(2);
       PUT LINE("CALCULATIONS SHOW THAT ECLIPSE FOR TEMPERATURE IS GREATER THAN
10 MINUTES");
       PUT LINE("RECOMMEND INPUT A 'N' TO RE-CALCULATED A NEW ECLIPSE TIME");
       put line(*****************
   end if;
```

```
PUT LINE("Is the calculated eclipse time close to 72 minutes +/- 10 minutes");
   PUT LINE("Remember if this value is above 72 minutes then the next value");
   PUT LINE("should below 72 minutes");
   PUT LINE("To accept this eclipse time Enter 'Y' for yes and 'N' for no");
   SET COL(15);
   GET CHARACTER(TAKE);
   VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
   if TAKE = 'Y' or TAKE = 'y' then
       if TIME ECLIPSE ONE = 72.0 then
         TEMPERATURE AFTER EQUINOX := EQUINOX TEMP ONE;
         goto TAE;
       elsif TIME_ECLIPSE_TWO = 72.0 then
         TEMPERATURE_AFTER_EQUINOX := EQUINOX TEMP_TWO;
         goto TAE;
       elsif TIME_ECLIPSE_ONE < 72.0 and TIME_ECLIPSE_TWO > 72.0 then
         TAKE := 'N';
         goto STOP ITERATION;
       elsif TIME ECLIPSE ONE > 72.0 and TIME ECLIPSE TWO < 72.0 then
         TAKE := 'N';
         goto STOP ITERATION;
       elsif TIME_ECLIPSE_ONE < 72.0 and TIME_ECLIPSE_TWO < 72.0 then
         PUT LINE("BOTH TIME VALUES ARE BELOW 72.0 MINUTES TRY AGAIN");
         TAKE := 'N';
         goto EQUINOX TWO;
       elsif TIME ECLIPSE ONE > 72.0 and TIME ECLIPSE TWO > 72.0 then
         PUT LINE("BOTH TIME VALUES ARE ABOVE 72.0 MINUTES TRY AGAIN");
         TAKE := 'N';
         goto EQUINOX TWO;
       end if;
   else
         VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
         PUT LINE("Please enter a new temperature in order to bracket a 72 minute eclipse time");
         TAKE := 'N';
         goto EQUINOX TWO;
   end if;
end if:
-- CASE OF RADIATIVE HEATING
<<STOP ITERATION>>
  TEMPERATURE_AFTER_EQUINOX: = ABS(((TIME_ECLIPSE_ONE-ECLIPSE_TIME_MINUTES))
                /(TIME ECLIPSE ONE-TIME ECLIPSE TWO))
                *(EQUINOX TEMP ONE-EQUINOX TEMP TWO)
                -EQUINOX TEMP ONE);
```

<<TAE>>

```
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
 PUT(OUTH, "First Iterative Time for linear approximation is ");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, TIME ECLIPSE ONE, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(OUTH, " minutes");
 NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
 PUT(OUTH, "First Iterative Temperature is ");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, EQUINOX TEMP ONE, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(OUTH, degrees kelvin");
 new line(OUTH,1);
 PUT(OUTH, "Second Iterative Time for linear approximation is ");
 SET_COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH,TIME\_ECLIPSE\_TWO,FORE = > 5,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
 PUT(OUTH, " minutes");
 new line(OUTH,1);
 PUT(OUTH, "Second Iterative Temperature is ");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, EQUINOX TEMP TWO, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 new_line(OUTH,1);
 PUT ( Temperature after Equinox is ");
 SET COL(50);
 PUT(TEMPERATURE AFTER_EQUINOX,FORE = >5,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);
 PUT (OUTH, "Temperature after Equinox is ");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, TEMPERATURE AFTER EQUINOX, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(OUTH, kelvin);
 NEW_LINE(OUTH,2);
 NEW LINE(2);
 NEW LINE(2);
 STOP:
end HEAT;
procedure WARM UP (THERMAL DISSIPATION
                                             : in out FLOAT;
               RADIATOR_SPECIFIC HEAT
                                          : in out FLOAT;
               RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL
                                            : in out FLOAT;
               RADIATOR AREA
                                        : in out FLOAT;
               MASS RADIATOR PLUS_EQUIPMENT: in out FLOAT;
               EFFICIENCY
                                     : in out FLOAT;
               TEMPERATURE_AFTER_EQUINOX : in out FLOAT;
```

NUMBER THERMAL EMITTING FACES: in out FLOAT) is

```
OPERATING TEMPERATURE : FLOAT := 278.0; -- degrees kelvin
 TIME CONSTANT MINUTES,
 CONST,
 TIME_COOLING,
 TIME HEATING
                        : FLOAT;
 NEW TEMPERATURE
                           : INTEGER ;
begin
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
 PUT LINE("Now we will determine the time it takes for the spacecraft to");
 PUT LINE("reach a specified operating temperature after eclipse. Default");
 PUT LINE("operating temperature is specified as 278.0 degrees Kelvin or");
 PUT LINE("5 degrees celcius.");
 new_line(1);
 PUT LINE(" DEFAULT VALUES FOR OPERATING PARAMETERS ARE");
  PUT("Radiator(s) Dissipate ");
  SET COL(50);
  PUT(THERMAL DISSIPATION, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
  PUT(" watts");
 NEW LINE(1);
  PUT("EFFICIENCY");
  SET COL(50);
  PUT(EFFICIENCY, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
  NEW LINE(1);
  PUT("RADIATOR_EMITTANCE_EOL");
  SET COL(50);
  PUT(RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
  NEW LINE(1);
  PUT("MASS_RADIATOR_PLUS_EQUIPMENT");
  SET COL(50);
  PUT(MASS_RADIATOR PLUS EQUIPMENT,FORE=>5,AFT=>2,EXP=>0);
  PUT(" kgs");
  NEW LINE(1);
  PUT("RADIATOR SPECIFIC HEAT");
  SET COL(50);
  PUT(RADIATOR\_SPECIFIC\_HEAT,FORE = > 5,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
  PUT("(watts*sec)\(kg*Kelvin)");
  NEW LINE(1);
  PUT("Radiator Area is ");
  SET COL(50);
  PUT(RADIATOR\_AREA,FORE = > 5,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
  PUT(" meters^2");
```

```
NEW_LINE(1);
PUT("Temperature after equinox is ");
SET COL(50);
PUT(TEMPERATURE\_AFTER\_EQUINOX, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" kelvin");
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Desired operating temperature after equinox is ");
SET COL(50);
PUT(OPERATING TEMPERATURE, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" kelvin");
NEW_LINE(1);
PUT_LINE("The Radiator Heat Dissipation may be changed if desired");
PUT_LINE("this value enter a 'y' for YES. If you wish to change the value");
PUT_LINE("enter a 'n' for NO and the value you enter will be used in ");
put line("further calculations");
GET_CHARACTER(CHAR);
if CHAR = 'Y' or CHAR = 'y' then
  VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
  PUT("Please enter a value for the Radiator Heat Dissipation ");
  NEW LINE(3);
  NEW LINE(3);
  GET DATA(THERMAL DISSIPATION);
  PUT("Radiator Heat Dissipation is ");
  SET COL(60);
  PUT(THERMAL DISSIPATION, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
  NEW LINE(1);
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
end if:
NEW LINE(1);
PUT LINE("The default operating temperature after equinox is 5 degrees celcius");
PUT LINE("or 278 degrees kelvin. If you wish to change this value enter a");
PUT LINE("'y' for YES. To accept the default value enter an 'n' for NO changes");
NEW LINE(2);
GET_CHARACTER(CHAR);
if CHAR = 'Y' or CHAR = 'y' then
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
  PUT("Please enter a value for operating temperature after equinox ");
  NEW LINE(3);
  NEW LINE(3);
  GET_DATA(OPERATING_TEMPERATURE);
  PUT("Desired operating temperature is ");
  SET COL(60);
  PUT(OPERATING TEMPERATURE, FORE = > 6, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
```

```
NEW LINE(1);
else
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
end if;
-- Equilibrium Temperature calculation
PUT(OUTH, "Radiator(s) Dissipate");
SET COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH, THERMAL DISSIPATION, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(OUTH, " watts");
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
PUT(OUTH, "Efficiency");
SET COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH,EFFICIENCY,FORE = > 5,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
PUT(OUTH, "Radiator Emittance");
SET COL(OUTH.55);
PUT(OUTH,RADIATOR\_EMITTANCE\_EOL,FORE = > 5,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
PUT(OUTH, "Mass Radiator Plus Equipment");
SET COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH, MASS RADIATOR PLUS EQUIPMENT, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(OUTH, kgs*);
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
PUT(OUTH, "Radiator Specific Heat");
SET_COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH, RADIATOR SPECIFIC HEAT, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(OUTH, "(W*s)/(kg*Kelvin)");
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
PUT(OUTH, "Radiator Area is ");
SET_COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH,RADIATOR AREA,FORE = > 5,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
PUT(OUTH, meters^2");
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
PUT(OUTH, "Desired operating temperature after equinox is ");
SET COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH, OPERATING TEMPERATURE, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(OUTH, " kelvin");
NEW LINE(OUTH, 1);
EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE: = (THERMAL_DISSIPATION/
  (RADIATOR_EMITTANCE_EOL*STEFAN_BOLTZMANN*EFFICIENCY*RADIATOR_AREA))**0.25;
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Equilibrium Temperature");
SET COL(50);
```

```
PUT(EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE, FORE = >7, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" kelvin"):
STOP:
if (EQUILIBRIUM_TEMPERATURE-TEMPERATURE AFTER EQUINOX) < 5.0 then
 EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE: = 1.0146*EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE;
 NEW LINE(3):
 PUT LINE("THE AMOUNT OF POWER PROVIDED DURING ECLIPSE IS TO CLOSE TO");
  PUT LINE("FULL POWER SO A FUDGE FACTOR OF 1.0146% HAS BEEN ADDED TO");
 PUT LINE("EQUILIBRIUM TO PREVENT A TANH NUMERIC ERROR.");
end if:
  PUT("Radiative Heating 'C' assuming t=0.0 is ");
  CONST: = 2.0*((ARCTANH(TEMPERATURE AFTER EOUINOX/EOUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE))-
     (ARCTAN(TEMPERATURE AFTER EQUINOX/EQUILIBRIUM_TEMPERATURE)));
  SET COL(48);
  PUT(CONST, FORE = >7, AFT = >4, EXP = >0);
  NEW LINE(1);
PUT(OUTH, "Equilibrium Temperature Heating After Eclipse");
SET COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH, EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
PUT(OUTH, " kelvin");
new line(OUTH,1);
-- Time Constant Calculation
TIME CONSTANT:=(MASS RADIATOR PLUS EQUIPMENT*RADIATOR SPECIFIC HEAT)
             /(4.0*RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL*EFFICIENCY*STEFAN BOLTZMANN
             *RADIATOR AREA*EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE**3.0);
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Time Constant Heating After Eclipse is ");
SET COL(50);
PUT(TIME CONSTANT, FORE = >7, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" seconds");
NEW LINE(2);
PUT(OUTH, "Time Constant Heating After Eclipse is");
SET COL(OUTH,54);
PUT(OUTH, TIME CONSTANT, FORE = >6, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(OUTH, seconds);
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
TIME CONSTANT MINUTES: = TIME CONSTANT/60.0;
PUT("Time Constant is ");
SET COL(50);
PUT(TIME CONSTANT MINUTES, FORE = >7, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" minutes");
NEW LINE(2);
```

```
PUT(OUTH, "Time Constant Heating After Eclipse is");
SET COL(OUTH,55):
PUT(OUTH, TIME CONSTANT MINUTES, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
PUT(OUTH, " minutes");
NEW_LINE(OUTH,1);
PUT("Temperature After Equinox");
SET COL(50);
PUT(TEMPERATURE AFTER EQUINOX, FORE = >7, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" kelvin");
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Equilibrium Temperature");
SET COL(50);
PUT(EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE, FORE = >7, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(" kelvin");
NEW LINE(2);
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
PUT(OUTH, "Radiative Cooling Constant when t=0.0");
SET COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH,CONST,FORE = > 3,AFT = > 4,EXP = > 0):
NEW LINE(OUTH,1);
NEW LINE(1);
PUT("Operating Temperature");
SET COL(50);
PUT(OPERATING TEMPERATURE, FORE = > 7, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" kelvin");
new LINE(2);
PUT(OUTH, "Operating Temperature Satellite");
SET_COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH, OPERATIN' 7 TEMPERATURE, FORE = > 5, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
PUT(OUTH, kelvin");
NEW LINE(OUTH, 1);
TIME HEATING: = ((2.0*(ARCTANH(OPERATING TEMPERATURE/EQUILIBRIUM TEMPERATURE)
-ARCTAN(OPERATING_TEMPERATURE/EQUILIBRIUM_TEMPERATURE)))-CONST)
*TIME CONSTANT MINUTES;
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Radiative heating after Eclipse");
SET COL(50);
PUT(TIME HEATING,FORE = >7,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);
PUT(" minutes");
NEW_LINE(2);
PUT(OUTH, "Time Constant");
SET_COL(OUTH,55);
PUT(OUTH,TIME\_CONSTANT\_MINUTES,FORE = > 5,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
```

```
PUT(OUTH, minutes");
 NEW_LINE(OUTH,1);
 PUT(OUTH, "Time Radiative heating after Eclipse");
 SET COL(OUTH,55);
 PUT(OUTH, TIME HEATING, FORE = >5, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(OUTH, minutes");
 NEW_LINE(OUTH,1);
 STOP;
end WARM UP;
begin
   CREATE(OUTH, NAME = > "THERMAL.DAT");
   PRINT_HEADER;
   DUAL SPIN
                         (DRUM_SPINNER);
   OPERATING_DATA
                            (BATTERY LOAD,
                           DRUM SPINNER,
                           RADIATOR SPECIFIC HEAT,
                           RADIATOR_EMITTANCE_EOL,
                           MASS_RADIATOR PLUS_EQUIPMENT,
                           EFFICIENCY,
                           NUMBER THERMAL EMITTING FACES,
                           PAYLOAD POWER,
                           ECLIPSE TIME);
   HEAT
                       (BATTERY LOAD,
                           DRUM SPINNER,
                           RADIATOR_AREA,
                           PAYLOAD POWER,
                           TEMPERATURE AFTER EQUINOX,
                           THERMAL DISSIPATION,
                           ECLIPSE_TIME);
   WARM_UP
                         (THERMAL_DISSIPATION,
                           RADIATOR SPECIFIC HEAT,
                           RADIATOR EMITTANCE EOL,
                           RADIATOR AREA,
                           MASS_RADIATOR_PLUS_EQUIPMENT,
                           EFFICIENCY,
```

TEMPERATURE_AFTER_EQUINOX, NUMBER_THERMAL_EMITTING_FACES);

D. ARRAY THERMAL CONTROL

```
-- Title
           : Thermal Characteristics
            : David Lashbrook
-- Author
-- Date
            : 15 February 1992
            : 30 March 1992
-- Revised
-- Compiler
             : OPENADA EXT
-- Description : This procedure determines the thermal characteristics for
            solar arrays in geosynchronous orbits.
with TEXT_IO, GETDATA, GENERIC_ELEMENTARY_FUNCTIONS, VIDEO;
use TEXT_IO, GETDATA;
procedure ARRAY_THERMAL_CONTROL is
  package FLOAT INOUT is new FLOAT IO(FLOAT);
       FLOAT INOUT;
  package INTEGER INOUT is new INTEGER IO(INTEGER);
       INTEGER_INOUT;
  package BOOLEAN_INOUT is new ENUMERATION_IO(BOOLEAN);
       BOOLEAN INOUT;
  package GEF INOUT is new GENERIC ELEMENTARY FUNCTIONS(FLOAT);
       GEF INOUT;
                          : BOOLEAN := TRUE;
  OKAY
  DRUM_SPINNER
                              : BUOLEAN := I ALSE;
  Y,
  N.
 n,
  TAKE,
                     : CHARACTER;
  CHAR
  LECISION,
                  : INTEGER;
  Ρľ
                  : FLOAT := 3.14159;
  X
                   : FLOAT;
  OUTATC
                      :FILE_TYPE;
```

procedure PRINT_HEADER is

```
begin
   VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;SET_LINE(1);
   NEW LINE(2);
   SET COL(10);
   PUT LINE("This program walks through a ARRAY THERMAL Characteristics ");
   SET COL(10);
   PUT LINE("for a solar powered geosynchronous satellite.");
   SET COL(10);
   PUT LINE("All pertinent data will be saved to a file called ARRAYTC.DAT");
   NEW LINE;
 end PRINT HEADER;
procedure DUAL_SPIN (DRUM_SPINNER: in out BOOLEAN) is
begin
 SET COL(10);
 PUT_LINE("Is your spacecraft Spin Stabilized ");
 SET COL(15);
 GET_CHARACTER(char);
 if CHAR = 'Y' or CHAR = 'y' then
   DRUM SPINNER: = TRUE;
   if DRUM SPINNER = TRUE then
      VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;SET_LINE(1);
      SET COL(10);
      PUT LINE("Satellite is Spin Stabilized");
      NEW_LINE(OUTATC,1);
      PUT LINE(OUTATC, "Satellite is Spin Stabilized");
      NEW LINE(OUTATC, 1);
      NEW LINE(2);
      end if;
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN; SET LINE(1);
   SET COL(10);
   PUT LINE("Satellite is Three Axis Stabilized");
   NEW LINE(OUTATC,1);
   PUT LINE(OUTATC, "Satellite is Three Axis Stabilized");
   PUT LINE(OUTATC, "*******************************);
   NEW LINE(OUTATC, 1);
   NEW LINE(2):
   end if:
end DUAL_SPIN;
procedure SOLAR ARRAY TEMPERATURE (DRUM SPINNER: in out BOOLEAN) is
  STEFAN BOLTZMANN
                                 : FLOAT := 5.67E-08;
  SOLAR ASPECT COEFFICIENT SOLSTICE : FLOAT := 23.5;
```

```
SOLAR ASPECT COEFFICIENT EQUINOX : FLOAT := 0.0;
 CELL EMITTANCE FRONT
                                     : FLOAT := 0.8;
 CELL_EMITTANCE_BACK
                                    : FLOAT := 0.7;
 SOLAR INTENSITY WINTER SOLSTICE : FLOAT := 1397.0; -- W/m<sup>2</sup>
 SOLAR INTENSITY SUMMER SOLSTICE
                                          : FLOAT := 1311.0; -- W/m^2
 SOLAR INTENSITY VERNAL EQUINOX
                                          : FLOAT := 1362.0; -- W/m<sup>2</sup>
 SOLAR_INTENSITY_AUTUMNAL_EQUINOX
                                           : FLOAT := 1345.0; -W/m^2
                                 : FLOAT := 0.14;
 CELL EFFICIENCY
 PACKING FACTOR
                                  : FLOAT := 0.95;
 AVG SOLAR CELL ABSORBTANCE
                                         : FLOAT := 0.8;
 WINTER SOLSTICE OPERATING TEMPERATURE,
 SUMMER SOLSTICE OPERATING TEMPERATURE,
 VERNAL EQUINOX OPERATING TEMPERATURE,
 AUTUMNAL EQUINOX OPERATING TEMPERATURE,
 EFFECTIVE_SOLAR_CELL_ABSORBTANCE,
 FRONT ARRAY AREA,
                                   : FLOAT;
 BACK ARRAY AREA
 CHANGE SOLAR
                                    : INTEGER :
begin
 PUT LINE("This portion of the design uses the following values as listed below:");
 NEW LINE(1);
 PUT LINE("
                                                                             ");
 NEW LINE(I);
 PUT("Solstice Angle");
 SET COL(55);
 PUT(SOLAR ASPECT COEFFICIENT SOLSTICE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(" degrees");
 NEW LINE(1);
 PUT("Equinox Angle");
  SET COL(55);
  PUT(SOLAR_ASPECT_COEFFICIENT_EQUINOX, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
  PUT(" degrees");
  NEW LINE(1);
  PUT("Cell Emittance Front");
  SET COL(55);
  PUT(CELL EMITTANCE FRONT, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 3, EXP = > 0);
  NEW LINE(1);
  PUT("Cell Emittance Back");
  SET COL(55);
  PUT(CELL EMITTANCE BACK, FORE = >3, AFT = >3, EXP = >0);
  NEW_LINE(1);
  PUT("Solar Intensity Winter Solstice");
  SET COL(55);
```

```
PUT(SOLAR INTENSITY WINTER SOLSTICE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(" W/m^2");
 NEW LINE(1);
 PUT("Solar Intensity Summer Solstice");
 SET COL(55);
 PUT(SOLAR INTENSITY SUMMER SOLSTICE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(" W/m^2");
 NEW LINE(1);
 PUT("Solar Intensity Vernal Equinox");
 SET COL(55);
 PUT(SOLAR INTENSITY VERNAL EQUINOX, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(" W/m^2");
 NEW LINE(1);
 PUT("Solar Intensity Autumnal Equinox");
 SET_COL(55);
 PUT(SOLAR_INTENSITY_AUTUMNAL_EQUINOX,FORE = > 4,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" W/m^2");
 NEW LINE(1);
 PUT("Cell Efficiency");
 SET COL(55);
 PUT(CELL EFFICIENCY, FORE = >2, AFT = >4, EXP = >0);
 NEW LINE(1);
 PUT("Packing Factor");
 SET COL(55);
 PUT(PACKING FACTOR, FORE = >2, AFT = >4, EXP = >0);
 NEW LINE(1);
 PUT("Average Solar Cell Absorbtance");
 SET COL(55);
 PUT(AVG SOLAR CELL ABSORBTANCE, FORE = >2, AFT = >4, EXP = >0);
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT_LINE("If you desire to CHANGE any of the listed values please enter ");
 PUT LINE("a 'y' for YES otherwise enter a 'n' for NO");
 GET CHARACTER(CHAR);
 if CHAR = 'Y' or CHAR = 'y' then
   CHAR := N;
 VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
<< VALUE>>
 PUT LINE("Please enter the number value to the right of the value you ");
 PUT LINE("wish to CHANGE.
                                 (DEFAULT VALUES ARE IN PARENTHESIS)");
 new line;
 PUT LINE("Cell emittance Back is not used for spin stabilized spacecraft calculations");
 put LINE("-----");
 PUT_LINE("SOLAR_ASPECT COEFFICIENT SOLSTICE
                                                         [1]");
```

```
PUT LINE("SOLAR ASPECT COEFFICIENT EQUINOX
                                                     [2]");
PUT LINE("CELL EMITTANCE FRONT
                                                [3]");
PUT LINE("CELL EMITTANCE BACK
                                               [4]");
PUT LINE("SOLAR INTENSITY WINTER SOLSTICE
                                                    [5]");
PUT_LINE("SOLAR_INTENSITY_SUMMER_SOLSTICE
                                                     [6]");
PUT LINE("SOLAR INTENSITY VERNAL EQUINOX
                                                     [7]");
PUT LINE("SOLAR INTENSITY AUTUMNAL EQUINOX
                                                       [8]");
PUT LINE("CELL EFFICIENCY
PUT LINE("PACKING FACTOR
                                            [10]");
PUT LINE("AVG SOLAR CELL ABSORBTANCE
                                                   [11]");
GET_INTEGER(CHANGE SOLAR);
VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
case CHANGE SOLAR is
 when 1 = >
     VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
     PUT("Please enter a value for SOLAR_ASPECT_COEFFICIENT_SOLSTICE");
     NEW LINE(3);
     GET_DATA(SOLAR_ASPECT_COEFFICIENT_SOLSTICE);
     NEW LINE(1);
     PUT("Solstice Angle");
     SET_COL(60);
     PUT(SOLAR ASPECT COEFFICIENT SOLSTICE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
     PUT(" degrees");
     NEW_LINE(3);
  when 2 = >
     VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
     PUT("Please enter a value for SOLAR_ASPECT_COEFFICIENT_EQUINOX");
     NEW LINE(3);
     GET_DATA(SOLAR_ASPECT_COEFFICIENT_EQUINOX);
     NEW LINE(1);
     PUT("Equinox Angle");
     SET COL(55);
     PUT(SOLAR_ASPECT_COEFFICIENT_EQUINOX,FORE = >4,AFT = >2,EXP = >0);
     PUT(" degrees");
     NEW_LINE(3);
  when 3 = >
     VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
     PUT("Please enter a value for CELL_EMITTANCE_FRONT");
     NEW LINE(3);
     GET_DATA(CELL_EMITTANCE_FRONT);
     NEW LINE(1);
     PUT("Cell Emittance Front ");
     SET COL(55);
     PUT(CELL_EMITTANCE FRONT,FORE=>4,AFT=>2,EXP=>0);
     NEW LINE(3);
  when 4 = >
     VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
     NEW_LINE(3);
     PUT("Please enter a value for CELL EMITTANCE BACK");
```

```
GET DATA(CELL_EMITTANCE_BACK);
   NEW LINE(1):
   PUT("Cell Emittance Back ");
   SET COL(55);
   PUT(CELL EMITTANCE BACK, FORE = >4, AF\Gamma = >2, EXP = >0);
   NEW LINE(3);
when 5 = >
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   PUT("Please enter a value for SOLAR INTENSITY WINTER SOLSTICE");
   NEW_LINE(3);
   GET_DATA(SOLAR_INTENSITY_WINTER_SOLSTICE);
   NEW LINE(1);
   PUT("Solar Intensity Winter Solstice");
   SET_COL(55);
   PUT(SOLAR INTENSITY WINTER SOLSTICE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
   PUT(" W/m^2");
   NEW LINE(3);
when 6 = >
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   PUT("Please enter a value for SOLAR INTENSITY SUMMER SOLSTICE");
   NEW LINE(3);
   GET_DATA(SOLAR_INTENSITY_SUMMER_SOLSTICE);
   NEW LINE(1);
   PUT("Solar Intensity Summer Solstice");
   SET COL(55);
   PUT(SOLAR_INTENSITY_SUMMER_SOLSTICE, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
   PUT(" W/m^2");
   NEW_LINE(3);
when 7 = >
   VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
   PUT("Please enter a value for SOLAR INTENSITY VERNAL EQUINOX");
   NEW LINE(3);
   GET_DATA(SOLAR_INTENSITY_VERNAL_EQUINOX);
   NEW LINE(1);
   PUT("Solar Intensity Vernal Equinox");
   SET COL(55);
   PUT(SOLAR_INTENSITY_VERNAL_EQUINOX, FORE = >4, AFT = >2. EXP = >0);
   PUT(" W/m^2");
   NEW_LINE(3);
when 8 = >
   VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
   PUT("Please enter a value for SOLAR INTENSITY AUTUMNAL EQUINOX");
   NEW LINE(3);
   GET_DATA(SOLAR INTENSITY AUTUMNAL EQUINOX);
   NEW LINE(1);
   PUT("Solar Intensity Autumnal Equinox");
   SET COL(55);
   PUT(SOLAR\_INTENSITY\_AUTUMNAL\_EQUINOX, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
   PUT(" W/m^2");
   NEW LINE(3);
when 9 = >
```

```
VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
     PUT("Please enter a value for CELL EFFICIENCY");
     NEW LINE(3);
     GET_DATA(CELL_EFFICIENCY);
     NEW_LINE(1);
     PUT("Cell Efficiency");
     SET COL(55);
     PUT(CELL EFFICIENCY, FORE = >2, AFT = >4, EXP = >0);
     NEW LINE(3);
 when 10 = >
     VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
     PUT("Please enter a value for PACKING FACTOR");
     NEW LINE(3);
     GET_DATA(PACKING FACTOR);
     NEW_LINE(1);
     PUT("Packing Factor");
     SET_COL(55);
     PUT(PACKING_FACTOR, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
     NEW LINE(3);
 when 11 = >
     VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
     PUT("Please enter a value for AVG_SOLAR_CELL_ABSORBTANCE");
     NEW LINE(3);
     GET DATA(AVG SOLAR CELL ABSORBTANCE);
     NEW LINE(1);
     PUT("Average Solar Cell Absorbtance");
     SET COL(55);
     PUT(AVG SOLAR CELL ABSORBTANCE, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
     NEW LINE(3);
 when others =>
     VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
     PUT LINE("Thank You for your input ");
     NEW LINE(4);
end case;
CHAR := N;
     NEW LINE(4):
     PUT LINE("If you wish to change another value please enter a 'y' for YES");
     PUT LINE("otherwise enter a 'n' for NO ");
     GET_CHARACTER(CHAR);
     if CHAR = 'Y' or CHAR = 'y' then
         CHAR := N;
         VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
         goto VALUE;
     else
       VIDEG.CLEAR SCREEN;
       PUT_LINE("UNDERSTAND NO MORE CHANGES");
       NEW_LINE(3);
     end if:
```

```
else
     VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
     PUT LINE("UNDERSTAND DEFAULT VALUES WILL BE USED");
     NEW LINE(3);
 end if;
NEW LINE(OUTATC,1);
PUT(OUTATC, "Solstice Angle");
SET COL(OUTATC.55);
PUT(OUTATC,SOLAR\_ASPECT\_COEFFICIENT\_SOLSTICE,FORE = > 4,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
PUT(OUTATC, degrees);
NEW LINE(OUTATC,2);
PUT(OUTATC, "Equinox Angle");
SET COL(OUTATC,55);
PUT(OUTATC,SOLAR\_ASPECT\_COEFFICIENT\_EQUINOX,FORE = > 4,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
PUT(OUTATC, degrees);
NEW LINE(OUTATC,2);
PUT(OUTATC, "Cell Emittance Front");
SET COL(OUTATC,55);
PUT(OUTATC, CELL EMITTANCE FRONT, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 3, EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(OUTATC,2);
PUT(OUTATC, "Cell Emittance Back");
SET COL(OUTATC,55);
PUT(OUTATC, CELL EMITTANCE BACK, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 3, EXP = > 0);
NEW LINE(OUTATC,2);
PUT(OUTATC, "Solar Intensity Winter Solstice");
SET COL(OUTATC,55);
PUT(OUTATC, SOLAR_INTENSITY WINTER SOLSTICE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(OUTATC," W/m^2");
NEW LINE(OUTATC,2);
PUT(OUTATC, "Solar Intensity Summer Solstice");
SET COL(OUTATC,55);
PUT(OUTATC, SOLAR_INTENSITY_SUMMER_SOLSTICE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(OUTATC, W/m^2");
NEW LINE(OUTATC,2);
PUT(OUTATC, "Solar Intensity Vernal Equinox");
SET COL(OUTATC.55);
PUT(OUTATC, SOLAR INTENSITY VERNAL EQUINOX, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
PUT(OUTATC, W/m^2");
NEW LINE(OUTATC,2);
PUT(OUTATC, "Solar Intensity Autumnal Equinox");
SET COL(OUTATC,55);
PUT(OUTATC, SOLAR_INTENSITY AUTUMNAL EQUINOX, FORE = >4, AFT = >2. EXP = >0);
PUT(OUTATC, W/m^2");
```

```
NEW LINE(OUTATC,2);
 PUT(OUTATC, "Cell Efficiency");
 SET COL(OUTATC,55);
 PUT(OUTATC, CELL EFFICIENCY, FORE = >2, AFT = >4, EXP = >0);
 NEW LINE(OUTATC,2);
 PUT(OUTATC, "Packing Factor");
 SET COL(OUTATC,55);
 PUT(OUTATC, PACKING FACTOR, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
 NEW LINE(OUTATC,2);
 PUT(OUTATC, "Average Solar Cell Absorbtance");
 SET_COL(OUTATC,55);
 PUT(OUTATC, AVG SOLAR CELL ABSORBTANCE, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
  VIDEO.CLEAR SCREEN;
  EFFECTIVE_SOLAR_CELL_ABSORBTANCE: = AVG_SOLAR_CELL_ABSORBTANCE
                              -PACKING_FACTOR*CELL_EFFICIENCY;
  NEW LINE(2);
  PUT("Effective Solar Cell Absorbtance is ");
  NEW LINE(3);
  SET COL(55);
  PUT(EFFECTIVE SOLAR CELL ABSORBTANCE, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
  NEW LINE(OUTATC,2);
  PUT(OUTATC, "Effective Solar Cell Absorbtance is ");
  SET COL(OUTATC,55);
  PUT(OUTATC, EFFECTIVE SOLAR CELL ABSORBTANCE, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
if DRUM SPINNER = FALSE then
  NEW LINE(4);
  PUT("Please enter the FRONT solar cell array area in meters squared ");
  NEW LINE(3);
  GET_DATA(FRONT_ARRAY_AREA);
  NEW LINE(3);
  PUT("Front Array Area is ");
  set col(55);
  PUT(FRONT_ARRAY_AREA,FORE = > 3,AFT = > 3,EXP = > 0);
  PUT(" m^2");
  NEW LINE(4);
  PUT("Please enter the BACK solar cell array area in meters squared ");
  NEW LINE(3);
  GET DATA(BACK ARRAY AREA);
  VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
  NEW LINE(3);
  PUT("Front Array Area is ");
```

```
set col(55);
PUT(FRONT ARRAY AREA, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 3, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" m^2");
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Back Array Area is ");
set col(55);
PUT(BACK ARRAY AREA, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 3, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" m^2");
NEW LINE(5);
STOP;
WINTER SOLSTICE_OPERATING_TEMPERATURE: = ((EFFECTIVE SOLAR CELL ABSORBTANCE
  *FRONT ARRAY AREA
  *SOLAR INTENSITY WINTER SOLSTICE
  *COS(SOLAR ASPECT_COEFFICIENT SOLSTICE*PI/180.0))
  /((CELL_EMITTANCE_FRONT*FRONT_ARRAY_AREA+CELL_EMITTANCE_BACK
  *BACK ARRAY AREA)*STEFAN BOLTZMANN))**0.25;
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Winter Solstice Operating Temperature is ");
SET COL(55);
PUT(WINTER_SOLSTICE_OPERATING_TEMPERATURE, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
PUT(" deg kelvin");
SUMMER SOLSTICE OPERATING TEMPERATURE:=((EFFECTIVE SOLAR CELL ABSORBTANCE
  *FRONT ARRAY AREA
  *SOLAR INTENSITY SUMMER SOLSTICE
  *COS(SOLAR_ASPECT_COEFFICIENT_SOLSTICE*PI/180.0)) -- 0.0 degrees = 1.0
  /((CELL EMITTANCE FRONT*FRONT ARRAY AREA+CELL EMITTANCE BACK
  *BACK ARRAY AREA)*STEFAN BOLTZMANN))**0.25;
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Summer Solstice Operating Temperature is ");
SET COL(55);
PUT(SUMMER SOLSTICE OPERATING TEMPERATURE, FORE = >2, AFT = >4, EXP = >0):
PUT(" deg kelvin");
VERNAL EQUINOX OPERATING TEMPERATURE: = ((EFFECTIVE SOLAR CELL ABSORBTANCE
  *FRONT ARRAY AREA
  *SOLAR INTENSITY VERNAL EQUINOX
  *COS(SOLAR_ASPECT_COEFFICIENT_EQUINOX*PI/180.0)) -- 0.0 degrees = 1.0
  /((CELL EMITTANCE FRONT*FRONT ARRAY AREA+CELL EMITTANCE BACK
  *BACK ARRAY AREA)*STEFAN BOLTZMANN))**0.25;
NEW LINE(2);
PUT("Vernal Equinox Operating Temperature is ");
SET COL(55);
PUT(VERNAL EQUINOX OPERATING TEMPERATURE, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
```

```
PUT(" deg kelvin");
AUTUMNAL EQUINOX_OPERATING TEMPERATURE:=((EFFECTIVE SOLAR CELL_ABSORBTANC
   *FRONT_ARRAY_AREA
   *SOLAR INTENSITY AUTUMNAL EQUINOX
   *COS(SOLAR_ASPECT_COEFFICIENT_EQUINOX*PI/180.0)) -- 0.0 degrees = 1.0
   /((CELL EMITTANCE FRONT*FRONT ARRAY AREA+CELL EMITTANCE BACK
   *BACK ARRAY AREA)*STEFAN BOLTZMANN))**0.25;
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("Autumnal Equinox Operating Temperature is ");
 SET COL(55);
 PUT(AUTUMNAL EQUINOX OPERATING TEMPERATURE, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" deg kelvin");
 NEW LINE(4);
else
 -- AREA FOR A SPIN STABILIZED SPACECRAFT
 NEW LINE(2);
 PUT("Please enter the FRONT solar cell array area in meters squared ");
 NEW LINE(4);
 GET_DATA(FRONT_ARRAY_AREA);
 NEW LINE(3);
 PUT("Front Array Area is ");
 PUT(FRONT ARRAY AREA, FORE = > 3, AFT = > 3, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" m^2");
  VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
  WINTER SOLSTICE OPERATING TEMPERATURE: = ((EFFECTIVE SOLAR CELL ABSORBTANCE
    *SOLAR INTENSITY WINTER SOLSTICE
    *COS(SOLAR ASPECT COEFFICIENT SOLSTICE*PI/180.0))
   /(CELL EMITTANCE FRONT*PI*STEFAN BOLTZMANN))**0.25;
  NEW LINE(2);
  PUT("Winter Solstice Operating Temperature is "\"
  SET COL(55);
  PUT(WINTER\_SOLSTICE\_OPERATING\_TEMPERATURE, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
  PUT(" deg kelvin");
  SUMMER SOLSTICE OPERATING TEMPERATURE:=((EFFECTIVE SOLAR CELL ABSORFTANCE
    *SOLAR INTENSITY SUMMER SOLSTICE
    *COS(SOLAR ASPECT COEFFICIENT SOLSTICE*PI/180.0)) -- 0.0 degrees = 1.0
    /(CELL EMITTANCE FRONT*PI*STEFAN BOLTZMANN))**0.25;
  NEW_LINE(2);
```

```
PUT("Summer Solstice Operating Temperature is ");
 SET COL(55):
 PUT(SUMMER SOLSTICE OPERATING TEMPERATURE, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" deg kelvin");
 VERNAL EQUINOX OPERATING TEMPERATURE:=((EFFECTIVE SOLAR CELL ABSORBTANCE
   *SOLAR_INTENSITY_VERNAL EQUINOX
   *COS(SOLAR ASPECT COEFFICIENT EQUINOX*PI/180.0)) -- 0.0 degrees = 1.0
   /(CELL EMITTANCE FRONT*PI*STEFAN BOLTZMANN))**0.25;
 NEW LINE(2):
 PUT("Vernal Equinox Operating Temperature is ");
 SET COL(55);
 PUT(VERNAL\_EQUINOX\_OPERATING\_TEMPERATURE,FORE = > 2,AFT = > 4,EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" deg kelvin");
AUTUMNAL EQUINOX OPERATING TEMPERATURE:=((EFFECTIVE SOLAR CELL ABSORBTANC
   *SOLAR INTENSITY AUTUMNAL EQUINOX
   *COS(SOLAR_ASPECT_COEFFICIENT_EQUINOX*PI/180.0)) -- 0.0 degrees = 1.0
   /(CELL EMITTANCE FRONT*PI*STEFAN BOLTZMANN))**0.25;
 NEW LINE(2):
 PUT("Autumnal Equinox Operating Temperature is ");
 SET COL(55);
 PUT(AUTUMNAL EQUINOX OPERATING TEMPERATURE, FORE = > 2, AFT = > 4, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(" deg kelvin");
 NEW LINE(3);
end if:
 NEW LINE(OUTATC,2);
 PUT(OUTATC, "Front Array Area is ");
 set col(OUTATC,55);
 PUT(OUTATC, FRONT ARRAY AREA, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
 PUT(OUTATC, m^2");
 NEW LINE(OUTATC.2);
 PUT(OUTATC, "Back Array Area is ");
  set col(OUTATC,55);
 PUT(OUTATC, BACK ARRAY AREA, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
  PUT(OUTATC, m^2");
  NEW LINE(OUTATC,2);
  PUT(OUTATC, "Winter Solstice Operating Temperature is ");
  SET COL(OUTATC.55):
  PUT(OUTATC, WINTER_SOLSTICE_OPERATING_TEMPERATURE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0);
  PUT(OUTATC, deg kelvin);
  NEW LINE(OUTATC,2);
  PUT(OUTATC, "Summer Solstice Operating Temperature is ");
  SET_COL(OUTATC,55);
```

```
PUT(OUTATC,SUMMER\_SOLSTICE\_OPERATING\_TEMPERATURE,FORE = > 4,AFT = > 2,EXP = > 0);
 PUT(OUTATC, deg kelvin);
 NEW LINE(OUTATC,2);
 PUT(OUTATC, "Vernal Equinox Operating Temperature is ");
 SET COL(OUTATC,55);
 PUT(OUTATC, VERNAL\_EQUINOX\_OPERATING\_TEMPERATURE, FORE = > 4, AFT = > 2, EXP = > 0);
 PUT(OUTATC, deg kelvin);
 NEW LINE(OUTATC,2);
 PUT(OUTATC, "Autumnal Equinox Operating Temperature is ");
 SET COL(OUTATC,55);
PUT(OUTATC, AUTUMNAL EQUINOX OPERATING TEMPERATURE, FORE = >4, AFT = >2, EXP = >0)
 PUT(OUTATC, deg kelvin);
end SOLAR ARRAY TEMPERATURE;
begin
 CREATE(OUTATC,NAME = > "ARRAYTC.DAT");
 PRINT HEADER;
                       (DRUM_SPINNER);
 DUAL SPIN
 SOLAR_ARRAY_TEMPERATURE (DRUM SPINNER);
 CLOSE(OUTATC);
 STOP;
  NEW LINE(2);
  PUT LINE("DATA FOR THIS DESIGN RUN IS LOCATED IN THE FOLLOWING FILE");
  NEW LINE(2);
  PUT LINE(*
                        ARRAYTC.DAT ");
  NEW LINE(2);
  PUT LINE("TO KEEP DATA FROM BEING ERASED ON NEXT RUN");
  PUT_LINE("USE DOS COMMAND REN (RENAME) ");
  NEW_LINE(2);
  PUT LINE("EXAMPLE - REN ARRAYTC.DAT ARRAYTC.INI");
  PUT LINE("The .INI could be your initials");
end ARRAY THERMAL CONTROL;
```

E. UTILITY SUBPROGRAMS

```
-- Title
            : GET DATA
-- Author
            : David Lashbrook
-- Date
             : 15 February 1992
             . 30 March 1992
-- Revised
-- Compiler
              : OPENADA EXT
-- Description : Package gets data for floats, integers, characters
package GETDATA is
  procedure GET_DATA(X : out FLOAT);
 procedure GET_INTEGER(I : out INTEGER);
 procedure STOP;
 procedure GET_CHARACTER(CHAR: out CHARACTER);
end GETDATA;
-- Author
             : David Lashbrook
-- Date
             : 15 February 1992
-- Revised
             : 30 March 1992
- Compiler
             : OPENADA EXT
-- Description : Package Body gets data for floats, integers, characters
with TEXT_IO, MATH_LIB, VIDEO;
use TEXT IO;
package body GETDATA is
  package FLOAT_INOUT is new FLOAT_IO(FLOAT);
        FLOAT_INOUT;
  package INTEGER INOUT is new INTEGER IO(INTEGER);
  use INTEGER INOUT;
  X
                    : FLOAT ;
  CHAR
                      : CHARACTER :
  I
                   : INTEGER;
procedure GET_DATA(X : out FLOA1) is
  begin
   loop
    begin
        SET COL(10);
        PUT_LINE("Enter the value as a real number with a decimal point");
        SET COL(15);
        PUT_LINE("(Depress CTRL^C to exit the program.)");
```

```
SET COL(10);
        GET(X);
        SKIP_LINE;
        exit;
    exception
        when DATA\_ERROR = >
         SKIP_LINE;
         NEW LINE;
         SET COL(10);
         PUT_LINE("Error.. You must enter the value as a real");
         SET_COL(10);
         PUT LINE("number with a decimal point. ie 123.4");
         SET_COL(10);
         PUT LINE("Try again.");
         NEW_LINE;
       end;
  end loop;
end GET_DATA;
-- Reads an integer input from the keyboard
procedure GET_INTEGER(I : out INTEGER) is
begin
 loop
        begin
         NEW LINE(1);
         SET COL(10);
         PUT_LINE("Enter the value as an integer");
         PUT_LINE("(Depress CTRL^C to exit the program.)");
         SET COL(10);
         GET(I);
         SKIP_LINE(1);
         exit;
        exception
         when DATA\_ERROR = >
           SKIP_LINE;
           NEW_LINE;
           SET_COL(10);
           PUT LINE("Error.. You must enter the value as a INTEGER");
           SET COL(10);
           PUT LINE(" NO! decimal point. ie 123 ");
           SET COL(10);
           PUT_LINE(" Please try again.");
           NEW_LINE;
        end;
  end loop;
end GET_INTEGER;
procedure STOP is
Ν
     : INTEGER;
begin
```

```
SET_COL(10);
  PUT("TO CONTINUE ENTER ANY INTEGER");
 GET_INTEGER(N);
  VIDEO.CLEAR_SCREEN;
end STOP;
procedure GET CHARACTER(CHAR: out CHARACTER) is
begin
  loop
        begin
         SET COL(10);
         PUT_LINE("Enter 'Y' for YES or ");
         NEW_LINE(1);
         SET_COL(10);
                         'N' for NO");
         PUT_LINE("
         SET COL(15);
         PUT_LINE("(Depress CTRL^C to exit the program.)");
         SET_COL(10);
         GET(CHAR);
         SKIP_LINE;
         exit;
        exception
         when DATA_ERROR =>
         SKIP LINE;
         NEW_LINE;
          SET COL(10);
         PUT_LINE("Error.. You must enter character");
          SET COL(10);
          PUT_LINE("Try again.");
          NEW LINE;
        end;
  end loop;
end GET_CHARACTER;
```

end GETDATA;

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